Business Summary

Page 13
WALL STREET: By 2pm the
Dow Jones industrial average
was up 25.69 at 2,004.14. Page

LONDON: Optimism over prospects for the UK economy overcame disappointment over Novembner's trade figures to lift

1400

1340 al-time high 1925_2 (16,7,87) O Days Close

14 December 1987 -23

equities. The FT-SE 100 index ended 240 higher at 1,771.4 and the FT Ordinary index rose 6.5 to 1,415.4 Details Page 26

TOKYO: Pension funds continued their sell-off, dragging prices lower in thin volume. The Nikkei average ended 47.17 lower at 22,693.85 after tumbling

116 points earlier in the day.

Page 30 UNILEVER, consumer prod-

systems posted a worldwise sate sincrease of only 9.5 per cent to \$4.4bn in 1987, according to mar-ket research. The 1986 increase was 14.1 per cent. Page 8 EUROPEAN COMMISSION warned 13 leading sirlines that

they must scrap restrictive route sharing practices by January 1 or face the consequences of tough new air liberalisation

JAPANESE Government and business leaders reacted angrily to news that the US plans to bar

Japanese construction companies from public works projects and to ban Toshiba products at US

GENERAL MOTORS cars sales and production in Western

Europe rose last year, despite a sales downturn for GM's Vaux-

TAIWAN'S Securities
Exchange Commission has
ordered Da Shing Stock Broker,
one of the country's largest brokerage houses, to suspend trading after a client had defaulted
on loans of \$26.8m. Page 15

AVIS EUEOPE, car rental and lessing group, is to pay \$17.5m to buy Forward Trust's, a subsid-iary of Midland Bank in the UK,

50 per cent holding in the com-

panies' contract hire joint ven-ture, Avis Car Leasing. Page 17

GENERALI, Italy's largest insurance group, has acquired 76 per cent of Geneva-based Union

Suisse Assurances as part of the Italian group's strategy of inter-

nationalising its operations.

hall subsidiary in the UK.

military bases. Page 4

FT index Ordinary Share (hourly

movements)

merger

World News

Sinhalese Braniff gunmen kill pulls out ruling party of Pan Am

Sinhalese extremists shot and killed the chairman of President Junius Jayewardene's United National Party and three other people yesterday.

Harsha Abeywardene, his driver, a bodyguard and another aide were killed when at least 21 builets were fired at their Korean-made car. Page 12

BRANIFF, US airline company owned by the Prizzker family of Chicago, has formally dropped its offer to merge with Pan American World Airways after a disagreement among Pan Am's cuicons over labour concessions.

Page 13

WALL STREET: By 2pm the Dow Jones industrial average was up 25.69 at 2004 14. Page

chairman

Airliner hijacked A Dutch airline KLM Boeing 737 with 91 passengers on board was hijacked on a flight from Amsterdam and landed at Rome's Fiumicino airport.

Kidnappers get \$6m Kidnappers freed the teenaged son and daughter of a West German drugstore tycoon, Anton Schiecker, after he paid a DM10m (86m) ransom.

Taipei braced The Taiwan Government is bracing itself for a demonstration by the opposition Democratic Pro-gressive Party tomorrow – Con-stitution Day, Page 4

Ultimatum to airlines The European Commission has terday warned 13 leading airlines that they must scrap restrictive route-sharing practices by January 1 or face the consequences of tough new air liberalisation rules. Page 12

Spycatcher snatch New Zealand's stock of 1,500 copies of Spycatcher, the book the British Government tried to

have suppressed, were sold within five minutes after the Supreme Court cleared the way for distribution of the book. Afghan offensive

launched an offensive against Moslem rebels in an attempt to lift the siege of Khost. Page 4 Snow shortage

The Soviet Union confirmed that

Afghan Government troops had

A lack of snow in Swiss alpine resorts has forced many ski-lifts to close, the Swiss national tour-ism office said.

Syrian alliance The strategic alliance between Syria and Iran appears to be alive and well, despite Arab attempts to lure Damascus into changing sides in the Gulf war.

Bangladeshi cabinet President Hussain Mohammad Ershad of Bangladesh is expec-ted to dissolve his cabinet soon

and appoint a smaller council of ministers. Page 4

Asylum request A missing Soviet eclentist is in the Australian High Commission (Embassy) in New Delhi and is seeking political asylum.

Peru bomb blast Marxist guerriliss exploded a bomb in a car outside Peru's cen-tral bank in Lima but there were

Alitalia cancellations The Italian sirline Alitalia and its subsidiary ATI said they would cancel about 50 flights a day for the next fortnight because strike action had

delayed essential maintenance work on aircraft.

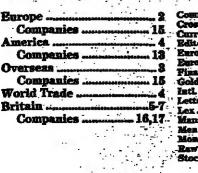
Koivisto tops poll President Mauno Koivisto seems certain to win a further six-year term at next month's presiden-tial elections in Finland after an opinion pall showed he had the support of 55 per cent of voters.

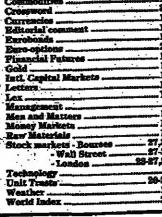
D. D. D. D. D. D. D. Financial Times

The Financial Times wishes its readers, advertisers and distributors a happy Christ-mas. The Financial Times will not be published tomorrow, December 26 or 28. It will be published again on Tuesday, December 29.

20.20.20.20.20. Page 15.

1.3





statement did not prevent BP

ZIMBABWE BY TRIBAL ARITHMETIC

takeover.

BP responded quickly by welcoming the ruling that its offer of 450p a share could go forward. Britoil's management appeared Although it is seeking further less than enthusiastic about the talks with the Government and bid. It issued a statement noting with Britoil, there was little doubt yesterday that BP's offer Richfield of the US had increased its stake in Britoil to 20.4 per cent.

Sir Peter Walters, the chairman, said the Government's statement did not prevent BP earlier this month with a \$225m.

Prime Minister Robert Mugabe, ready to move into the future 'hand in hand' with Zapu, Page 12

Afghanistan: Moscow fights to keep Afghan footholds ... Management: Exploiting all sorts of Innovation: Why UK inventiveness is left. in the dark Editorial comment: G7 offers a trinket: Not just one foundation ... Christmas in Japan: A yen to spend and

from seeking to gain 100 per cent: "dawn raid" on Britoil's shares at of the share capital; and he 300p a share, Britoil and Arco issued a covert warning that reached an agreement which ministers should not expect to would have given the US oil use the golden share for spoiling major 20 per cent of Britoil's agriculture agricult

Church debate: Following the elusive liberal star ... Lex: Markets; BP/Britoil; Chase Property; South Africa

European Commission: Ministers stoke

LEADING NATIONS BACK AWAY FROM SPECIFIC ACTION TO SUPPORT US CURRENCY

G7 pledge to avoid significant shifts in value of dollar

nations said yesterday that they hoped to avoid any further significant shifts in the dollar's value, but left financial markets guessing as to extent to which they would co-operate to prop up

they would co-operate to prop up the US currency. In a lengthy joint statement the Group re-emphasised their common interest in more stable exchange rates. They pledged close co-operation in implementing policies to strengthen the economic fundamentals which provid undernic current stabil. would underpin currency stabil-

The seven - the US, Japan, West Germany, France, Britain, Italy and Canada - backed away, however, from any specific commitment to joint action to support the dollar. They dropped a key phrase in last February's Louvre accord which had asserted that the dollar's fall since 1985 had brought exchange rates into line with

underlying economic conditions. Senior officials involved in drafting the statement said that the new wording marked a compromise between the US and its partners. While the European nations and Japan had sought a firm pledge on dollar stability. Washington insisted that it

Page 2: Fall text of G7 statement. US economists react sceptically and warn that dollar will stay weak. The UK Chancellor of the Exchequer hails "internation." Exchequer halls "interna-tional co-operation," while France maintains pressure to cut taxes on an unenthu-siastic Bonn. West German bankers say currencies will become more stable. Japan stays unruffled and passes 1988 budget with public spending unchanged.

commitment to defend its currates to support the nound the recent strong growth rate in recession, also explained the its economy.

Neither the US nor its partners outline any new formal meeting. Several minis-ters repeated yesterday that no policy measures to be imple-such gathering is at present mented over the next lew

released following President yesterday that there was still not package of manufactures are not consensus among the consensus reagan's decision to sign a \$76bn a consensus among the seven on package of measures to reduce an appropriate level for the dolthe US budget deficit, focuses on lar's value. They stressed, however, that there was an agree-eliminate large international payments imbalances.

assessment of progress so far towards cutting the huge US trade deficit and the surpluses of Japan and West Germany: "The policies which have been implepolicies which have been implemented this year are gradually showing their intended effects. In particular, the balance between domestic demand and output in the United States and in Japan and the Federal Republic of Germany has shifted in a direction which promotes external adjustment."

The US deficit-cutting package, recent expansionary measures taken in West Germany and the Europe-wide cut in That difference, reflecting US further step in the right direction. At the same time, Japan rates to support the dollar it has pledged itself to maintain the could take the same time, Japan has pledged itself to maintain

US predicts slowdown in UNILEVER, consumer products group, is selling its Thames Board business to Iggesund, Swedish forest products company, for \$50m (\$148.4m), marking the end of Unilever's involvement in the UK paper and packaging industry. Page 13 DOLLAR closed in London at DM1.6360 (DM1.6285), FF15.5325 (FF15.5050), SF71.3235), and Y126.76 (Y126.60). Page 19 STERLING closed in London at 51.8235 (1.8245). Y231.25 (Y231.75), DM2.9850 (DM2.9806), FF10.0975 (FF10.0975) and SF72.4250 (SF72.4225). Page 19 B.F.GOODRICH, long established Ohio-based type company to its joint venture with the Uniroyal Goodrich Tyre Company to Closetas & Duildies. Name Voil Seven industrial countries (GT) both growth and inflation

ment issued by the Group of Seven industrial countries (G7) implied a willingness by the US royal Goodrich Tyre Company to Clayton & Dublier, New York-based investment company to raise interest raies to defend the dollar. which specialises in manage-ment buyouts, for \$225m. Page

"I have read it carefully, there is no such statement", he said of the G7 communique. "There is nel owned by Mr Rupert Mur-doch, has made its first signifialso no statement about main-taining the dollar around present levels. There is a statement about cant advance into eastern Europe after its launch on seven cable television networks in monetary policy's role in provid-ing liquidity growth for the economy in the year shead." Releasing the economic fore-casts which will underpin the Hungary Page 7
COMPUTER-aided design manufacturing and engineering systems posted a worldwide sale

President's 1989 budget message to Congress, to be presented early next year, Mr Sprinkel said

BY MAX WILKINSON, RESOURCES EDITOR

THE WAY was cleared yesterday for a battle of wills between Brit-

ish Petroleum and the UK Gov-ernment over the future of Bri-

toil, the UK independent oil

toil, the UK independent oil company.

The takeover panel, the referee for City of London transactions, ruled that BP should be allowed to go shead with its \$2.27hn bid for Britoil even though the Government says it will use its special voting rights to prevent any bidder from winning control.

After the panel's ruling, the Treasury repeated that it would use the so-called "golden share" to prevent a transfer of control. This share, created when Britoil

This share, created when Britoll was privatised in 1982, gives the Government a majority of shareholders' votes in the event of a

forecasting slower economic real growth to slow to 2.4 per decline in the rate of growth, lower inflation and interest rates and an easier Fedural Reserve monetary policy for 1987, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1987, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1987, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the Exchequer, 1988, real growth is expected to Champellor of the decline in the rate of growth.

employment since the current economic upswing began. Consumer price inflation is expected to slow from 4.7 per

expected to slow from A.7 per cent to 4.3 per cent, although inflation measured by the gross national product deflator is proj-ected to rise from 3.5 per cent to

3.9 per cent.
Explaining the assumptions underlying the new projections, Mr. Sprinkel said that about 1 percentage point of the 2.4 per cent increase in GNP was anticipated. pated from an improvement in the real trade balance. Domestic consumption, he said was expected to slow and

over the future of Britoil

Way cleared for battle of wills

"If BP is successful with the offer, the Britoil board will have

a responsibility to run the com-pany constructively, he said. BP appears to be calculating

that the Government would not dare to challenge the interests of a major new shareholder pro-vided its behaviour were seen to

be reasonable. It has therefore said that it would maintain Bri-

toil's Glasgow headquarters building as a centre for the whole of an enlarged BP's North Sea operations. It has also indi-

cated that it would not wish to

earlier this month with a \$225m

this accounted for most of the

singlesting that the 67 statement implied a willingness by the US to raise interest rates to defend the dollar, Mr Sprinkel replied: "I don't want to take an argument with my friend the Chancellor but I have read the statement very carefully and several times.
It is very clear that the main thrust of the statement was the dedication of the seven nations

to continue to pursue co-ordi-nated policies which would encourage adjustment of interna-tional imbalances and work towards greater exchange-rate

while conceding that the G7 statement might imply a willingness to intervene in the foreign exchanges from time to time, Mr Sprinkel added: The clear thrust was to create conditions which will bring greater stability in exchange markets."

major 20 per cent of Britoil's equity in exchange for Arco's oil assets outside America. Arco said it intended also to build up an

additional 29.9 per cent stake

Arco is now expected to await the formal issue of BP's offer document early in the New Year before deciding its next move. Although Arco has said it would

consider mounting an all-out bid. it remains to be seen whether it would be prepared to offer a direct challenge to the wishes of

In its detailed ruling published

yesterday, the Takeover Panel said BP's offer should be allowed

to go ahead so that ordinary

shareholders could consider the BP move on its merits. It said the

circumstances were highly

any light yesterday on the details of how the special share might be used in the event of a

through purchases.

the UK Government.

Markets greet G7 pledge with scepticism

CURRENCY markets reacted with scepticism and suprise to the statement issued by the Group of Seven industrial nations yesterday morning which pledged their commitment to co-ordinated economic

co-ordinated exchange policies and stable exchange rates.

The dollar firmed slightly during extremely quiet and thin pre-Christmas trading. Dealers and analysts said, however, that this did not indicate any change to the market's bearish attitude to

market's ocarism attitude to the US currency. Analysts and currency traders with major UK banks and international securities houses said the G7 statement appeared to offer the dollar little sup-

port. No new initiatives were proposed and there was no specific reference to the

specific reference to the maintenance of currencies at present levels.

Although yesterday's statement appeared to offer little, not all were prepared to say the dollar would face a heavy bout of selling in the New Year. Currency traders said if the US trade figures improve, sentiment towards the dollar might change.

change.
"People have neutral dol-lar positions at present and it is very difficult to tell how the market will trade in the New Year," one dealer with a big UK clear-ing bank said.

ing bank said.

Some expressed suprise that G? leaders had chosen to make a statement now. There was barely any trading in foreign exchange markets at this time of the year and it could have had more impact had it been released early in the New Year, they said. Analysts said, however, that there was little the G?

governments could have said, given the likelihood of a political vacuum develop-ing in Washington before the 1988 presidential elec-tions and the outlook for account deficits.
Mr George Magnus, of
Warburg Securities, said:
"Even if we see an improve-

ment in the US trade defi-cit, this will be offset by the deterioration in their net invisible earnings."

In London, the dollar closed at DM1.6360, compared with DM1.6285 on

Tuesday and at Y126.75, compared with Y126.60. Markets, Page 30

UN censure over riots angers Israel

ISRAEL yesterday firmly rejected the UN Security Coun-cil's censure of its handling of disturbances in the occupied

disturbances in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, and protested against Washington's failure to veto the resolution on Tuesday night.

A statement from the Foreign Ministry warned that criticism from the US and other countries might be interpreted as support for violent Palestinian extremists who, it said, were trying to undermine efforts to bring about a nesotiated peace.

a negotiated peace.

Meanwhile, the office of Mr
Yitzhak Shamir, the Prime Minister, delivered a sharply worded
message to Mr Thomas Pickering, the US ambassador, complaining that a White House statement on Tuesday con-demned Israel and Palestinian rioters in equal measure.

"There is no foundation or justification for blaming Israel," the Foreign Ministry statement said. Ministers were irked by President Ronald Reagan's rebuke to Israel and by the American abstention in the United Nations Security Council vote — a rare implicit censure of Israel by its ally. However, they insisted that Israel would not be deterred from using whatever force it judged necessary to restore order in the occupied territories.

A special meeting of the 10-man inner cabinet endorsed the

tough measures taken so far and authorised the security forces to continue along the same lines.
Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Defence
Minister, later told the Knesset,
Israel's parliament, that the Government was determined to put down the disturbances by whatever means necessary, even it that damaged Israel's image abroad. He believed the damage would be short-lived. Mr Rabin, who has fostered an even harsher policy since his return from the US at the week-

return from the US at the west-end, said that the West Bank towns of Hebron, Ramallah and Nablus would not be allowed to degenerate into Lebanese-style

The chiefs of the Central and The chiefs of the Central and Southern Commands, whose areas cover the West Bank and Gaza, respectively, would be given a free hand to detain or expel trouble-makers within the limits of the law. Mr Rabin said that non-lethal means would be used first to suell site but if used first to quell riots, but if teargas and rubber bullets were not enough and soldiers' lives were in danger, they were authorised to open fire with live

For the time being at least, the new tougher strategy seems to be having an effect. Infantry patrols have been reinforced,

Continued on Page 12

Banks sign \$4.5bn deal with Brazil

BRAZIL and its main bank creditors have completed a \$4.5hn interim finance package which will clear the way for the country to make the first interest payments to creditor banks on medium and long-term debt since it declared an interest mornium in February.

The deal has been completed despite the resignation earlier this week of Mr Luiz Carlos Bresser Pereira, the Brazilian However, the second part of the deal is dependent, according to the banks, on Brazil keeping turrent on interest payments and on it reaching an accord with the International Monetary Fund.

This has been thrown further into doubt by Mr Bresser Pereirates as resignation, as has the progression Brazil's negotiations with the banks on a medium-term fin-

ser Pereira, the Brazilian the banks on a medium-term fin-Finance Minister, following a ancing plan, which will resume deep disagreement with Presi-dent Jose Samey over a new fis-The first drawdown on the

banks will provide \$3bn in two parts, the first tranche for \$1bn being disbursed over the next month and the remainder in

The first element of the finan- in January. cing was not vulnerable to Mr

Bresser Pereira's resignation, should allow US regulators to since the banks will receive more in interest than they pay out to loans in bank portfolios.

dent Jose Sarney over a new fiscal package.

The agreement, signed by 114
banks, is designed to bring Brazil
banks, is designed to bring Brazil
up to date on its interest payments on the ments for 1987, it envisages the medium and long-term debt for October. November and the first this will come from Brazil's reserves. The remainder of the December interest will be repaid



With best wishes for Christmas and the New Year from The Sunday Telegraph's "Unit Trust Group of the Year"



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Markets likely to challenge dollar

AN absence of new policy pledges to ease global eco-nomic strains makes it only a matter of time before the foreign exchange market challenges the Group of Seven's renewed determina-tion to defend the dollar,

us dealers and economists said yesterday, Reuter reports from Washington.
"It seems to me that they declared victory and went home," Mr Steve Cerler, foreign exchange analyst at dealers McCarthy Crisanti and Maffei, said of the G7

communique.
"One had (US) trade number could just demolish this communique completely,"
Mr Cerier said.

Few analysts had expected the dollar to rise much if at all in the foreseeable future because of the huge US trade deficit, which is almost certain this year to es the 1986 record of

But the G7 warning is likely to deter any investors who had been thinking of buying dollars. "If they're threatening us with the risks of a higher dollar, who's going to buy?" one New York trader asked.

Weshington's willingspace.

Washington's willingness to seek stable exchange to seek stable exchange in policy by the US, which sacrificed the dollar after October's stock market crash rather than keep interestrates high and risk

a recession.

But the G7 communique suggested that the Reagan Administration would be mawilling to raise interest rates in the election year that lies abead. The group said central banks should aim for strong economic aim for strong economic growth by making sure busi-nesses and consumers have no difficulty borrowing

commitments to reduce its budget deficit beyond the \$76ba in savings contained in the legislation that Presi-dent Reagan signed on

Reagan Administration officials are confident that the new agreement will work because they believe work because they believe, despite the market's scepticism, that significant policy adjustments have been made this year.

FULL TEXT OF GROUP OF SEVEN STATEMENT

G7 calls for further action on imbalances

Central Bank Governors of seven major industrial countries have conducted close consultations in recent weeks on their economic recent weeks on their economic policies and prospects in thelight of developments in financial markets. They reaffirmed their conviction that the basic objectives and economic policy directions agreed in the Louvre Accord remain valid and provide for positive development of the world economy. They will continue to carry forward their economic policy co-ordination efforts in 1988 under the arrangements endorsed at the Venice Summit.

2. The Ministers and Governors re-emphasised their view that the major external imbalances in the major external imbalances in the world economy must be cor-rected. The policies which have been implemented this year are gradually showing the intended effects. In particular, the balance between domestic demand and output in the United States and in Japan and West Germany has shifted in a direction which promotes external adjustment and

motes external adjustment and in volume terms their trade imbalances are diminishing. The greater stability of exchange rates achieved for much of the past year, following the earlier substantial exchange rate changes over the past few weeks, however, stress the need to strengthen underlying economic fundamentals and to con-

tinue policy co-operation.
3. Developments in stock markets since mid-October may have some adverse effect on prospects for economic growth for the industrialised countries as a group. The ministers and governors believe, however, that with sound economic policies and effective co-ordination the rate of growth should be substantial. To this end they agreed that appropriate policies for strength-ening non-inflationary growth in

their countries are necessary.

4. Accordingly, the ministers and governors agreed to intensify their economic policy co-ordination efforts. Their common efforts are directed towards reducing external imbalances. In particular, the United States has particular, the United States has secured Congressional action to implement the agreement between the President and the bipartisan Congressional Leadership on a two-year package of additional budget savings that will reinforce progress in reducing the budget deficit.

Japan has implemented a major attinulus programme to

major stimulus programme to strengthen domestic demand and will see to it that in the FY 1988 major stimulus programme to other countries, particularly strengthen domestic demand and will see to it that in the FY 1988 expressed particularly serious budget the expenditure for general public works will not be less



James Baker

seek to offset the budget revenue losses arising from recent developments. There have also been co-ordinated reductions in interest rates in Europe which should contribute to the expansion of domestic demand and reduce

trade imbalances. The specific policy intentions and undertakings by each country are set forth in the annex to this state-

ment.
5. The ministers and governors

are of the view that the recent monetary policy decisions and the reduction of interest rates in

some countries were appropriate and will contribute to a restora-

tion of stability to financial mar-tices. They agreed that monetary policies should continue to achieve strong economic growth in the context of price stability as well as to foster financial mar-

et stability.

6. The ministers and governors

strongly rejected protectionist measures as a means of dealing

messures as a means of dealing with present imbalances. Protectionism constitutes a direct and seriousdanger to world prosperity and equilibrium and would have harmful consequences for those countries which resort to it. They reaffirmed their determination to fight protectionism and to promote an open world trading system.

trading system.
7. The ministers and governors

believe that the reduction of

world trading imbalances requires co-operative action by



Nigel Lawson

the strong competitive position

the strong competitive position of their economies.

8. The ministers and governors agreed that either excessive finctuation of exchange rates, a further decline of the dollar, or a rise in the dollar to an extent that becomes destabilising to the adjustment process, could be counter-productive by damaging growth prospects in the world economy.

They re-emphasised their common interest in more stable exchange rates among their currencies and agreed to continue to co-operate closely in monitoring and implementing policies to strengthen underlying economic fundamentals to foster stability of exchange rates. In addition, they agreed to co-operate closely on exchange markets.

The ministers and governors

The ministers and governors stressed the need for consistent

The ministers and governors stressed the need for consistent and mutually supportive policles and believe that the measures being taken will accelerate progress towards the increased, more balanced economic growth, and sustainable external positions necessary for greater exchange rate stability.

Annex: Policy Intentions and Undertakings

Canada: The Government's fiscal strategy has succeeded in

than that for the FY 1987 budget to take adequate action to deal including the July supplemental. West Germany is supplement surpluses which are exacerbating ing the previously announced global imbalances and fostering

ing the previously announced global impalances and rostering increase in tax reductions in 1988 with new measures to increase investment and will not seek to offset the budget revenue without delay trade and exchange rate policies that will opments. There have also been co-ordinated reductions in interest rates in Europe which should their currencies to fully reflect the expressive rost in the strong competitive mostion.



Gerhard Stoltenberg

growth of debt, and towards the medium-term objective of stabi-lising the debt-to-GDP ratio. Fis-

cal restraint has been accompan-ied by impressive growth of domestic demand, output and

ied by impressive grown of domestic demand, output and employment.

Major structural initiatives directed at enhancing competitiveness and the underlying potential of the economy have been undertaken, particularly tax reform and the negotiation of a free trade agreement with

of a free trade agreement with the United States. Monetary pol-icy remains geared to non-infla-tionary growth in a climate of orderly exchange markets.

France: The Government has fully met its commitment to reduce its fiscal deficit and tax burden. The fiscal deficit will be reduced by 0.8 per cent of GNP from 1986 to 1988. Over the same period of time, tax cuts will amount to 1.3 per cent of GNP. A further reduction of FFr45bn in the fiscal deficit and an additional FFr45bn in tax cuts are

tional FFr45bn in tax cuts are scheduled in a 1989-1991 three-year programme which will be implemented in the yearly bud-

The privatisation programme decided upon in early 1987 is being carried out, and its initial objectives have even been surpessed. The full implementation

of the programme will be resumed as soon as market con-ditions permit. The French Gov-ernment will continue to pursue its adjustment and liberalisation

policies. New measures to sus-tain household savings, develop financial markets and improve

the competitiveness of firms have been taken. Additional steps will be taken in the same direction in 1988.



Kiichi Miyamwa

of the tax reduction for 1988 and beyond to about DN14bn, and will not seek to offset the budget revenue losses arising from recent developments. In addition, the necessary decisions have been taken for the structural tax reform with a further net tax reduction of DM20bn from 1990 onward.

In order to strengthen private and public investment, the Federal Government will provide special loans for the next three years of about DM21bn under preferential conditions. Moreover, it will accelerate investment in telecommunication infragranture and take initia-Infrastructure and take initia-tives for further deregulation of markets. The Bundesbanke has reduced short-term interest rates substantially during the last few weeks. Monetary policy will con-tinue to maintain appropriate conditions for sustained non-inflationary growth.

Italy: The Government of Italy, in the context of continuous significant growth; has taken temporary measures to halt the deterioration of the balance of payments due to a higher rate of domestic demand in italy than in other industrialised countries. For 1988 the objective embodied in the Finance Bill is to maintain a relatively high level of growth a relatively high level of growth and to reduce inflation, while making progress in correcting the public sector imbalance.

In the medium-term, to alleviate unemployment the Italian authorities intend to achieve satauthorities intent to active sa-isfactory rates of growth while maintaining the balance of pay-ments current account in sub-stantial equilibrium, to stabilise the debt/GDP ratio, and to devote more resources to the financing of productive as well as infrastructural investments, thus improving the quality of public services. Japan: The Government noted

that the Japanese economy is in a vigorous expansionary phase, led by domestic demand growth. The Government will steadfastly continue implementing the sixtrillion yen-plus package decided on last May, and will see to it that in the FY 1988 budget the expenditure for general pub-lic works will not be less than that for the FY 1987 budget including the July supplemental. The Bank of Japan will follow an appropriate and flexible monetary policy supportive of non-inflationary growth and exchange rate stability.

UE: The Government, in the context of the British economy's continued vigorous growth of output and domestic demand, coupled with sound public finances, will continue to strive to reduce inflation by pursuing a product monetary policy while to reduce inflation by pursuing a prudent monetary policy, while increasing its capacity for non-inflationary growth by further measures designed to free the operation of markets and increase the efficient use of resources, including tax reductions and the second of t

tion and tax reform.

Public expenditure will continue to increase less rapidly than the growth of the economy as a whole, and the Government will continue to work for the dismantling of barriers to trade both within the European Community and in the CATT tion and tax reform. Uruguay round of the GATT.

US: The Government has secured Congressional action to implement the agreement between the President and the between the President and the bipartisan Leadership of the Congress on a two-year package of budget savings to reduce the U.S. budget deficit. This agreement provides for total budget savings, through a combination of spending restraint and increased taxes, in fiscal 1988 and 1989 of approximately \$76 bn.

The budget agreement is part of an ongoing process of deficit reduction provided for under the revised Gramm-Rudman-Hollings legislation. It will reinforce the progress already achieved in reducing the delicit (including a fiscal 1987 cut of \$73 bn or 1.9 percent of GNP) that has brought the deficit down to 3.4 percent of GNP from a peak of

The Administration will also continue to oppose steadfastly protectionist trade measures, while working for legislation authorising negotiations to foster a more open and fair system for the international exchange of cools complete and investment

UK suffers setback on exchange rate policy

INTERNATIONAL co-operation is very much alive and well," Mr Nigel Lawson, the UK Chancellor of the Exchequer, said yesterday after the Group of Seven state-

He tacitly acknowledged however, that hope of stabilising the dollar would depend on a firm US commitment to concerted action

- a pledge distinctly absent
from yesterday's communi-

At the same time, Britain's policy of pushing for a more formal system of "managed floating" of exchange rates has clearly suffered a setback. The experience of the last few months has persuaded not only the US but also West forward that pragmatism. Germany that pragmatism is more important than the-ory in exchange rate man-

agement.

Mr Lawson has been among the most insistent in public that the success of cooperative efforts to prevent the US currency from overshooting could be successful only if Washington

were prepared to raise interest rates.

He repeated that view yesterday. The US had joined in the call for a halt to the dollar's slide and "it is now encumbent on them (the US), in concert with other countries, to back that by action".

(eigre)

Britain's policy pledges in the statement are limited to a general re-affirmation of the Government's present strategy of promoting strong growth in the econ-omy without allowing inflato accelerate.

Taking a medium-term view, the dollar was proba-bly already undervalued but, for the nearer future,
"the question is — how
determined is the US. That
will be no doubt seen in
coming weeks and months.
In particular, (the US) will
sooner or later have to be
prepared to raise its inter-

The Chancellor, however, gave no sign that he had received any assurances from the US administration that it had changed its

Tokyo looks to home growth

BY IAN RODGER IN TOKYO

THE FISCAL obligations agreed by Japan in the G7 statement do not appear to pose any problems for the Government.

The only concrete demand was that the Government not reduce its public works spending in the next fiscal year below last year's level. The Government's draft budget, approved in general by the Cabinet yesterday, provides for a public works budget next year identical to that for this

The Government has also agreed this week to maintain its

ment to reduce its huge trade surpluses, Japan is continuing to put the emphasis on stimulating domestic demand rather than

The Government expects The Government expects domestic demand to grow more quickly than the economy as a whole, both this year and next year, and external demand to grow more slowly.

**Recomment expects exchange market yesterday, but dealers were disappointed with the statement and predicted that the US currency would continue to weaken in the next few days.

The dollar closed unchanged at Y126.55 in Tokyo's foreign

domestic demand to grow more quickly than the economy as a whole, both this year and next year, and external demand to grow more slowly.

Mr Satoshi Sumita, Governor of the Bank of Japan, said that the main purpose of the statement was to make clear that a further decline of the dollar likely to be light for the next few would be counterproductive for days because of the holiday seaexpansionary fiscal stance, seeking a robust economic growth rate of 3.8 per cent in the 1988-89 fiscal year, slightly greater than in the current year. In keeping with its commitdays because of the holiday sea-

on Bonn to boost growth

cal strategy has succeeded in achieving a drop in the rate of growth of its spending and substantial, on-going declines in the budget deficit. Marked progress has been made in slowing the the competitiveness of firms have been taken. Additional steps will be taken in the same direction in 1988.

West Germany: The Government's listing the competitiveness of firms have been taken. Additional steps will be taken in the same direction in 1988.

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

FRANCE is keeping up its pres-sure on West Germany to boost internal demand by further tax cutting measures, despite the agreement on a joint statement by the Group of Seven industrial ations, French finance ministry offi-

cials have welcomed the recent reductions in West German interest rates, which have allowed the Bank of France to undertake coordinated rate cuts, but still believe that Bonn must do more to stimulate economic growth through its fiscal policy. Aides to Mr Edouard Balladur,

financial markets that the US no longer wanted to go along with the coordinated policy started by Louve Agreements between Gy ministers in February, as well as the impression that the US still wants the dollar to fall further.

Senior French economists fear. however, that yesterday's G7 statement will appear too half-hearted to convince the markets that central banks would resist any further dollar decline.

Mr Jacques de Larosiere, governor of the Bank of France, warned last week that the decline of the US currency had the Finance Minister, Icel, never-decline of the US currency had theless, that the G7 statement already begun to cause export should quell the impression in difficulties in several countries.

Paris keeps up pressure Mixed W German reaction

THE GROUP of Seven statement economist at Deutsche Bank, received a largely unenthusiastic said of the G7 document: "It's reception yesterday in West Gerhust along the lines everyone man financial markets, where expected and as unexciting as business was slack before Christ-everybody expected. There are it looked as though the US was business was slack before Christ- everybody expected. There are mas. But opinion outside the no surprises." Much would Government was not wholly neg-ative, with some economists wel-coming a concerted view, at show an improvement after the coming a concerted view, at least, from the G7 states.

In Frankfurt, the dollar managed a modest advance to DM1.6440 after the statement.
But it was later fixed at
DM1.6375, against DM1.6305 on
Tuesday. Stock market reaction
was also lukewarm, with share
prices mixed. Dealers said the nt in essence contained nothing new.

Mr Norbert Walter, senior

poor set in October.

He thought that currencies should become more stable, as progress was made in cutting the US deficit. "We are possibly seeing the dollar at its trough these

Ms Ute Gelpel, head economist of Citibank AG, said the state-ment showed an awareness of the economic problems that needed to be tackled. "At least,

to fall too fast. A few weeks ago, it looked as though the US was not interested in keeping its currency stable "

She expected a further fall in the dollar, but felt the G7 message would provide some support. Showing that the reduction of world imbalances still has some way to go, West Germany yesterday announced a November trade surplus of DMI long (\$6.7bm) melting a total of (\$6.7bn), making a total of DM105bn (DM101bn) in the first 11 months. The current account surplus was DM10.3bn, making DM71bn (DM70bn) for the year

William Dawkins reports on proposals to reduce overcapacity in a key industry

EC ministers stoke up more steel cuts

THE EUROPEAN Community's 1990 or scrapping them entirely 12 industry ministers have delivered to their steel industries a grim, though not unexpected, into an deeper crisis.

Christmas package.

In the event, they accepted a lightly tended on the property of the propert

Its main contents are the likely slightly toned-down version of loss of more than 100,000 jobs, an all but definite timetable for the end of the output controls which have helped to buffer the industry against competition for the past seven years, and an inevitable decline in prices for the 60 per cent of steel output now protected by EC controls.

Those are the expected consequences of a landmark accord reached on Tuesday night by a ministerial meeting in Brussels. The ministers were faced with the uncomfortable choice between accepting a European Commission plan for phasing out production controls in steps stablished in 1980 to give steel-makers a firm base while they restructured their way out of production controls in steps open competition, the steel Its main contents are the likely slightly toned-down version of

production controls in steps open competition, the steel between now and the end of industry was forced this week to

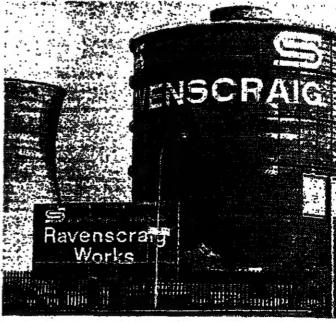
for firm guarantees of closures, but they are thought to come mainly in West Germany, France, Italy and Belgium. The UK is steadfastly refusing to offer any cuts, even though the Commission is known to feel that Ravenscraig's future should not be guaranteed.

The first impact of the agreement will be to end quotas on January 1 for merchant bar, a raw material for a wide range of engineering customers, as well as for which is the car industry, is the construction and offshore quarantees for 7.5m tonnes of industries — are less controver—that the latest offers from the construction and offshore quarantees for 7.5m tonnes of industries — are less controver—that the latest offers from the construction and offshore quarantees for 1.5m tonnes of industries — are less controver—that the latest offers from the latest offers from the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the latest offers from the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction are cuts to come out of quotas for mainly used in shipbuild-hot rolled coil for an undefined ing and heavy sections, sold to come out of quotas for the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, though that the construction are cuts to come out of quotas for place from the construction and offshore cuts by June 10, th

shut 20.7m tonnes of surplus capacity — a big increase on its most recent offer and likely to lead to the loss of well over 100,000 jobs.

The detail of these sacrifices is being kept confidential until the Commission's June 10 deadline for firm guarantees of closures, but they are thought to come

for wire rod, mainly used in the harder to gauge. Demand is now ter of next year. That should put construction industry, and fence heavy, in line with the car indus- a further dampener on prices.



Scotland's Ravenscraig plant could be under threat



to date.















Can anything you've read above compete with the wit, sagacity and unexpected fun to be found in the end-of-year double issue of The Economist?



Argentinian officer in storm on human rights promoted

PRESIDENT Raul Alfonsin of The promotion was backdated Lt Astiz, 37, has been named in

He has become a symbol for both critics and sympathisers of that the navy's promotions board the violent crackdown in which might not meet to discuss the at least 9,000 people vanished officer's future until the Argenafter the armed forces took power in 1976.

Mr Alfonsin announced the promotion of the lieutenant to decree after intense pressure from the navy, which claims the

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COL SECTION

Argentina has promoted Lieuten- to the end of 1985, as the navy ant Alfredo Astiz, a naval officer wished, but it was unclear when accused of human rights crimes this would go into effect, and under the military rule that doubts also remained about the ended in 1983, but insisted that the officer leave active service.

Lt Astro 27 has been arread in 1984, but it was unclear when this would go into effect and doubts also remained about the exact implications of the orders.

Lt Astiz, 37, has been named in The man at the centre of the connection with the disappearance in 1977 of 13 people, including for many weeks was still at his post yesterday on a missile of the Mothers of the Mothers of the destroyer at the destroyer. of the Mothers of the Plaza de destroyer at the navy's biggest destroyer at the navy's biggest base, Puerto Belgrano, 700 kilomatic particles and Swedish citizenship.

He has become a symbol for both oritics and sympathises of the the navy's named to make the navy's managing and sympathises of the the navy's named to make the navy's beginning to make the navy's biggest destroyer at the navy's biggest base, Puerto Belgrano, 700 kilomatic particles and the navy's biggest base, Puerto Belgrano, 700 kilomatic particles and the navy's biggest base, Puerto Belgrano, 700 kilomatic particles and the navy's biggest base, Puerto Belgrano, 700 kilomatic particles and particles

March, and some suggested the officer might find himself "at the disposition" of his superiors, or on reserve, more or less indefinitely

decree after intense pressure from the navy, which claims the officer has been cleared of all charges. In an attempt to accommodate criticism from human rights activists, who argue that the officer's innocence has not been established, the president instructed Mr Horacio Jaunarena, the Defence Minister, that Lt Astiz "must not remain on active duty."

A court freed Lt Astiz in the Hagelin case just over a year ago, invoking the statute of limitations without pronouncing whether he was guilty or not. He "due Obedience" law passed by Argentina's Congress last the Easter uprising by army officers opposed to human rights triasis.

Congress curbs surprise companies in S Africa

MOST of the 168 US companies still operating in South Africa which the punitive tex measure appear surprised by the speed and ease with which the US Coninto the deficit reduction bill still operating in South Africa appear surprised by the speed and ease with which the US Congress passed legislation on Tuesday to remove double taxation relief.

The legislation, tagged onto the Delicit Reduction Finance. Bill, takes effect on January 1

with no grace period.
From then, companies will not be able to offset tax paid by subsidiaries in South Africa against their tax liabilities in the US. In South Africa it is estimated that the loss of double taxation relief could impose an additional annual tax burden of between \$20m and \$30m on companies

In Johannesburg yesterday Mr Adrian Botha, the executive director of Amcham (American In Johannesburg yesterday Mr African economy if trading and Adrian Botha, the executive director of Amcham (American between the US parent compachamber of Commerce), nies and their local offshoots.

voted by the Senate and the House of Representatives. Although 100 or so US compa-nies have divested in the past

nies have divested in the past two years, the remaining companies have South African assets worth about R2bn (\$350m).

The two largest are Mobil and Caltex, which operate oil refineries in Durban and Cape Town.

In Johannesburg yesterday stockbrokers said there would be little difficulty selling the entire residual US investment to cashflush local companies.

Also, businessmen believe further divestment will have no material effect on the South African economy if trading and

Airlines warned to scrap route sharing schemes this year

THE EUROPEAN Commission "Although these negotiations yesterday warned 13 leading air are said to be at an advanced lines that they must scrap stage, most of the original agree-restrictive route-sharing practices by January 1 or face the mission said yesterday.

The Brussels authorities will the advances to have received the united marriage and yesterday.

consequences of tough new air liberalisation rules.

When the new rules come into effect, Commission officials for the first time will have the power to stage unannounced "dawn raids" on airlines thought to be working under anti-competitive agreements. The airlines involved have already promised inplementation of the aviation package, the Commission has agreements in line with a more

the airlines to have received the written warning are Aer Lingus, Air France, Alitalia, British Airways, British Caledonian, Iheria, KLM, Lufthansa, Luxair, Olympic Airways, Sabena, SAS and Air Portugal. Most of these were the subjects until recently of a Commission legal action designed to force them to fall in implementation of the aviation designed to force them to fall in package, the Commission has informed the the airlines that it However, Brussels dropped that agreements in line with a more informed the the airlines that it. However, Brussels dropped that liberal regime finally agreed by will take all appropriate action suit two weeks ago following European Community member under its new powers, in respect member states agreement on the states this month. under its new powers, in respect member states agreement on the of any airline agreements which package of airline reforms.

Airport construction to cost \$150bn

spent world-wide between now and the end of this century on sirpoits.

building airports or enlarging existing ones, to cope with the expected growth of world air slowly co

Of this total, the US will con-Of this total, the US will con-tribute some \$25bn, via its National Plan for Integrated Air-port Systems, while Japan will contribute about another \$20bn.

But according to a world air-

MORE THAN \$150bn will be increases, but also as more high- enlarged and modernised, and

The journal points out that governments world-wide are slowly coming to realise that they ought to start building large new airports if traific growth rates – fuelled by liberalisation policies – are to be sustained. It says that there are now at least 11 large new airports in the pipeline. These include Munich, Oslo, Athens, Sydney, Stansted (UK), Denver (US), Shenzen (China), Kansai (Japan), Ai Ain (Dubai), and others in Paraguay and Saudi Arabiz.

the changes out also as more angular technology systems are used in airports.

The journal points out that governments world-wide are governments world-wide are

"It is not, however, enough", says Airports International, and the new airports will come too late to solve the problems of congestion which will confront air-line and airport operators in

line and airport operators in 1988.

'In 1988, there will most probably be a rapid expansion of medium-sized hubs at provincial cities throughout much of the developed world. This will happen because there is no more room at large simport for early and a large simport f port development survey in the (UK), Denver (US), Shenzen cial cities throughout much of these are conservative, "official" (China), Kansai (Japan), Al Ain these are conservative, "official" (Dubai), and others in Paraguay and Saudi Arabia.

In addition, there are scores of not only as the price of concrete other airports which are being operations", the journal says.

Caribbean support withdrawn

BY CANUTE JAMES IN KINGSTON

FIVE Caribbean countries which said a fortnight ago they were supporting the plan by Haiti's Minister of Jamaica, was taken he was unaware of any Caribmilitary-led Government to stage elections next month, have withdrawn their support, amid indications of a rift between governance of the region as being more than tacit support by Mr Seaga.

The prime ministers of the five countries - Jamaica, St Lucia, St Vincent; The Netherlands Antilles and Aruba - recently visited Haiti, and subsequently spoke of agreement from the Haitian army to provide security for next month's election, after

ments of the region on their for the army, which planned to approach to developments in influence the outcome of the Haiti.

Mr Seaga said the recent decrees changing the voting sys-tem in Halti were "unacceptable" decrees changing the voting system in Haiti were "unacceptable" to the Caribbean group, and that the military government had been told of this.

The failure of the five countries to influence Haiti's army ent from that of their colleagues and form that of their colleagues and form that of their colleagues and form that of their colleagues

Hattan army to provide security
for next month's election, after
tries to influence Hait's army
the army had stood by while solleaders has created rifts within
diers and armed gangs murdered
diers and armed gangs murdered
the Caribbean economic commusty, the 13-nation grouping of
the English-speaking countries of the region.

The Jamaican leader said, however, that Mr Robinson had been told of the developments, but had not responded to the

and from the rest of the world. There was surprise that this group was giving support to the flattian military's plan to manip-ulate the voting."

rules out Gulf withdrawal

PRENCH Problems My Fron. resents from the free cois Mitterrand yesterday ruled out any quick withdrawal of France's naval task force from the Gulf region despite a thew in his country's relations with iran, Reuter reports from Dji-

He said that the task force's mission over the past five months had been to protect shipping in the region. "That mission is being carried out very well. But it is not over. The war continues and we are trying to contribute to the process of peace, to bring an end to of peace, to bring an end to the Iran-Iraq war."

France has about 20 ships, or roughly one third of its navy, in the Gulf region and Indian Ocean to protect French shipping in the hazardons waterway.

The Clemencean, pride of the French navy with about 40 warpings about.

40 warplanes aboard, was sent in July at the height of a diplomatic stand-off with

Mr Mitterrand said in Dfibouti after returning from the carrier that the French naval force would remain in the Gulf region as long as

was necessary.
The French President visited the 30,000-tonne Clemencesu during a 24-hour visit to Difbouti. The visit comes at a time when France's policy in the Gulf is under scrutiny after the controversial hostage deal

controversial hostage deal with Iran.

The deal led to the release of two French nationals held by a pro-Iranism group in Lebanon and had raised speculation that France might be planning to withdraw its naval task force from the Gulf as part of the hostage deal.

Mr Mitterrand ruled this out. "The presence of the French fleet is not at all linked to relations between Iran and France," he said. "We must not mix the questions."

He also ruled out the sale

He also raied out the sale of French arms to Iran as part of any deal. Asked what France was doing to obtain the release of about four French hos-tages still believed held in Lobanon, Mr Mitterrand said France had a duty to do everything possible to

Mitterrand | Kenya recalls more Uganda diplomats

KENYA withdrew four more diplomans from its High Commission in Uganda yesterday in a
further move to downgrade relations with its landlocked neighbour after last week's border
clashes, Renter reports from
Nairobi.

Foreign minister agreements

leaving a staff of only five low-level diplomats at the high commission in Kampala.

Kenya withdrew its high com-missioner and his deputy from Karupala last week and expelled Uganda's two top diplomats in Natrobi after three days of bor-

of Uganda's diplomatic staff in Nairobi after reducing its own mission in Kampala.

The Kenyan diplomats who cargo appeared to be moving, the residents said. left Uganda on Wednesday were the press attache, an administra-tive attache and two diplomatic secretaries. The acting high com-

missioner in Kampala will return to Kenya overland later this Earlier, 50,000 demonstrators marched through Kampala yesterday to protest against what resume tuganda said were moves by Kenya to isolate this land-locked of Jinja.

Foreign ministry sources said a fifth Kenyan diplomat would quit Uganda later this week, leaving a staff of only first powerful Baganda tribe whose members control the rich coffee-growing area around Kampala. Relations between conserva-

tive Kenya and left-wing Uganda have been deteriorating for more than a year and worsened last week when at least 15 people were killed in cross-border shoot-

Kenya also expelled 15 Ugan-dan trade officials from the port city of Mombasa, Uganda's main outlet to the sea. outlet to the sea.

A sentor foreign ministry official said that Kenya would probably not seek a further reduction of Uganda's diplomatic staff. rying goods to and from Rwanda, Burundi and Zaire, which also rely heavily on Mombasa for their trade, Little if any Ugandan

Traffic was still not moving across the other main border crossing at Busia, where the clashes broke out on December 13, and officials in the Kenyan town of Kisumu on Lake Victoria said there was no indication when rail ferry services might resume across the lake between Kisumu and the Ugandan town

Peru central bank hit by guerrilla car bombing

tionary Movement (MRTA) guer-rillas, exploded on Tuesday night damaging several cars and blow-ing out the bank's windows.

There were no injuries.

It was the second MRTA car
bomb in Lima in four days and went off only 200 yards from the foreign ministry and five blocks from the presidential palace. An MRTA car bomb exploded outside a complex of police stations on Friday night, injuring three presearchy.

GUERRILLAS exploded a bomb Tuesday, according to a military in a car outside Peru's central communique from the jungle bank, and four rebels and an city of Tarapoto in northern

bank, and four rebels and an entry of Tarapoto in northern army sergeant were killed in jungle clashes, Peruvian police and military said yesterday, Renter reports from Lima.

The 90lb (40Kg) dynamite 150-strong MRTA column occubomb, which police said was planted by Tupac Amaru Revolutionary Mercaraet (META) gives the property of th Peru.
The communique said the clashes took place in the hills of northern San Martin, where a

The MRTA, named after an Indian rebel leader in the Spanish colonial era, has operated mainly in Lima since it emerged in 1964, concentrating on bomb-ing Western embassies and busi-

The larger rebel group, the Maoist Sendero Luminoso (Shining Path), whose seven-year-old insurgency has cost some 10,000 lives, also operates in San Marpessersby.

Lin, and the alex to a state of the meanwhile, four MRTA guerrilillicit cocaine production in the meanwhile, four MRTA guerrilDern which provides the raw las and an army sergeant were Peru, which provides the raw killed and two soldiers were material for half the world's supwounded in a series of clashes on ply of the drug.



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maintain its expansionary fiscal stance for another year, hoping this will ease tensions between it and other leading industrialised

Ministry of Finance officials said the 1988-89 draft budget, published yesterday, was designed for Japan to achieve its robust economic growth target of 3.8 per cent in real terms in the

It was thus in line with It was thus in line with Japan's commitments under economic policy co-ordination agreements with other leading industrial countries, and officials were confident that it would not be criticised by those governments. 'I think the fact that we are maintaining our spending at a high level will be appreciated," an MoF official said yesterday.

"I think other governments "I think other governments will also appreciate that our eco-nomic growth will be higher

next year than this year, as well as being higher than in other developed countries.

Officials would not say what
the Government would do if it became apparent next year that Japan was falling significantly short of its 3.8 per cent growth

Mr Kiichi Miyazawa, Finance Minister, said at a news conference that he thought the target could be reached easily if the private sector continued to respond as expected to the Gov-ernment's stimulative measures.

The Government expects private plant and equipment invest-ment will rise 9.8 per cent next, fiscal year against a forecast 7.1. per cent this year.
The draft budget, which will:

be approved virtually unchanged by the Cabinet next week, calls for overall spending of Y56,699.7bn (\$244bn) in the fiscal year ending March 31 1989, compared with expected revenues of Y47,858.7bn. This will require deficit funding of Y8.841bn.

However, because of the unexpected buoyancy of tax revenues and the proceeds of privatisa-tions, the Government has recently reduced its borrowing programme for the current year, and next year's deficit funding is expected to be 16 per cent less than that of this year. Japanese officials said the draft budget provides for a 4.8 per cent increase in total spending over that of this year.

that of this year.

This is misleading because it makes the comparison only with this year's initial budget.

Japanese aid to developing countries will rise 3.5 per cent—less than in the previous two years—but the impact will increase because much of the spending is in dollars. Official development assistance will rise 5 per cent.

per cent.
 Agricultural spending will tumble 19 per cent to Y438.1bn, mainly because of a reduction in

Taipei braced for rally by opposition party

THE Taiwan Government is bracing itself for a demonstra-tion by the opposition Democratic Progressive Party on Christmas Day - Constitution Day - during which dissidents will urge a re-election of parlia-ment and the National Assem-

The venue and form of the rally have been the focus of talks in recent weeks between officials of the ruling Nationalist Party and the DPP, which was formed more than a year ago despite the ben then clamped on new politi-

The parties, as of yesterday, had failed to agree on points such as the number of participants and places where the dem-

Parliament has so far not set rules governing organisations and assemblies - both of which were effectively legalised when the Government lifted nearly 40 years of martial law last July. But the Government wants to tions with the opposition. set remyenation of both the

National Assembly and parliament as immediate goals.
Currently, both bodies are dominated by ageing members elected nearly 40 years ago in China. By law, they cannot be replaced until free elections can

Astra, S.A.

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Dated: December 22, 1987

US curbs anger Japanese **business**

By Carla Repoport in Tokyo

APANESE government and business leaders yesterday reacted angrily to the news that the US plans to bar Japanese construction companies from public works projects and ban Toshiba products from US mili-

tary bases.
"Shocking" and "unreasonable" were the terms most commonly applied to the move by Japanese

plaints against Japan:

The first concerns the lack

iary's illegal exports of strategic machine tools to the Soviet

be very severe - not directly, but indirectly, said a Toshiba executive yesterday. "We cannot calculate the pyschological impact of

By David Berchard in Ankara

DESPITE the expected cutbaci in new public works contracts in Turkey in 1988, new tenders con-tinue to be announced. tinue to be announced. The izmir Water and Sewerage Authority, Izsu, will invite bids in February for a major water supply scheme for the city involving nine major contracts and five different stages.

It is supported by a \$184m loan from the World Bank.

THE HONG KONG government officials coincides with increasysterday challenged as "fiction ing foreign pressure to revalue more than fact" suggestions in a the HK dollar against the US new report from the Organisation of Economic Cooperation that the territory had built up a massive curtor that account surplus, or had been responsible in any way for global trade imbalances, or for successful.

Mr David Nendick, Hong Kong Secretary for Monetary Affairs, lamir is the latest large city in Turkey to invest in new water and sewerage facilities. A series of major projects in the same field has been underway for the last three years in Islambul:

Meanwhile DHL, the State Airast of the country. It will cost

officials yesterday.

The plan, which is part of the 1988 US budget that was finalised this week, is certain to raise

temperature between Japan The US action was in retaliation against two separate com-

of US access to Japanese public works projects. The move to ban Japanese companies from US projects is seen in Tokyo as a bargaining tactic. It is aimed to bargaining tactic. It is aimed to force the Japanese construction industry to change its bidding practices and to allow US companies to bid on an equal footing with Japanese companies.

• The ban on the sale of Toshiba products at US military bases is punishment for a subsidiary's illegal exports of strategic.

cantly effect either Toshiba or the Japanese construction industhe Japanese construction industry in terms of sales. Toshiba's sales to US military bases are negligible compared to the total sales and Japanese companies are already prevented from selling equipment to the US military.

Even so, both Toshiba and the construction industry see the move as having harmful repercussions. "I fear the impact will be very severe — not directly, but

this mov The Overseas Construction Association of Japan said yester-day: "Although the effect in fig-ures will be small, in view of the international trade system, it is a big matter to exclude by name

and criticise Japan."

Japanese government officials yesterday said they feared that the ban on Japanese construction companies could lead to similar measures being taken by US state and municipal government.

Izmir invites bids for city water project

The project has been prepared by Black and Veatch Interna-tional of the US with local par-ticipation and involves the construction of seven pumping stations and a 300 km pipeline.

ports and Harbours Authority, has announced that it is seeking authority to begin work next year on four new airports. One will be at Sanjiurfa in the south-

Russians battle to keep Afghan footholds ON THE ninth anniversary of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, we publish an eyewitness report of the fall of one of the last Soviet-backed Afghan strongholds, the garrison of Kuran in the remote Panjshir-Valley, to a Mujahideen group led by Ahmad Shah Masoud. The hand-written despatch was held up by a rival Mujahideen group in Afghanistan for some useks before reaching the Pakistan town of Peshavar. USSR

weeks before reaching the Pakistan town of Peshawar.

AT FIRST light a force of 530

Mujahideen began the attack on
the garrison at Kuran, a key
Government stronghold established by the Russians in 1982 to
cut off the guerrillas' short supply route from Chitral in the
north, and forcing them to use a
15-day supply line through the
was encountered in a few areas,
perficularly around the houses,
short supparticularly around the houses, where fighting continued all 15-day supply line through the rough terrain of the Nuristan morning. By 3pm the resistance was over, with the loss of 17 Mujahideen and 20 Government mountains.

The capture of the garrison, followed by the surrender of 300 Government militiamen in the Munian Valley, means this essential supply route will again be open to the Mujahideen once the winter snows melt in the spring.

The loss of this vital garrison may also help to explain why the Russians recently munited a

KABUL

AFGHANISTAN

forces.
The Mujahideen forces had mortar, cannon, two launchers for US ground-to-air Stinger missiles and four of these missiles. As far as could be ascertained, the government forces comprised the government forces comprised to the government forces comprised to the government forces comprised to the control of the control 242 men with mortars and 340 light arms. So far there have so far been no signs of counter-at-tack by the Russians, who have been deterred in recent months from making low-level air and helicopter gunship attacks by the combination of the mountainous terrain and the increas-ingly effective use of Stingers by son and then moved in, easily the guerrillas.

capturing many sections by 8 Kuran is the fourth Sovieta.m. However, stiff resistance backed garrison to be captured

firmed yesterday that Afghan government forces, supported by Soviet troops had launched an offensive against Moslem rebels in an attempt to lift the siege of the eastern town of Rhost, Ruster records. Reuter reports.
Mr Gennadi Gerasimov,

Mujib Khan reports from Kuran-o-Munjan on a key victory for the Mujahideen

Soviet foreign ministry spokesman, said the offensive, started on Monday, had caused 1,500 rebels' deaths in two days. They had failed to heed an ultimatum to withdraw from the road between Khost and Gayder

by Masoud's men during the past 16 months Forgar fell in August 1986, followed by Naharin in October 1986 and Kalafgan in October 1980 and Kalaigan in July this year. Also, the garrison at Posh-Gur, halfway up the Panishir Valley, was abandoned by Soviet and Afghan forces in early September — their first withdrawal from an important garrison without being under

raigns in this region of Afghan-istan underlines graphically the difficulties of occupying a coun-try such as Afghanistan. Mr Mik-hail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, now appears anxious to end the occupation.
The USSR used 20,000 of its

own troops and 10,000 Afghan soldiers in two offensives in the Panishir in 1982, during which both sides suffered heavy losses. Masoud lost 1,500 men, compared with 500 lost in that eral days of heavy aerial bom-region between 1979 and 1982 bardment, the Soviet command-By the end of 1982, the Red army had established several garrisons along the valley, but ing an empty valley.

each was isolated with the troops

Other Mujahideen groups

unable to advance or retreat. They proposed a ceasefire, which Masoud accepted to enable him Masoud accepted to enable him to regroup his forces so they could fight beyond the Panishir. The ceasefire began on March 23 1983, with the Soviet forces withdrawing and leaving a single garrison at Anawz, at the start of the valley. The Russians thought they had succeeded in splitting the Mujahideen groups by isolating Masoud, who they thought would be ostracised for agreeing to a ceasefire.

to a cessefire.
However, Masoud extended his influence into other regions and united with a number of other commanders to form the Shorae-Nezar guerrilla group, which controls two zones covering Par-wan, Kapsia, Bamian, the north of Kabul, Beghlan, Kunduz, Tik-har and haif of Badakshan. It has indirect influence over

It has indirect influence over two more zones covering Laghman, Kunar, part of Jalalabad, the south-east of Kabul, Mazar, Samangan, Josjan and Fariah.

The Red army decided to return to the offensive in April 1984 to stop Masond's influence spreading. But the Mujahideen, forewarned, evacuated Panjshir's entire civilian population of 100,000 to neighbouring areas two months beforehand. Several thousand Mujahideen crept out of the Panjshir two days before the offensive began. After sev-

ers landed commandos who discovered they had been attack-

throughout Afghanistan were ordered to launch co-ordinated simultaneous attacks to force the

mated 20 men a day in the defence of these garrisons, which it has surrendered one by one it has surrendered one by one until the final collapse at Kuran. The Mujahideen claim to control about 80 per cent of the mountainous regions of Afghanistan. The Shorz-e-Nezar is the not the largest group, but Masoud claims that, from operating with 20 men in 1979, he now has between 5.000 and 10.000

under his direct control, and between 25,000 and 50,000 in eight different provinces eight different provinces

Part of his strategy is to attract
support from the civilian population through economic and social
policies. Heavily bombed villages
are being rebuilt, schools and
medical clinics are being reconstructed and dirt roads laid.

This is designed to lead util-This is designed to lead util-mately to a general mobilisation, by which civilians and the Muja-hideen move together against the occupying forces.

has between 5,000 and 10,000

Syrian minister stresses continued ties with Iran

THE STRATEGIC alliance between Syria and Iran appears to be alive and well, despite Arab attempts to lure Damascus Into banging sides in the Gulf war. Mr Farong al-Sharas, the Syrian Foreign Minister, was in Tehran yesterday bearing a message to Iranian President Ali Khamenei from Syrian President Hafez al-Assad. He was quoted by the Islamic Republic News Agency thus: "Iran and Syria enjoy excellent relations and their amicable ties may not be under-mined by hostile insinuations."

withdrawal agreement.

The guerrillas bombarded key positions within the Kuran garrison and then moved in, easily

The visit follows tentative signs of a reconciliation between Mr Assad and President Saddam Mr Assad and President Saddam
Hussein of Iraq at last month's
summit of Areab leaders in
Amman, the Jordanian capital.
This led to Jordanian predictions
of an imminent normalisation of
ties between the two countries,
and has been followed by a bout
of shuttle diplomacy between
Baghdad and Damascus by King
Hussein of Jordani and Crown
Prince Abdullah of Saudi Arabis.
However, the latest Syrian-IraArab leadership with the Iraqi

nian exchange indicates that leaders these moves have much further On the control of the control to go before any a genuine shift insisting that the main threat to in the Syrian position. The visit the Arab world is not fundamental fundamental forms at a particularly sensitive time, as Iran is by all accounts preparing for another big land offensive in its war against Iraq.

On the contrary, Syria is still

Contrary and soldiers in Moslem west Bei
In soldiers in Moslem west Bei
In

457,927-tonne British vessel Burmah Enterprise – were slightly damaged.

There had been confusion over the identities of the ships attacked. Shipping sources had named the tambers as the Liberian-fing World Petrobras, the Seawise Giant, the British-fing Burmah Endeavour and the Burmah Endeavour and the prise. A storage tanker at Iran's Larak oil terminal was oper-Laran on terminal was operating normally yesterday. A fire had enguised its crew quarters after an iraqi air attack, shipping sources said, Reuter reports from Dubal.

Pumps abourd the 411,585-tonne World Petro-bras had resumed passing oil to a foreign tanker at the terminal at the mouth of the Guif. The sources said two other supertankers hit in the attack - the world's biggest ship, the 564,738-tonne Liberian-flag Seawise Giant, and the

On the contrary, Syria is still

apparently because two of the ships were moored alongside the World Petro-bras, which bursed for nine hours before tugs extin-guished the flames. night and the continuing tension

An iranian frigate attacked the 269,296-tonne Liberian-regis-tered tanker Stena Concordia

ping, but said there were 'indica-tions' of a net deficit on trading in Hong Kong by foreign compa-nies. Such figures have never been calculated in Hong Kong because there is no requirement for companies to disclose the

Sir David Wilson, Hong Kong governor, complained that the OECD report tends to lump together the four Asian dragons

necessary information.

GCC to debate oil contingency proposals

THE SIX leaders of the Gulf Cooperation Council will keld a two-day summit in Riyadh at the weekend amid tight security. As the foreign ministers wrap up their preliminary meeting the only concrete measure that stands a good chance of being accepted is an oil contingency plan to help those members whose oil facilities are damaged by foreign countries or sabo-

Diplomatic sources say the leaders will generally discuss economic topics, such as ongoing tariff and trade talks with the EC and the US. Protective duties against GCC petrochemical, plas-tics and chemical fertilizer Hong Kong rebuts OECD surplus claim

is no good argument from a pro-tectionist point of view for tak-ing action against Hong Kong."

Sir David insisted that this would be "discriminating against those who operate an open mar-

assault on the artisanal way of life by white-coated function-

"We eat our Vacherin all the time and we have never known a case of listeriosis," a farmer com-

plained.
That raises the question of how people develop life-preserving immunities in a modern society. Mass distribution based on supermarkets demands hygienic standards which prevent consupers bedies from developing

sumers' bodies from developing natural immunities, it is argued. One Swiss sociologist sees the death of the Vacherin Mont d'Or

as another episode in the Ameri-canisation of the world.

We pay through the insipidity of all products for the privilege of being able to eat exotic fruits

and strawberries all the year round, summed up an editorial in the Journal de Geneve, enti-tled Calviniam in the Supermar-

Vaud canton has allocated

"It appears that the OECD thinks (invisibles) are going to be a big positive figure," he said. "I think that is nonsense." He acknowledged that Hong Kong generates substantial invisible income from tourism and shipping, but said there were 'indications' of a net deficit on trading in Hong Kong by foreign companies. Such figures have never been calculated in Hong Kong because there is no requirement for companies to disclose the

Dutch soft loan for Indonesia

INDONESIA has signed a FL 50m (£14.9m) soft loan with the Netherlands, the official news

agency reported in Jakarta yes-terday.

The loan is to be used to finance imports and the local rupiah costs of Dutch development projects in Indonesia, although the report failed to spell out the terms. Such funding is normally repaid over 25 years

tenra.

The GCC - which groups Sandi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oman, the UAE and Qatar - is proposing a system whereby member countries will 'lend' a country oil to make up for lost production. The move follows Iranian silkworm missile attacks on Kuwait's loading terminals, although the council wants to avoid antsgonizing the Iranians.

With iraqi Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz arriving in the Kingdom just two days before the summit, it is obvious that the Iranian threat is obvious that the Iranian threat is the major consideration facing the Gulf leaders.

Diplomatic sources say the costs on World Banks projects

which might otherwise have been shelved Utilisation of the loan, which was immediately disbursable, expires in April. disbursable, experes in April.
However, Indonesia is expected to take up the full amount,
before the expiry date. Japan is
reportedly considering a further
untied loan to indonesia as part of moves to offload its huge

Shortage of such local cost.
Shortage of such local cost.
funding has in the past meant
delays to development projects.
The UK for example, which
signed a \$140m soft loan last year, continues to resist the indonesian Government's demands, with the result that some of the eight designated projects still await final signing.

trade surplus.

Ershad likely to dissolve cabinet soon

By Seyed Kameluddin in Dheke

PRESIDENT Hussain Mohammad Ershad of Bangladesh is expected to dissolve his cabinet soon and appoint a smaller council of ministers, including some non-political members.

This is likely to coincide with the announcement by the electoral commission of the parliamentary election schedule. The parliament, elected in May last year, was dissolved by the president, who was facing swelling protest against his rule, on December 6. On November 27, he had proclaimed a state of emergency, suspending human rights and imposing curbs in an attempt to achieve control.

Under the constitution, a parliamentary poll is required within 90 days of the dissolution.

liamentary poll is required within 90 days of the dissolution. However, the mainline opposition alliance is sticking to its demand that there can be no elections until Mr Ershad has stepped down as president. The opposition leaders have also refused to enter any dialogue with the Government to make arrangements to ensure "free and

The opposition has accused the Government of rigging last year's parliamentary polis in iavour of the ruling Jatiya party. This week the US embassy in Dhaka said: "The US hopes that a dislogue which should include Dhaka said: "The US hopes that a dialogue, which should include all political elements, will lead to a peaceful and constitutional resolution to the situation."

The new US ambassador in Dhaka has met President Ershad and the two main opposition

and the two main opposition leaders, Mrs Hasina and Begum Zia, apparently to discuss the crisia. It is not clear, however, that the US exercises much influence over the Government or the over the Government or the

global trade imbalances, or for worsening US trade deficits. It challenged statistics presented by the OECD in its half-year report on the world economy, and attacked the entity surplus of US\$1.6bn in 1985. The "territory"s visible trade surplus ons" in eastern Asia — South Korea, Taiwan, Singapore and Hong Kong. The retort from Hong Kong successful. Mr David Nendick, Hong Kong successful. Mr David Nendick, Hong Kong Secretary for Monetary Affairs, said he was "astounded" by the OECD's claim that Hong Kong surplus of US\$1.6bn in 1985. The territory's visible trade surplus was almost in balance so such a claim could only be due to assumptions that the territory's invisibles surplus was substan-Swiss cheese ban ferments rift with France In the Swiss Jura, where the livelihood of many dairy farmers has been devastated, the ban on Vacherin Mont d'Or is seen as an

MR JACQUES CHIRAC, the French Prime Minister, in his usual energetic style, elbowed his way this week into a delicate

and complicated French-Swiss conflict over cheese.

It is a controversy around a serious health issue, which is damaging — arbitrarily and unnecessarily, the French say—

important commercial interests, has stirred national pride and has elicited a confusing debate over modern European ways of life.

On a visit to the Franche-Comte, just across the border from Switzerland, Mr Chirac spooned into his mouth, in front of television cameras, the velvety, pungent paste of a Vacherin Mont d'Or, a winter cheese, is a gourmet's delight made principally in the villages of the Vallee de Joux in the Jura mountains. When ripe for eating, its rich, golden paste spooned into his mouth, in front of television cameras, the velvety, pungent paste of a Vacherin Mont d'Or and told delighted French cheese-makers:

Bound with a strip of pine, it is delighted French cheese-makers: if we find ourselves running into underhand manocuvres, we shall just have to take retaliatory

war?" a Swiss reporter later ceremony in expensive restaut the French version. asked an embarrassed prime rants.

Mr Chirac's gesture may well have secured him votes for next justified his prohibition with year's presidential election, but some frightening evidence. Tests it has stirred the pot of suspi- had shown that some Vacherin year's presidential election, but it has stirred the pot of suspi-cion, accusation and counter-ac-cusation that has divided French cheese-makers and sellersfrom alarming increase in cases of lis-Swiss for the last month. It began in November when the public health officer of the Swiss canton of Vaud banned

the production and sale of Vach-

erin Mont d'Or and ordered the

William Dullforce on a pungent dispute caused by a health scare

Bound with a strip of pine, it is sold in round wooden boxes, from which it is eaten by breaknall just have to take retaliatory ing the pale, tawny crust and spite of assurances by health spooning out the paste. It has a anthorities that no harmful listens that a declaration of long tradition and is served with

Mont d'Or crusts contained bac-teris which could be linked to an 10 of which were French. The

The number of listeriosis cases has risen from nine in the whole of Switzerland in 1983 to 34 in the Vand alone this year. Four of the 15 cases registered in the two months before the ban proved

About 1,000 tonnes a year of Vacherin Mont d'Or are made in Switzerland. A similar amount is produced by somewhat different techniques in the French Jura. The Swiss cheese has a superior reputation — it is sold in special-ist Parisian cheese shops. The ban on the Swiss product immediately slashed sales of French Vacherin Mont d'Or, in

Three weeks later, passions were intensified when the Swiss federal public health office in Bern announced that it had found traces of harmful listeria

Elderly people, those weak-ened by other illnesses, and foe-tuses are most susceptible to lis-teriosis, a disease with a high mortality rate which attacks the



other countries, including the US, were affected.

found traces of harmful listeria bacteria in 18 other soft cheeses, 10 of which were French. The suspected cheeses were with drawn from the shops and further imports banned.

Even in France, sales of the cheeses listed by the Swiss federal inspectors plummeted by 50 to 75 per cent although Franch cheeses listed by the Swiss federal inspectors plummeted by 50 to 75 per cent although Franch cheeses and accused Swiss cheesemakers of breaking elementary hygiene rules — a low blow to a nation obsessed with

health authorities protested that their regular and strict controls had proved negative. Sales to

Some French supermarkets are biochemistry and production biochemistry and production methods of Vacherin Mont d'Or. preserving a hope that the death of a splendid cheese might be premature. Until Mr Chirac stepped in, both Swiss and French cheese exporters seemed ready to down arms and concentrate on limiting

Much ado about nothing

By A. H. Hermann, Legal Correspondent

WHAT a year it was! In an attempt to silence the incessant stream of complaints appearing in this column, both sion sprang into action with vigour. May they enjoy a rest-ful Christmas after their exertions. And no guilt feelings, please. If nothing much has been achieved by the frantic activity, it is no one's fault, Government first: the succes-

sion of three Lord Chancellors in a single year is surely a his-torical achievement in itself. torical achievement in itself. Add to it that all three spoke out in favour of a thorough reform of civil justice, albeit that their voice was gradually reduced to a whisper. This was only prudent, as idle talk about changes in the law courts could lead to more aggre at the next Lord Mayor's dinner for the indees.

the judges.
Solicitors next: much is hap-pening on this front which is of direct benefit to my humble self. Since the Law Society relaxed on advertising, my desk is daily adorned with a fresh crop of beautifully illustrated booklets from City law firms. Between the lines I can read that each of them is the read that each of them is the best, though modesty prevents them from saying so. Gouldens of Chancery Lane gets the first prize for sending me a wall calendar with 13 drawings by Jonathan Oxley, one of the firm's solicitors, who, as revealed at the back of the calender, has been developing a ender, has been developing a sense of humour ever since he see in his drawings the making of a great humorist - though meant as a joke, they strike one as perfectly true.

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Survived State

Complete State

Press releases from solicitors' public relations agents are now descending on newspaper offices like belated leaves in autumn. They keep me informed about old and young talent employed by their mas-ters, often with glossy portrait photos, which I distribute to particularly deserving female members of the Financial Times staff for their pin-up boards. I will have to stop this



Your for icitur shows great foresight...

rule, most generous: greatly in excess of the 1,400 words needed to fill this space.

Unfortunately, one does not hear much from the suburban and provincial solicitors. I am told that they are now falling into three categories: some think of specialising and going it alone; others would like to join hands with estate agents and to establish property shops but the majority hope to muddle through, deterred from the idea of a partnership with accountants or others by the Law Society's insistence that they must be sure to stay in control, in order to imprint on the partnership their ethical superiority. Quite understandably they are not sure whether they can carry such a heavy burden, particularly as it could be misunderstood by the potential associates.

through PR agents. When con-tributions arrive, they are, as a that morals can be discarded

when crossing the Channel.
It would, of course, be quite wrong to believe that burristers are less active than solicitors; they save their energies for the courtroom. Shunning merce-nary competition, they can appreciate the benefits which flow from sticking together.

An excellent example of this could be observed in the litigation arising from the sad cir-cumstances of the International Tin Council (ITC). No less than 24 lawyers, including 12 Queen's Counsel, crowded the courtroom of Mr Justice Millett, proposing and opposing a petition for the winding up of the ITC, undeterred by the generally known fact that English courts cannot order the dissolution of an interna-

suspect that I keep the photos of ravishing lady solicitors for myself. But cross my heart: the PR people do not seem to know of any.

Another bonanza is the flood of contributions offered for this column, again mainly.

Barristers still believe that they owe banks and tin brokers some \$900m received that they dearly the support of the British Government, which also believes arrived from a group of barristers, but at least one promotional brochure arrived from a group of barristers which has opened European chambers in Brussels.

Even this, however, is strictly the embarrassing accusations that they owe banks and tin brokers some \$900m received the support of the British Government, which also believes an in solidarity. It would indeed that they cannot be made that they cannot be made worse. Just think of the Crown.

Those who know that prosperity depends on governments never repaying their debts and always borrowing more have been much gratified by the noble attitude of the Treasury mandarins, whose stiff upper lip did not quiver at the thought of having to provide, in the form of reduced taxes, more than half of the outstanding \$900m when the banks and tin brokers write off the debts against past, present and future profits.

Tradition retained the upper hand in many other sectors of legal activity. Intellectual bickering about conflicts of interest ering about conflicts of interest between insurers (names) and their agents as well as other groups operating at Lloyd's of London were quietly brushed saide. The much too compas-sionate stance taken by a High Court judge who asked for some measures to be taken for the protection of minority shareholders was met with shareholders was met with understanding and dignified silence. The moaning of minority shareholders is clearly not something which should stir the majority. And those who assert that the minority shareholders actually form the majority of investors are either confused, or trying to confuse others.

Also on the legislative front, Also on the legislative front, those who incessantly clamour for reforms were decisively routed. Though not everybody understands the deep wisdom which prompted a Parliamentary Counsel to say that "the intelligibility of a Bill is in inverse properties." inverse proportion to its chance of being right", the dictum is all the more respected as experience shows that the more intelligible clauses of a bill invariably attract amend-

Still on the same front, the professional innovators who came up with the idea that the well established and profitable patent litigation should be replaced with a simpler procedure (which would only put ideas into the heads of all sorts of inpecunious inventors), got onal organisation. their lesson: the Bill now in The valiant efforts to extri- Parliament would add yet cate the 22 governments from another step, the County the embarrassing accusations Patent Court, to the litigation

Maggie Urry on slower than expected retail Christmas sales

Sad tidings for stores

most spectacular sale yet on Saturday.

Some stores privately admit that best expectations have not been met. Electrical retailers in particular seem to have had a for-like stores were running in admitstance of cash around. Percentage sales gains in its like inclined and shoppers can the high 20s rather than the 40 in November, with some retailers expect atted price cuts in the cash around and sales to be somewhat patchy.

The stock market crash of mid-October was followed by a difficult time and shoppers can the high 20s rather than the 40 in November, with some retailers expressing concern that the

difficult time and shoppers can expect good price cuts in the sales.

Even in the past few days, when a late surge had been expected because Christmas falls on a Friday, there has, however, been a marked difference in retailers experience.

Department stores such as Selfridges, Liberty and John Lewis have been hectically busy since the high 20s rather than the 40 in November, with some retailers expressing concern that the crash had dented consumer confidence.

Since most retailers make their been on limited these have often been on limited these through these have often been on limited the surge of the surge o

expressing concern that the crash had dented consumer confidence.

A RECORD Christmas, but not a bumper one — that was the verdict from many of Britain's grotto because the queue is an any stores.

A RECORD Christmas, but not a bumper one — that was the verdictif from many of Britain's grotto because the queue is an hour long. Salfridges said.

Salfridges said.

Other retailers such as Store-shopping day left to the holiday, and that an early closing day at many stores.

Many are predicting there will be more bargains than usual in the post-Christmas sales. Underwoods, the London-based chemist chain, starts what it calls its "most spectacular sale yet" on Christmas period.

There are many theories about their own sales. Their own sales.

The puzzle is why shop sales should not have been more buoyant when consumers' dissoluted not have been more ball they are wary of making any firm statements about Christmas sales. Even the success of Christmas Eve's trading - when "wild-retailing the possible income has been rising rapidly. The cut in mortgage rates at the beginning of December was nicely timed for the Christmas season.

Throughout the very are wary of making any firm statements about Christmas sales. Even the success of Chri

There are many theories about why people have not been as generous as usual in their gift-buying. One analyst, Ms Jenny Nibs of Capel-Cure Myers, suggested that the Christmas selling season had been getting later and later in recent years as shoppers made sure their Christmas purchases did not appear on their credit card bills until Janutheir credit card bills until Janutheir credit card bills until Janutheir credit card bills until Janu

Another view is that there is a lack of new products to buy, par-ticularly in the electronics field. A return to traditional gifts has been reported by many stores

UK current account deficit sum widens

THE cumulative deficit on the while the volume of imports rose current account of Britain's balance of payments widened to Mr Lawson said the current

try show that in November, Britain imported almost \$1.2bn more than it exported.

Taking into account an estimated net \$600m surplus on invisibles, the current account deficit in November was \$595m compared with \$282m the month before.

month before.

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, said before the figures were released that it was not suprising that UK imports topped exports because "the British economy is growing so much faster than the rest of the world."

Relative growth rates in the volumes of imports and exports over the year, excluding oil and erratic items, underline the Chancellor's observation. They show an economy hungry for capital goods and semi-processed manufactures, but unable to

ance of payments widened to almost \$600m last month to take the total for the first 11 months of the year to \$2.1bn.

Provisional figures from the Department of Trade and Industry when the tip November without any difficulty."

Mr Lawson said the current account deficit was small in relation to the size of the economy, adding that "we have massive to finance this very small deficit without any difficulty." without any difficulty."

While many independent economists agree that the current account deficit is small in relation to the economy, they point to a steady deterioration of the UK's trading position.

The trading balance is likely to

worsen next year as the rate of economic growth in the UK con-tinues to outpace those of its competitors in Western Europe and North America.

City analysts expect these conditions to put downward pressure on sterling, which authorities may have to support with an

The Treasury forecast a current account deficit for this year of about \$2.5bn and predicted it would grow to \$3.5bn next year.

In November, Britain earned manufactures, but unable to \$6,951m in export income, of export at a rate greater than this which \$714m was from exports of oil. In the same month it In volume terms, exports in imported goods valued at the three months ending November rose 6½ per cent compared accounted for by oil and oil-rewith the same period a year ago, lated products.



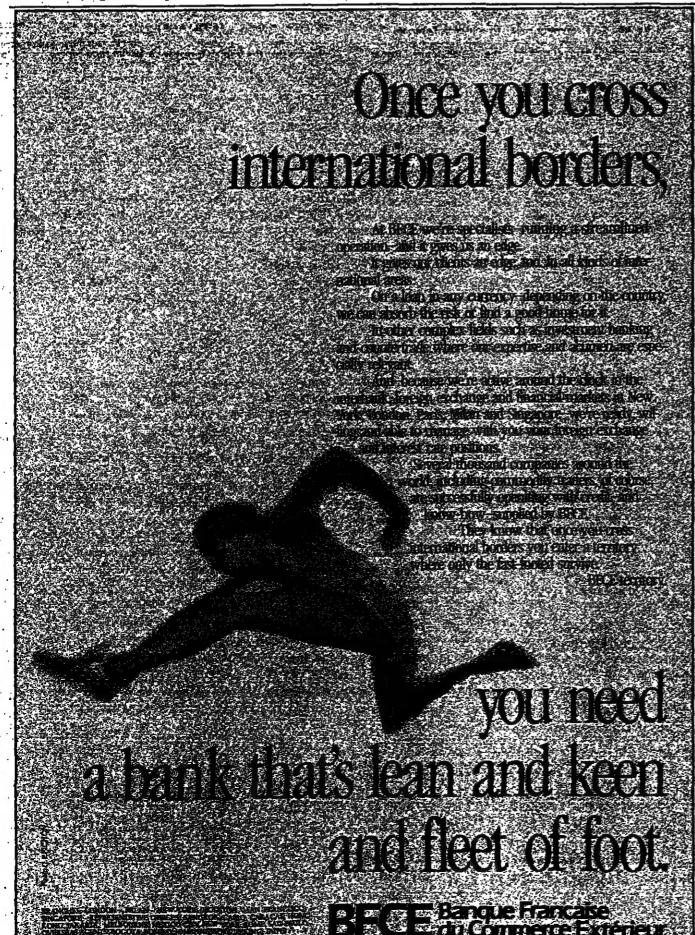
THE FIRST **NAPOLEON** MALT

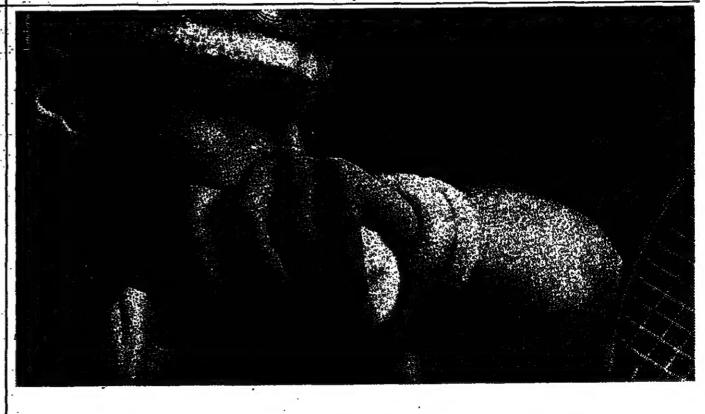
WHISKY. The Glenlivet dynasty

can be traced back to the eighteenth century when M. Bonaparte's rule began.

Today, Scotland's first malt whisky is also first choice in Paris.

Scotland's first malt whisky. —





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Cooling-off

period

extended

to pensions

The "cooling-off" arrange-ments being introduced as

ments being introduced as part of the new regime for protecting investors are to be extended to unit-linked personal pensions, the Securities and Investments Board (SIB) said yesterday. Investors will be able to cancel a contract taken out

call from a salesman up to two weeks after the sale.

The SIB said this year that the two-week "cooling-off" arrangements would apply to life policies and units in collective

SIR rules, these will be the only types of investment that can be sold by cold-

The SIB also published its

scale of fees for investment advisers who seek authoris-ation direct from it, rather

than one of the City's self regulatory organisations (SEOs).

These range from \$750 for a firm with one or two investment staff, to £13,200 for one with more than

1,000, depending on the type of business under-taken.

Slow holiday bookings prompt price cuts

Horizon Group

CHARTER HOLIDAYS

LICENSED BY CAA

world financial markets in mid-October, consumers have appar-

ently decided to hold back from big spending.

Thomson Holidays' decision in early November to cut its total prices by about \$18m appears to

have enabled it to recover mar-

RITISH construction orders in

the three months to the end of October were 23 per cent higher

than in the corresponding period last year, according to govern-ment figures published yester-

day.
Construction output in the UK

is expected to have risen by about 7 per cent this year - the

Output is forecast to incresse

Output is forecast to increase further during 1988, but at a slower rate. Forecasts for construction next year range from a 2.5 per cent increase in output—depending upon whether the start of construction of the Channel tunnel is included in the projections.

panies yesterday launched a round of price cuts to stimulate sluggish sales of next summer's overseas holidays. The move followed a sharp fall

in demand in recent weeks as consumers adopted a wait-andsee approach to booking holidays

Holidaymakers who book in January will be eligible for discounts of up to \$25 from leading tour operators. Thomson Holidays, the market leader, is offer-

days, the market leader, is offering \$25 off certain holidays while Intasun, the second largest operator, is offering \$20.

Travel agents, who have been hit by the slow bookings, are also offering discounts.

Pickfords Travel, one of the largest chains, is offering a \$50 discount on holidays booked next Monday and \$20 off holidays booked until the end of February.

The price cuts coincide with a re-launch of next summer's bro-

Trade estimates suggest book-

ings for next summer are at best level-pegging with the same time last year and, at worst, 10 per cent down, in volume terms. Bookings started briskly in September as those who had to book early took advantage of

Submarine

URKEY IS offering one of its

ventional submarines to assist in the training of Royal Navy and later other navies' anti-subma-rine ships and helicopters in

return for British help in train-ing the crews of its German-de-

signed frigates.
The Royal Navy's Sea Training
Organisation at Portland, Dorset,

provides intensive training for more than 50 British carriers,

destroyers, frigates and auxilia-ries each year, as well as Nether-lands and West German war-

ships.
For such assistance both governments pay substantial fees to Britain, but by offering one of their submarines to Portland to

Turkey is understood to be seek-ing a waiver, or at least a reduc-tion, on the charges for training

tion, on the charges for training their frigate crews.

With the shallow waters of the English Channel unsuitable for deep-diving nuclear powered submarines, the Royal Navy has to rely on the elderly force of Royal Navy deselventic powered submarines to give

istic training in submarine hunt

ing. Although four new Upholder class submarines are under con-

struction, the Royal Navy's conventional undersea force will

drop next year to 11 boots and

the chance to work with one of

In the past, the Netherlands navy offset the cost of training

its surface warships at Portland by lending a submarine. Under a similar arrangement, the West German navy has made some of

its fast, missile-armed attack craft available to simulate the

kind of craft British warships

might encounter in places such as the Gulf.

PO courier service

to Soviet Union

the Turkish navy's much mo modern submarines would be welcomed.

offer to

aid Navy

director of Intasun, said his com-pany had boosted its sales by some 50 per cent over last year, mainly because it offered better prices than Thomson. He said: We are offering price

He said: "We are offering price discounts in January to encourage people to book early rather than leave it late.

"But we don't intend to get into the same situation as last year where the holiday industry had to sell flights off at rock bottom prices. If the holidays are not sold by early next year, then we will reduce capacity and that could lead to a shortage of holidays on the market."

Thomson's Mr Newbold also said holidays not sold would be consolidated into other packages

consolidated into other packages rather than sold off cheaply later on next year. However he pre-dicted an almighty scrap in January as the tour operators fight to win key holiday book-

ings.
Some observers agree that if sales do not pick up in January, then leading operators may carry out a major re-launch of their holiday programmes for next

have enabled it to recover market share lost to Intasun, part of International Leisure Group.

But Mr Charles Newbold, managing director of Thomson Holiday programmes for next summer.

Mr Richard Gapper, managing director of Pickfords Travel, sald: "They have only been tinthe early autumn."

Mr Roger Heape, managing so far."

Construction orders

Forecasts for 1989 are more cautious following the stock market crash. Many observers feel this may affect demand for offices in central London, which has been one of the big growth markets for construction.

markets for construction.

Environment department figures showing construction orders have been affected by the inclusion, in a single large lump, of the contract to build the Channel tunnel, even though the work will take five years to complete

three months to the end of August were 19 per cent lower than in the previous three months, when the Channel tunnel order was included in the July figures.

markets for construction.

These fees, higher than those proposed by the SROs, have been set to cover the costs of regulation, the SIB said.

tion, the SIB said.

The cooling off rule has been extended to unit-linked personal pensions "to establish a level playing field" between these and other unit-linked products, an SIB official said.

At the same time, two products have been freed from the cooling-off rule:

Defined-benefit occupa-

Defined-benefit occupational pension schemes.
 These are sold only to large companies, usually after extensive professional advice, the SIB said.
 Compulsory purchase annuities. Under these schemes, where an annuity is bought with contributions paid into a pension scheme, one month is already allowed before the scheme begins.

Cornhill plans 'discriminated against women' By Nick Sunker

ABOUT 250,000 people covered by insurance schemes run by Cotnhill, the composite insurer, have had their policy wordings changed after the Equal Opportuni-ties Commission said the company could be breaking the law by discriminating

against women. The schemes cover mortgage and other borrowers who want to insure against missing repayments because of unemployment, illness or disability. The commission said it had received complaints from received complaints from the public against several insurers, which had agreed to alter their wordings. Under the Cornhill schemes, only borrowers in fall-time employment could be insured. The commission said this would exclude the

said this works exchange the increasing number of women working in well-paid and permanent part-time jobs. Cornkill would also only pay claims if the policy kolder was drawing unemer was drawing unen ment or sickness bene fits. The commission said many women had opted before 1978 to pay reduced rate National Insurance

John Griffiths on the Japanese car company's plans for expansion Nissan gets ready to accelerate

WHEN THE chairman of Nissan Motor Company, Japan's sec-ond-largest vehicle maker, flies all the way to London to announce a doubling of car-mak-ing capacity in Britain, it might be expected that the chairman of Nissan UK would be there to share the limelight.

He was not But that was no more than expected of Mr Octav Botnar, a mear-octogenarian whose fame in motor trade circles for avoiding the public gaze is matched by his reputation as an autocrat while

the public gaze is matched by his reputation as an autocrat while running Nissan UK in private.

On this occasion, however, mention of Nissan UK and Mr Botnar also brought looks of studied politeness to the faces of Mr Takashi lahihara and his officials, including London-based Mr Toshio Yasuda, who handles corporate affairs in Europe. For Nissan UK is owned not by Nissan but by Mr Botnar.

He is acknowledged as the architect, over nearly 20 years, of Nissan's biggest sales success in western Europe. The UK last year accounted for over one third of Nissan's 300,000 European total with 109,242 cars registered, representing a 5.8 per cent market share.

In spite of this, the Japanese company is seeking, with mounting frustration, to change the restionship. It has been trying for several years to buy out Mr Botnar and take over the company that has distributed its products so successfully in the lik.

ucts so successfully in the

Nissan of Japan's anxiety to do so is understandable. It might not be essential for a manufacturer to own its importer/distrib-utor. Audi/Volkswagen, for example, has a similar market share to Nissan in the UK, but the importing company is a Lon-rho subsidiary. But for Nissan, the stakes are becoming much

higher.

It intends to keep the more than 50 per cent alice of Japanese new car exports to the UK it is allowed under the Angio-Japanese "gentlemen's agreement," which restricts Japan's share of the UK new car market to 11 per cent.

To that, it intends to add 60,000 units a year of UK-produced Bluebirds when its Sunderland plant is fully on stream. A further 40,000 units will be added from 1992, when the small betables which will be added to the small stream the stream the small stream to the small stream the small stream the small stream to the small stream the small stream to the small hatchback which will replace the Micra - announced by Mr Ishi-hara - is in full production at

210,000 cars to be absorbed by UK buyers. This represents a share of more than 10 per cent of



that it has sometimes had diffi-

it has to increase sales by a half, or more, over the next two years.

action to lure business car buy-ers, including the loan of cars for

even this year's record market, which today will reach 2m for the first time.

Nissan can achieve this goal only by taking market share from somebody else. It acknowledges that gains of this size must come through the fleet market, from which it is almost entirely absent.

absent.

It will probably tread hard on the heels of Rover Group and Vauxhall, which trail some way behind market leader Ford, and are most vulnerable to a major new fleet competitor.

With Nissan UK's 300 dealers already facing the prospect of moving a large number of extra cars next year — when nearly all 60,000 vehicles to be produced are likely to be catagorised as British — the Japanese compeny's concern to be in direct conny's concern to be in direct control of distribution and marketing strategies becomes understandable, no matter how efficient Mr Botnar's operation

has been in the past.
Weighing increasingly heavily on Nissan's mind is what is likely to be seen as the sheer incongruity of a large-scale manufacturer being dependent on a private company in the actual country of production.

Infortunately from Nissan's Unfortunately, from Nissan's point of view, Mr Botnar appears

to see things differently.

Mr Botnar does not appear
ready to sell and, while not commenting publicly on the issue,
has suggested in informal conversations that Nissan will need him for some years to steer the Japanese through the intricacies of the UK market.

up to a year to some potentially valuable customers, other incen-tive schemes and the fitting out of the Bluebird 1.6L with fea-In the meantime, the tentalive negotations opened several years ago have drifted to a halt. "We want the takeover to be amicable," said a senior Japanese offithe meantime, the tentatives tures such as electric windows tations opened several years and central locking unmatched have drifted to a halt. "We by any of its UK-based rivals. How successful it will be in said a senior Japanese offications unlikely to become clear until

you've got to have a partner."
What neither side will disclose What neither aide will disclose are the terms of the agreement under which Nissan UK has the franchise, and if it has a specific expiry date. Nor will the Japanese officials say if or what pressure might be brought to bear on Mr Botnar to bring him to the negotiating table. In the meantime, Nissan UK is investing heavily in the dealer infrastructure and seeking several dozen further sites to go into operation by the end of next year under a dealer development programme. Since the scheme's inception nearly three years ago, Nissan has set up more than 80 large outlets and more than 25 smaller ones by offering low-cost loans and premises to potential may have drawn encouragement from a survey of company attitudes published by a Windsorbased group in September suggesting that only 6 per cent of UK companies would now ban Japanese-badged vehicles from their fleets.

Mr Norman Donkin, a circum-of the Lease Pian UK contract hire and leasing group, and co-author of the widely-used Monk's Guide to Company Car Policy, is not so sure.

"Old habits, and the buy British-badge rules, die hard. I think it's going to take Nissan an awful lot of time to get to sell cars in the quantities they want.

certainly, none of our clients are approaching us for Nissans, although we do get the odd senior executive who wants a loans and premises to potential Some motor trade observers have suggested that Nissan will need all the help it can get to meet UK sales targets. Nissan UK has, in the past, furiously denied allegations - particularly from rival Japanese importer Colt-

senior executive who wants a particular Japanese car. That's more likely to be a Honda or Toyota, though."

Meanwhile, Nissan's European-based rivals have been quick to question the true extent of the benefits of the expanded Nissan presence - not least whether a direct job creation rate of one job per evita 71 cars produced (1400) culty in selling all its import quota, and that these difficulties will become all the greater when per extra 71 cars produced (1,400 workers are to be employed to build the extra 100,000 cars a year in production in the UK) is a gain if half of those cars are substitute sales for a Ford, Rover or Vauxhall. In the first II months of this year Nissan's market share fell back slightly, from 5.78 to 5.61

Nissan is countering that argument by pointing out that full production of 200,000 cars a year will require \$450m worth of component purchases in Europe in 1992, even though there are no plans for engine or transmis-A spokesman for the UK man-

ufacturing subsidiary was unable to give a figure for component purchases this year or likely pur-chases in 1988.

Society plans

insurance link

Royal Trust Bank to open Bristol branch

rise 23% in year

BY ANTHONY MORETON

"significant business", early

next year.

It is being assisted by the local office of Arthur Young, the accountancy firm, which is acting as its consultant in the

The bank, a wholly owned subsidiary of Canada's Royal Trust, is seeking to extend its influence in the south-west through assistance to small

ROYAL TRUST BANK is to Mr Jeremy Dummett; of open a branch in Bristol, a part Royal Trust Bank, London, file of the Bristol area is a broad one, not dependent on any one industry. There are many medium-sized companies at which the bank's services are simed.

'in general economic terms the area has great potential, as witnessed by the growth of local business and the fact that a number of major companies have selected Bristol as their base."

Talks on Tube disaster

of the King's Cross disaster yes-terday held "constructive" compensation negotiations with London Regional Transport.
The meeting followed a letter to the lawyers from LRT indicating claimants will not have to

prove LRT's liability for negli-THE POST OFFICE is to begin a gence to obtain compensation The Lawyers Co-ordinating Group, which represents the injured and bereaved, said LRT would respond to the lawyers high-speed courier service to the Soviet Union in the new year, enabling urgent documents to be

proposals early in the new year. LRT has already promised that claimants will be reimbursed immediately for expenses and

the cost of private medical treat-ment incurred as a result of the The official inquiry into the tragedy will begin in February.

Hundreds of floral tributes placed outside King's Cross since the fire will be removed after

British Coal works 'may close'

ic cuts in its last remaining engineering works in South Wales in the new year and may even close the operation.

even close the operation.

The 274 employees at Tredomen Engineering, outside Cardiff, have been told that the \$2m-a-year losses can no longer be sustained, especially as the order book is "less than healthy" and does not look like improv-

Tredomen Engineering, which makes mining equipment — almost all of which is sold within British Coal — will review the

tion could continue profitably an attempt to do so will be launched. But Mr Keith Griffiths, managing director, has warned the workforce that, despite Brit-ish Coal's general policy of no compulsory redundancies, in the event of a total closure, employees "may be offered" jobs else-

Llanelli site for £16m retail park

tracted. It has been making losses for about seven years despite the closure of the nearby works at Tredegar some years ago. In an effort to stay alive it has already had its workforce cut substantially.

Those leaving the industry could qualify at the top end of the scale for as much as \$55,000. tracted. It has been making THE SWANSEA Building Society

Those leaving the industry could qualify at the top end of the scale for as much as £25,001, a sum that has proved highly attractive elsewhere in South Wales when pits have been faced borough Building Society has with closure. If they leave before Tredomen has been faced with next March, they could also falling demand for its equipment receive a supplementary \$5,000.

borough Building Society has said it is tying up with Legal & General, while the Cheshire Building Society will become an appointed representative for General Accident Life.

Oil field go-ahead By Max Wilkinson of Sun Oil, the US independent, said it had received permission

This small field contains 17.5m

THE BJ.GROUP, of Swanses, is and a hypermarket, a hotel, Swanses is beginning to grow. to develop a \$16m retail park fast-food restaurants, a petrol Swanses itself has attracted outside Llanelli in south-west station and car showrooms. station and car showrooms. The site is near the end of the such as B and Q. Tesco and First M4, a part of Wales avoided by City as well as a hotel to its

Wales, an area that has had great difficulty in attracting new

Mr Mike James, B.J.'s manag-ing director, claims the develop-ment will be the first purpose-built retail park in Wales. ment will be the first purpose-built retail park in Wales.

The scheme will include

200,000 sq ft of non-food stores

The scheme will developments beyond pleted by the spring of 1989.

modern developments.

Lest month, however, an imag- as the enterprise zone.

inative retail development was announced in the fast-growing Bridgend area, between Cardiff

Work has just started on the

NORTH SEA Sun Oil, subsidiary to develop the Glamis oil field about 150 miles north-east of

barrels of recoverable oil. It will be developed at a cost of \$62m using sub-sea installations con-nected to the nearby Balmoral

GROUPE REDOUTE EXTRACTS FROM THE LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM MR PATRICK POLLET

By the end of the first 1987-88, half-year the Redoute Group achieved with comparable data, a turnover including taxes of 5,450 million francs (+8.9%) and a net profit of 36.4 million francs against 33.1 (+10.1%).

The Redoute Catalogue economic unit (Redoute Catalogue, S.N.E.R., Redoute Catalogue Benekot, Movitex and Cyrillus) show a turnover including taxes of F4,286 million (+8.6%) and a net profit of F40.2 million (+8.8%), By November 30, 1987 (9 months of activities), the turnover reaches F7,196 million (+9.3% against the same period of the preceding fiscal year). The Vestro-S.I.A.D. unit achieved a global turnover of 232 billion line.

(+16%) and a net profit of 774 million lire (+29.4%).

By November 30, 1987 (9 months of activities), the turnover reached 380 billion lire (+18%).
Other activities - Taking into account the arrangements which we will have to make before the end of the year concerning Editiona Rombaldi, we have made at the group level, a provision for loss and expenses of nearly 10 million francs-

Finaref - The results of the first six months show a net increase: net profit of F15.6 million (+51.4%). End of November (11 months of activities) the financing granted reached F3,300 million (+34%).

The insurance companies Le Chene and the brokerage company

Redoute Assurances have carried on their expansion with total premiums of F25 million (+35%) for the first six months of the year. Following the various Stock Exchange and monetary shocks, the present situation forces us to be more cautious. In the past we have been able to verify that our distribution system was traditionally developing more rapidly than the other forms of trade, even during the periods of slowing down of the consumer activities. We therefore still hope to end the current year with an increase of the consolidated turnover of around 8% (+9.1% at the end of the first

FOR 30 YEARS, the creation of a The agreement, says Mrs Lil-free market in non-life insurance in the European Community has to Lloyd's of London on EC Company name

the UK's hig blue-chip insurance bald's excitement are straightfor-brokers.

However, news of a break-through late last week in minisprocess of "establishing" a base terial talks in Brussels — which in other EC countries in order to handle lead to fuse the straightfor-brokers.

of Ministers, is relatively simple.

After a phasing-in period lasting some acepticism — understance to December 31 1992, most Eurobly.

The 1958 Treaty of Rome mandated a gradual EC abolition of national barriers to free trade in national barriers to free trad

holder which can satisfy two out insurance regulation of three criteria: 250 or more The other stumbling

been a tantalising dream.

"We've always been ever so libyd's and the London market slightly sceptical about the of quite monumental proporchances of it happening," says an executive at Willis Faber, one of the reasons for Mrs Archi-

terial talks in Brussels — which should lead to free cross-border competition among insurers to cover so-called "big industrial risks" — has contounded some, although by no means all, of the cynics in London's insurance market.

The gist of the deal schieved by Denmark on Friday, just two weeks before it finishes its term as president of the EC's Council of Ministers, is relatively simple.

After a phasing-in period lasting some scepticism — understanda-

"big risks" will be allowed free access to buy property and liability coverage from insurers based anywhere in the Community – including London subsidiaries of the treaty's liberal ideals became ance groups.

A big risk will mean any policy bolder which can extight two out including London subsidiaries of the treaty's liberal ideals became "stuck and almost floundered on the legally imposed precondition to harmonise all Community bolder which can extight two out

The other stambling block has been the uneven development of employees, turnover of more been the uneven development of than Ecu128m (58.8m), or a balance sheet total of more than domestic insurance industries—
Ecu6.2m (54.3m). Until the end 'which in the past led to fears by of 1992, the thresholds will be smaller nations that welldouble that.

THE WORLD'S TOP 19 INSURANCE BROKERS 1986 gross revenues Marsh & McLeman (US)
Alexander & Alexander (US)
Sedgwick Groto (UK)
Johnson & Higgins (US)
Frank B. Hall (US)
Frank B. Hall (US)
Willis Faber (UK)
Millis Faber (UK)
Minet Holdings (UK)
Rollins Burdick Hunter (US)
Jardine Insurance Brokers (UK)
C. F. Heath (UK)

Nick Bunker looks at a European Community deal over competition in non-life insurance

Free market breakthrough is a gift for insurers

C.E. Heath (UIC)
Stewart Wrightson (UIC)
Hogg Robinson (UIC)
Bain Clarkson (UIC) Barin Garsson (UK)
Arthur J. Gallagher (US)
Bayly, Martin & Fay (US)
Fargere & Jutheau (France)
Jauch & Huboner (West Germany
Hudig-Langeveldt (Netherlands)

"Whighton is now part of Willis False,

and insurance companies, and Lloyd's syndicates, would rapidly dominate a liberalised European market. One worry still in Parisian insurance circles is that European brokers are too few and too small to compete with giants like Sedgwick in directing the flow of premium money

Fears such as this helped cause a series of false dawns in the creation of a free insurance market. Friday's talks were actually addressing issues raised in the European Commission Second Non-Life insurance Co-ordina-

Starce: Susiness Instrucce engastes, Chicago, tion Directive of 1975. The final frustration was in. December 1986. Then, the European Court appeared to strike a blow for bassez fairs when it ruled against West Germany, France, Ireland and Denmark in cases brought by the European Commission. The Commission

\$139.4m \$119.9m \$118.8m

\$92.7m \$90.9m

practice that insurers wanting to do business in their countries had to be established there. However, the terms of the main judgment - in the so-called Schleicher case - were most

had objected to their insurance

supervision laws which meant in

according to DTI officials, is that January 1 1990 is a likely date

to begin accepting some "big risks" from all over the EC. Officially, the EC's Internal Market Council only achieved on Friday what it called "an infor-mal qualified majority" on the issue. The European Commission now has to produce the complete text of a new, amended direc-

The signs in Brussels were that West Germany wants to have this ready by June 30 1988, when it finishes its forthcoming term as council president. Then, member nations will need per-haps 18 months to alter their own insurance laws.

Last week's agreement also featured some small print.

First, Greece, the Republic of Ireland, Portugal and Spain won a special dispensation. They

Delphic," says Mrs Archibald, and it had little spparent impact. So what happens now, after Denmark's breakthrough? In theory, there is nothing to stop an underwriter insuring West German factories direct from London immediately.

The hattern line however. (mainly marine and aviation business), and for credit and "surety" insurance.

Spain will have until December 31, 1996 to phase in free access to foreign insurers for "big risk" policy holders, using the same 250-employee threshold as other EC nations. The deadline for Greece, Portugal and Ireland is the end of 1998.

Second, the Internal Market Council has had to prescribe some "localisation" of the reserves which insurance compariles set up to cover their liabili-ties to policy holders.

An insurance company which operates out of London, say, and insures Greek factories has to decide in which currency to keep its reserves. It would probably be reluctant to maintain them in drachmas.

Last Friday's solution by the reland, Portogal and Spain won a special dispensation. They feared the thresholds for defining a "big risk" were too low - leaving the lion's share of their commercial insurance market to solve from abroad. pen to seizure from abroad.

According to the British insurer would have to "match" those liaers' International Committee, bilities with assets held in the which represents insurance com-

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Britannia seeks review of policy over airlines

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

second biggest airline, yesterday, airline may have to compete called for a comprehensive unfairly, these questions will not review of the Government's airline competition and traffic discovered Country to the competition of the competition and line competition and traffic distribution policies

The call follows the agreed British Airways takeover of Brit-Britannia, part or the Thomson were flawed from their inception and are clearly now left in tat-

by the Airlines of Britain Group to block the takeover through the European Court.

Meanwhile Mr. Kenneth Clarke, the Trade and Industry Minister, said he thought the European Commission — which said it might take legal action to challenge certain aspects of the take-over—was unlikely to the - was unlikely to try to

stop it.
Mr Dave Hopkins, managing director of Britannia, said the takeover should be allowed to go ahead, and that the attempt to stille it through the European Commission and European Court was "prolonging the lingering death throes of British Caledonian, and ignores the genuine competition that already exists from British's charter airlines."

"Although the scheduled at

Although the scheduled airlines' glossy advertising cam-paigns seem only aimed at the business traveller, most airline passengers are travelling for leisure purposes and charter domi-

nates this market. The charter airlines have been providing pessengers with the chespest air fares available anywhere in the world for nearly three decades, and compe-tition from charter airlines has forced scheduled fares down, Mr

Hopkins said.
"Scheduled fares on European routes on which there is a significant charter presence are at least 40 per cent lower than on those with little or no charter

those with little or no charter had been resolved: I do not take to see further uncertainty and I while the BA takeover of BCal does raise some questions out things in the New Year.

BRITANNIA AIRWAYS, the UK's about the increased potential the European Court

What is required is a review of the Government's current policies on competition and transport distribution which were flawed from their inception

The policies include the per mitting of at least two UK sched-uled sirlines to fly in competition on international air routes. Now that BCal, hitherto the now that Bual hitherto the principal "second force" interna-tional airline, is being merged with BA, there will be room for other independents, such as Britannia, to apply for scheduled international licences. Some have already done so, and others are likely to do so soon.

However, Britannia, like other mainly charter airlines, is airsid that BA's strengthened position at Gatwick will encourage it to jush the charter operators aside and try to force them to Stansted.

This "redistribution" has been advocated in the past by BCal and the charter airlines fear it will now be adopted by BA. By seeking a review, the charter airlines hope to establish more clearly their long-term right to remain at Gatwick.

Mr Clarke, speaking on BBC radio, said he had met Mr Sutherland, the Competition Commis-sioner, on Tuesday, and although the Commission had "theoretical powers" to block a merger, those were not the terms in which the Commissioner had been talking.

Mr Clarke said he would regret any intervention by the Commis-sion because the takeover battle

Lydd offers Stolport radar surveillance

radar difficulties that have resulted in the suspension of Paris flights from the London City Airport - popularly known as Stolport - has been proposed by the new owner of Lydd Air-

port in Kent.

Mr Jonathan Gordon, managing director of the Lydd Airport Group, which took over the airfield last year and has extensively modernised it has told the Civil Aviation Authority that further demands on Gatwick air Lydd is willing to upgrade its traffic control which is already existing radar equipment shead: overstretched."

A POSSIBLE solution to the of schedule to handle Stolport's

Mr Gordon believes that Lydo Airport is well placed to offer the cross-Channel radar surveillance needed to ensure the safety of the low-level flights on the Dock-lands to Paris route.

"We have contacted the CA to discuss this service," said Mr Gordon. "We see it as a more realistic alternative than making

Aircraft handling charge proposal for Manchester

BY MICHAEL DONNE

ance link

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3,797

A REVISED formula for calculation to airport users while leaving increased charges for handling aircraft at Manchester Airairport in a financially sound oning arrerait at manchesser Air arrort has been proposed by the Civil Avlation Authority, following recommendations from the Monopolies Commission.

The plan provides for the operate, would be sample to entirely many to be lived at the many five years of forecasts of

next five years to be fixed at the rate of inflation, less I percent-age point, using current charges Manchester Airport plc, the

Manchester Airport pic, the newly-formed company running the airport, has 30 days to comment to the CAA on the plan.

The Monopolies Commission report suggested that the RPI minus one formula would give the necessary degree of protections.

The report said the company at taken steps to put in place a functional costing system, which would provide the management with the transparency required to compare the costs of the necessary degree of protections.

mance, required no forecasts of future traffic levels, would min-imise uncertainty about tariff levels and could be checked ess-

Challenge to power station bid rivals

THE GOVERNMENT has challenged the main rivals for the contract to develop the UK's first lignite-fired power station in Northern ireland to improve on their

chairman of the publicly-owned Northern Ireland. Electricity, and Sir Deamond Lorimer, thairman of Antrim Power, the private consortium, have been given until January 31 to come up with revised fig-

Mr Peter Viggers, the Northern Ireland Industry Minister, made it clear to both chairmen darlier this week that the Government favoured a private-sector power station providing it was in the best interests of the province's economy.

The contract, understood to be worth about \$500m would be Northern Ireland's biggest industrial project. It would provide about 8,000 jobs during the construction phase and a fur-

ther 600 permanent jobs. NIE has argued that the NIE has argued that the Government should complete Kilroot power station at Carrickfergus as a dual coal and oil-fired plant before proceeding with the development of the country's lignite resources.

Dr Shlerbeek said yester-day "I am still confident that our proposals stand up to scruttay."

But Sir Desmond said it was imperative that the Government proceeded immediately with the pro-posed lignite plant at Crum-lin in County Antrim.

He said it would be a great tragedy for Northern Ireland if the private sector did not get the go-ahead.

Sir Desmond was concerned that the Government did not unduly delay an announcement after the

Opponents of lighte development insist that not enough research has been carried out into the environmental consequences of exploiting the fuel.

Mr Niall Fitsduff of the pressure group Lignite Action said that the envi-ronmental implications had been largely overlooked as a result of political expedi-

Post Office

By Terry Dodgworth

notched up another Christ-mas mail record this year, beating the figure it set last year when it handled L4bn

eards, letters and parcels in December.

Although a final tally for this year's Christmas post has still to be established, the Post Office said yesterday that the 1986 total had already been exceeded with a few days to go.

Sir Bryan Nicholson, chairman, attributed the demand to value-for-money postal prices.

handles record mail volume

THE POST Office has cards, letters and parcels in

postal prices.
The Christmas rush began earlier than usual, with about 65m items posted on each of the first few days of December, compared to the normal 50m.

David Brindle sees a small piece of railway history overtaken by new technology

Ticket to ride reaches the end of the line

today with the printing of the last Edmondson.

Mr Bob Bradley and Mrs Pat ticket enthusiast and author of a Howell, British Rail's only pamphlet on Thomas Edmond-remaining practitioners of the son. craft, will coax an elderly Water-

For the uninitiated, Edmondson track. This was after Edmondson son is the name for the slip of cardboard, measuring 2% inches by 1% inches, which has served as the standard railway ticket for most of the history of the transport system in the UK.

Invented in the 1830s by the that was onen to abuse.

son, the basic concept was never Edmondson's station at Milton, improved upon. Now, however, (now Brampton) Cumbria. on it is giving way to the computer age, to "Aptis" and "Portis" ate a modern up-market image, will facilitate nightly revenue and data checks and will set the UK in the forefront of railway

"I don't think I shall ever get up quite the same enthusiasm,' laments Mr Michael Farr, leading

craft, will coax an elderly Waterlow press into like and clatter out.

the few remaining orders. After
a brief ceremony, they – and the
Edmondson – will take retirement.

For the uninitiated, EdmondFor the uninitiated, Edmond
rack. This was after Edmondson

that the retire pence) a year for every mile of
track. This was after Edmondson

Invented in the 1830s by the that was open to abuse, tation master Thomas Edmond-The ticket innovation of

(now Brampton) Cumbris, on the former Newcastle and Carage, to "Aptis" and "Portis" lisie Railway. By the time he machines which print at the died in 1851, his company was point of sale producing thinner marketing printing presses, stortickets the size of credit cards. These, says BR, will help cre-pers and even a shredder for dis-te a modern up-market image, posal of tickets to prevent their traudulent re-use.

The production technology, little changed, has since 1967 been based at BR's paper and printing

Perhaps. Yet there will be division at Crewe where, at the many rail travellers who will peak, more than 300m Edmond-mourn the passing of the son tickets were printed annu-Edmondson, one of the last links ally on 28 Waterlow presses. With the steam age. Aptia tickets The works still houses the



Bob Bradley and Pat Howell produce the last batch of Edmonson tickets at Crewe

printing blocks and plates for virtually every conceivable journey on BR present and past. "Early morning return, Norwich (Thorpe) to Brundell Gardens Halt, fare 1/4, says one.

"One motor car (circular) over As the Edmondson has been

13 feet and up to 14 feet 6 inches. At owner's risk. With driver. Rothesay and Wemyss gradually phased out, tickets produce this?"

produced at Crewe in recent Enclosed, of months have been mainly for Edmondson.

private railways, a number of which ordered several years' supply in advance of the prin-

tworks' closure.

Mr Bradley, the works fitter, has gradually cannibalised the Waterlows — which all pre-date the 1948 railway nationalisation the 1948 railway nationalisation - to keep production going. One press has gone to the National Railway Museum at York others may be bought by preservation groups such as the Transport Tickets Society.

Sadly, but probably inevitably, the tens of thousands of blocks and plates are likely to be melted down.

For some months, Edmondsons ror some months, Edmondsons will still be spotted in use on BR as certain stations and travel agents use up their stocks pending full installation of the \$40m Aptis (Accountancy and Passenger Ticket Issuing System) and Portable Ticket Issuing System)

hope for devotees of the card-board token. BR's paper and ferry rather than train use. printing division recently (Reputedly, there are similar received a letter from a Turkish print blocks for tickets for railways official, unaccountably hearses "with coffin with written in German, which on translation was found to intuite:

Enclosed, of course, was an

There's a place that's really in the pink!

What's it Called ?



benefits of setting up in Cumbernauld, Scotland's liveliest town. Indeed, last year, nineteen of them were so

flushed with new business they moved to bigger

But considering Cumbernauld's unique location, the success is only natural.

For a base servicing the Scottish, UK and International markets - by road, rail, sea and air — our communications are unbeatable.

And our open and enlightened attitude to building business continues to attract success.

superb range of incentives and an enthusiastic Development Corporation ready to advise, guide and assist on every aspect of making the town your new home.

Now, an ideal location is your easiest position

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A NEW GENERATION

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Sky channel goes to Hungary BY RAYMOND SNODDY

MR RUPERT Murdoch's satellite television channel Sky has made including and the control of the channel sky has made including and the copyright agency Artisjus.

Sky, the advertising-financed general entertainment channel is now available to more than 10.8m homes in western Europe, was launched this week on seven cable television networks in Hungary.

Hungary is the first eastern Sky has been available in a ment with more than a dozen

Hungary is the first eastern European country to take Sky, which relies heavily on American programming. The launch follows agreements with the

Export order for truck plant

By John Griffiths

THE NEW owner of Bedford's former truck and bus-making operation has announced the first export orders for the reorganised company.

They are for 1,800 truck and bus chassis, with a declared retail value of \$16m.

Mr David Brown, who controls an industrial group with its headquarters at Peterlee, County Durham, acquired Bedford's manufacturing operations at Dunstable in November for an undisclosed sum, and set up a

undisclosed sum, and set up a company, AWD, to run it.

AWD said the largest order, for 1,000 TJ850 bonneted truck chassis, was from Saida Star Auto, the Morrocan distributor and appropriate of other products of assembler of other products of Mr Brown's industrial group. Deliveries will start in January.

Sky has been available in a ment with more than a dozen member of Budapest hotels since the spring and has co-produced a casting Union on the creation of pop music show in Budapest with Magyar Televizio, the Hun-Frontsource set to buy LRT Bus Engineering

FRONTSOURCE, a private company which bought eight engineering depots from the National consultant had an unfair advantage in bidding for the companeering chaser of LRT Bus Engineering, dishonourably. which is being privatised by London Regional Transport.

Frontsource is headed by Mr Robert Beattle, who was at the centre of a Commons row over allogations that he had benefited from information gained while working as a privatisation consultant to NBC.

Mr Beattie left NBC before bidding for the engineering companies, and was cleared of any impropriety after an investiga-tion by Mr John Moore, the then transport Secretary.

the company will close if pro-tests threaten the proposed sale, expected to be concluded soon.

Details of Mr Beattle's interest in LRT Bus Engineering (BEL) emerged in a letter to staff by Mr Bill Fairhall, BEL chairman. The letter followed a 38-hour strike by about 200 BEL workers who returned to work after LRT promised to clear up uncertainty.

Mr Fairhall said staff would

retain free LRT travel for at least a year, with a pension scheme similar to that operated by LRT. but without index linking.

LRT has warned BEL workers

BY THE YEAR 2000, there should be some 5m people over 85 years old in the US. This is a statistic that Dan Jornat, senior vice president and treasurer at Walgreens - the nation's largest drugstore chain - is fond of

For a company that earns 25 per cent of its revenues from the sale of prescribed treatments, the ageing of the US population is nothing but good news. People over 70 use an average of 13 prescriptions a year, according to federal statistics, as opposed to most of the rest of the population - except babies - which uses less than half that

Walgreens, which has seen its sales increase almost fourfold in the last 10 years to \$4.3bn, is set to cash in on the growing use of prescriptions by expanding aggressively and pushing its proprietary technology. Three years ago, the company entered the fastest growth rate in its history — opening or acquiring 402 stores by the end of fis-

With current plans calling for the addition of 100 new stores a year to its core of 1,400, Walgreens has spread out vigorously from its modest roots on the south side of Chicago.

In 1901, Charles Walgreen, son of a Swedish immigrant and grandfather of

the company's present chairman, opened a tiny pharmacy in a then-af-fluent south Chicago neighbourhood. In a city that marked its 150th birth-day this year, that store now forms part of its history and has been recon-

part or its history and has been reconstructed at Chicago's Museum of Science and Industry.
However, in spite of championing the popular soda fountains of the 1920s and growing rapidly in the Chicago area, Walgreens had stagnated by

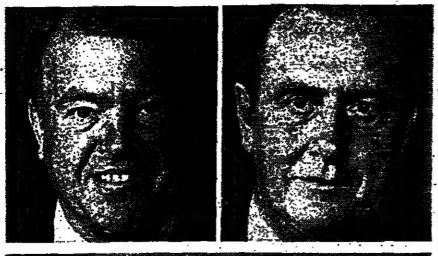
the early 1970s.
According to Rick Nelson, retail analyst at Chicago's Duff and Phelps investment firm, before 1975 Wal-greens was viewed as a "stodgy organisation, with ageing stores, poor diversi-fication, floundering profits and disinterested management

The turnround was made by the new management team of Charles Walgreen III as chief executive officer and Fred Canning as president. While the rest of the drugstore industry pursued a course of diversification, Walgreens moved back to its core pharmacy business, "which is the only thing we know how to do well any-

way, comments Jorndt.
In the late 1970s, the company sold a chain of Globe discount stores in the Southwest, got out of the optical busi-ness and sold its share in a joint venture combination grocery/drugstore. Walgreen and Canning also dismantled the company's franchise system.

Recognising that the company's stores fare better in an urban environment. Walgreens moved out of some of its smaller markets to concentrate on the big cities. "If we are in a market, we want to be number one or two in market share in a relatively short period," stresses Jorndt. "If we can't do that, we probably shouldn't be there." The typical Walgreens customer

visits it for about 20 minutes once a week, and spends \$8-\$10 on a couple of





A prescription for growth

An ageing US population is good news for Walgreens. Deborah Hargreaves explains why

items. This means the company can locate its stores as close as two blocks apart. Once established in a major market, its policy is to spread out as quickly as possible and saturate the market, declares Canning.

This is what Walspeeps is trying to

This is what Walgreens is trying to do with its recent entry into the north east of the US. Last year's acquisition of the 66 stores in the Medi Mart chain - based in New England - has given Walgreens an important foothold in a market in which it had little previous strength. The company estimates it can add a further 150 stores just in Medi Mart's trade locations, which do not include New York.

After taking over Medi Mart in June 1986, Walgreens had spent over \$100,000 per store by November that year in re-modelling all 66 outlets. It then hit the New England customers with a major promotional campaign of newspaper and TV ads. The "Grand Opening" advertising section in local

newspapers displays two-for-one ads as well as stressing Walgreens' commit-ment to reasonably-priced prescrip-

Typically, a new Walgreens store rypically, a new waigreens store will lose money in its first year of operation, the second year will be a break-even one and it will make money in its third year. After that Jorndt sees it going steadily upwards; "a store will really get into its stride by the seventh year."

The attenty unwards curve in a

The steady upwards curve in a store's sales will depend on attracting prescription customers. These are hard win, but, once hooked, are among the most loyal customers in retailing. Nelson at Duff and Phelps stresses.

In wooling the prescription customer, Waldreens has a very powerful ally on its side. The company's proprietary "Intercom" on-line computer system, developed over a period of six years and launched in 1984, is, so far, the only national network of its type.

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Intercom holds patient profiles in a central computer, which means that all customers can go into any Wal-greens store and get their prescription made up to specification.

In a country with a population as mobile as that of the US and where a visit to a doctor can cost up to \$100 a throw, Intercom has proved a strong marketing tool for Walgreens. The system can also print out a full medication record for customers wishing to write medical expenses off against tax.
"It allows us to be very flexible."

enthuses Jornat. We can push a but-ton centrally and change the entire pricing structure for one product or a new store. Walgreens has been push-ing intercom on an exclusive basis to many private medical plans, which often specify a pharmacy service.
Intercom also speeds up the handling of welfare claims, which many

pharmacists are reluctant to fill, given the bureaucracy involved. The system makes it eight times quicker to com-plete this type of third party claim, Walgreens estimates, than doing it all by hand.

Walgreens estimates, than doing it all by hand.

The growth of the company's prescription business and the success of its key departments has helped Walgreens achieve a store productivity level of \$322 per square foot – almost twice the industry average.

The company's display unit at its suburban Chicago headquarters reviews 16 departments each; month. Photographs are taken of what each display should look like and sent out to the company's stores. With this as guidance, each store will change all its merchandise every year.

The fast turnover of items enables the company to stay abreast of new

the company to stay abress of new products and gear its lines to match the neighbourhood.

The company has matured from being the inventor of the innocent chocolate malted milk drink of the sods fountains to its position as one of the largest liquor sellers in the US. However, in this area it competes locally against the much bigger gro-

cery-cum-drugstores.

While the company is aiming for an overall growth rate of 14 to 15 per cent a year, "upfront" sales - all non-pre scription items - last year had slowed to 45 per cent growth. Canning is dissatisfied with this - he is pushing for 7 per cent increases in these mittee to review the return on invest

mittee to review the return on investment of every "upfront" product.

Duff and Phelps projects that Walgreens should gradually accumulate cash to reach \$235m by 1991, as opposed to \$98m in 1986. This will provide a deep capital base for future acquisitions, through which Walgreens plans to add 30 stores a year.

It has no plans for diversification; 97 per cant of its annual revenues accrue from the drugstore business. The remaining 3 per cent comes from a small-chain of Wags coffee shops — a remnant of the old soda fountains.

mnant of the old soda fountains. Walgreens remains unconcerned about any recessionary effects of the stock market crash; it points out that its customers make small purchases. "You'll always have \$8 to \$10 in your

Palmer reckons, will come out at around \$1.8m.

Hinari's development says a lot about the structure of the

world consumer electronics

industry today. While virtually

all of its products come at pres-ent from the Far East, this is

its range of audio equipment,

video cassette recorders and televisions wherever it can

strike the right deal. The

in Britain.

Exploiting all sorts of sources

Brian Palmer tells Terry Dodsworth how he has taken on Far East competition



pany very flexible, ready to elaborate assembly processes change its product lines rap and eventually, he hopes, a idly. British companies in the broadly-based component-buypast have tended to launch products and then sell them from stock. We try to manufacture against orders. You run into financial trouble when you are carrying a lot of inventory you cannot shift." not simply a question of buy-ing in equipment from a single Japanese supplier.

The company has a bewil-dering range of sources for its components, and it assembles

 Product strategy also has Product strategy also has to be innovative, constantly changing to present the public with something new. Hinari's big winner in 1987, for exam-ple, has been a digital alarm television. There was nothing unusual in the technology of this product. But the packaging this product, but the packaging and the combination of televinature of its business is essen- and the combination of televi-tially as an assembler and dis- sion and alarm clock offered ern companies doing exactly paign to get it off the ground.

• The product base should be Given these operating characteristics, there is, says Palmer, no reason why a UK reasonably broadly-based to allow for ups and downs in different parts of the market. Hincompany cannot do as well as ari also makes a range of small domestic appliances such as jug kettles, and is planning to launch a toaster shortly. a Japanese or a South Korean group. But he believes that it is mportant to follow a number of basic principles:

The business has to be mar-

Retailers are chosen with of operation, centred on establian an eye to the company's lished markets and finely-long-term image. I will not sell honed costings, clearly demonsto grocery chains which use strates the Japanese domination of the other sector of the loss leaders, says Palmer. industry—the new, technologies of names—you have to are not, he says, pioneers. It remain important to your customers. keting led. Hinari designs its own products at its headquar-ters in Glasgow, and then takes the drawings out to its Far Eastern suppliers. The components in a low-cost audio sys-tem have not changed that much in the last few years," he says, although the packaging has. This is a fashion busi-

sions. "I decided early on that we would not allow any com-pany to have a floating charge over us, he says Growth has so far been organic, financed by a variety of banks. Palmer generally aims to pull in an order, raise a letter of credit against it, and then organise the production.

The issue now facing Hinari is how to remain as fleet-footed

as it expands. Palmer is planning to start an assembly operation at Cumbernauld in Scotation at Cumbernauld in Scotland next year, a move which is likely to put his workforce up to about 200 in 18 months from the present level of 65. He already does some electric kettle assembly in Glasgow, but expansion will mean more electric assembly processes. ing operation in Britain.

These changes will demand more structure in the business, Palmer concedes, possibly including the injection of external equity finance. But he argues that local assembly is ential for growth; the company now needs to move into Western Europe, he says, and that means that straightforward imports from the Far East will no longer be politically possible on a long-term

bly moves on-shore? "We have done our calculations, and we believe that we can assemble tributor of well-tried technol-something different, allowing a here just as cheaply as we can ogy — and there are scores of slight premium price and a import, says Palmer. "Wages Japanese and other Far East-television advertising cam- in Japan are already higher than they are here, and they are catching up elsewhere as well." He is less sure about the price of domestic components, but clearly believes that the economics of production are moving in the direction of Britain at the present moment.

Technology, of course, is a much a toaster shortly.

Technology, of course, is a different matter. Palmer's type

Retailers are chosen with of operation, centred on estabmore businesses of his kind in • Financing also has to be as Europe to build up enough ess."

flexible as possible to allow the strength to challenge the Japa
• He aims to keep the com
company to make its own deci
ness on that basis again.

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TECHNOLOGY

Why UK inventiveness is left in the dark

Clive Cookson explains how financial backers have failed to meet the specific needs of British innovators

INDUSTRIAL and political leaders fre-quently proclaim the importance of innovation for the future competitiveness of the British economy. But judging by a fascinating new exhibition at the Design Council in London, indus-try still makes it very difficult for indi-vidual inventors and small companies to get good ideas into production.
The council has put on a retrospec-tive exhibition called the State of

Innovation, to mark the second anniversary of its Innovation Centre. For this the staff reviewed the progress of 500 innovations that have been shown at the centre, and they selected 35 case histories, representing both failures

The overall message is that industry and financial institutions must translate their enthusiasm for innovation in general into a greater response to the specific needs of individual innovators.

The first point made in the exhibition is how important it is to research the potential market for the innovation. The old market adage of the right product at the right time in the right place at the right price still holds true. Several innovations failed to sell

well because they were too expensive. For example the Chester company Plain Quarters carried out considerable market research before launching its flat pack clothes storage unit. Even so it fixed the price too high at \$89.95.

But some innovators got their market research just right. Martek dis-played a new drill sharpener, which sharpens an electric drill bit in seconds, at the Innovation Centre in May 1986. A Japanese businessman walked in off the street and placed a large order, and Martek is now exporting the sharpener to 36 countries.

Another success is the Aim Safe guard for dental needles, which pre-yents dentists pricking themselves accidentally. The fear of infection by AIDS or Hepatitis B meant that the product's launch in April 1987 was

The exhibition shows that even after carrying out thorough market research, the innovator must be flexible enough to review the initial concept and change it if necessary. A good illustration is the Kinetic Energy Stor-

age System (KESS) which takes up energy in a rapidly spinning flywheel and releases it when required.

It was developed by British Petroleum's Research Centre in collaboration with Leyland Vehicles, for use in buses. Tests showed that KESS could give significant fuel sayings but early give significant fuel savings, but early last year Leyland Vehicles was sold to DAF and prospects for the bus market looked discouraging.

So BP adapted KESS for use in the wind power industry. When the fly-wheel is attached to a wind turbine, it difficulties in obtaining finance, stores energy during strong gusts and according to Liz May. Banks and finan-relesses it when the wind drops. The cial institutions argue that grants,



result is a much smoother output of electricity. BP is now developing KESS with the Finnish company Stromberg, and having carried out successful field trials in Britain and Denmark the two-companies believe there is a large worldwide market for the system.

Just as important as reviewing the idea is knowing when to stop a project and cut one's losses before too much capital has been invested.

Seven of the innovations in the exhibition have been abandoned or shelved, including Gavin Cawood's aluminium boat, the Alleycat catamaran. "You've got to know when to give up on a project," Cawood says. "Once you stop getting much feedback from all your input, you have to shelve the idea and get on to something else for the time being."

awards, loans and venture capital are available in profusion.

But the innovators themselves have a quite different view; they very rarely manage to obtain funding on what they regard as reasonable terms. Per-haps the biggest problem is getting enough initial finance to make a good prototype with which to present the idea to manufacturers.

"Our experience has taught us that there is no such thing as venture capital in this country," says Brian Keogh-Peters of Unit Load Technology. Banks and other sources of finance are not willing to be adventurous although in the long term it could be in their best interest. "Keogh-Peters claims that no bank would back the making markaging station his company mobile packaging station his company developed in co-operation with Salford University, even though it won a place in the finals of the annual Techmart

The saddest story in the exhibition concerns the Queenwood Special Com-puter, which Ian Andrews developed for severely disabled users. Hospitals reported great success with the com-puter, and Andrews' company Queen-wood. Scientific had a thoroughly researched business plan:

But the company was rejected by every investment and financial group that reviewed its proposal, and Andrews has been left with considerable personal debts. "The realities of the contract financials and that the enterpress." business finance are that the entrepre neur is let down by banks, local enter prise agencies and all the local govern ment, schemes supposedly set up to help new gmall business, he says.

Another theme of the exhibition is the reluctance of established manufac turers to take risks. "What is certain is that British industry is overridingly conservative in its attitude to new ideas," the Innovation Centre says: "Manufacturers require a product to be commercially proven before making a commitment and even then many are unwilling to back the project whole

An example is a new nut developed by the mechanical engineering depart-ment at Sheffield University, which becomes more flexible as it is deformed and is therefore less likely to break. Although many companies have expressed interest in using the nut, no one is prepared to manufacture and market it. The Science and Engineering Research Council, which originally funded the development, is unwilling to come up with more money, so the university cannot take the work any

"The attitude of industry makes it very much an uphill struggle to get a new idea considered," says Eann Pat-terson of Sheffield University. "But there are exceptions. For example, we've found that Rolls-Royce is very receptive to new ideas."

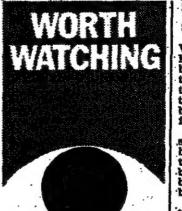
Some: innovators manage to get round the conservatism of large com-panies. Keraflo, a small business in panies. Reraino, a small business in Aylesbury, invented a "flip-action float valve" for toilet cisterns, as an alternative to the traditional — and notorlously troublesome — ball valve. The original strategy of selling direct to toilet manufacturers failed. "While everyone thought it was innovative and answered the majority of prob-lems associated with conventional ball valves, they didn't want to be the first to take a risk with a new concept product, says Richard Wiesz, Keraflo's marketing director.

marketing director.

The company therefore repackaged the product and started selling it successfully through plumbers' merchants and DIY shops as a replacement valve. Ironically the original equipment manufacturers are showing more interest in the product now that it has proved itself in the aftersales market.

The exhibition continues in the Innovation Control of the Product Control.

Innovation Centre at the Design Council, Haymarket, London, until April 14.



The state of the s

Edited by Geoffrey Charlish

Superconductivity put on film by NKK

NIPPON KOKAN (NKK), the

NIPPON KOKAN (NEK), the Japanese engineering group, is using low-pressure plasma spraying to make yttriumbarium-copper oxide superconducting film.

The recently discovered material, which superconducts at liquid nitrogen temperatures, has difficult mechanical properties and cannot be used industrially until ways of fabricating electrical circuits from it are developed.

developed.

The NKK approach is to inject the components in pow-der form into a plasma (very hot gas) jet that melts them and sprays them on to the substrate.

substrate.

The process, carried out in a partial vacuum, produces films up to 100 microns (millionths of a metre) thick. NEK claims this is much thicker than with other methods only a partial of the claims. ods such as sputtering and vapour deposition, and is about 1,000 times faster.

Experimental superconducting coils have been made by the process, which is being ploneered in conjunction with Tokai University.

Security key locks out the hackers

"HACKING", OR illegal entry into computer systems, can be made more difficult with Securisign, a system intro-duced by Analytical Instru-ments of Cambridge in the

After entering a personal keyboard code as the first security check, the user signs his name on a device which analyses the signature in 13 different ways, including the frequency of pen removal from paper, flow, shape and

if the analysis does not match stored data, access is denied.

safety targets.

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WORMALD ENGINEERING of Manchester has been licensed by Shell Research in the UK to maintfacture an instrument that is based on infra-red technology and will detect both oll mist and smoke from

failed machinery.

The detection method is simple: a modulated infra-red beam is projected at a reflective target and the returned beam is reduced in intensity by the mist or smoke in

between.

The achievement of the team at Shell's Thornton Research Centre is in programming a microprocessor so that it will distinguish between mist for small between mist (or smoke) and any other intervening object

any other intervening object or person.

The beam detector can provide large area coverage and is not handicapped by poor still air response, as with some point smoke detectors.

Early detection is more likely because point statement.

likely because point detectors depend on convection air currents to carry the smoke to them, whereas a beam system works if smoke or mist enters the beam anywhere along its

Lighting the way to less maintenance

FEWER MAINS electrical connections, less maintenance, lower power consumption and

lower power consumption and better standards of lighting are the advantages claimed for Conductalite, launched by Simplex Lighting of Tipton, West Midlands in the UK.

The system makes use of a single high intensity discharge (HID) lamp at one end of a five-metre long clear plastic distribution panel.

This 30cm-wide panel is moulded with large numbers of prismatic profiles on the inner (upper) surface and cylindrical indentations on the outer (lower) surface. The

the outer (lower) surface. The light is projected by the HID lamp's parabolic reflector in a parallel beam, above and along the length of the panel, striking a long reflector above which slopes slightly

downwards.
Reflected light is trapped by the prisms on the upper surface of the panel, passes

surface of the panel, passes through the panel's thickness, and is distributed to the room below by means of the thousands of curved indentations.

There is only one lamp and connection. Thus, by operating two rows of the units with the lamps back to back to illuminate a 10 metre (33ft) wide strip, maintenance consists only of taking a mobile raised platform with the lamps back to back to illuminate a 10 metre (33ft) wide strip, maintenance consists only of taking a mobile raised platform along a single run (for example). CONTACTS: NKK: Tokyo. 212 (711. Analytical Instruments: UK 0223 834420. Wormald Engineering: UK, 061 205 2321. Simplex Lighting: UK, 021 567 2828. Daratech: US, (617) 354 2339.



ple, a central warehouse cor-

The system requires less cleaning than conventional lighting, it is claimed, because the panels run cool, generate no convection air currents and so reduce the amount of dirt deposited.

Squeeze applied to value of CAD

WORLDWIDE sales of comworkLDWIDE sales of computer-sided design, manufacturing and engineering system grew by only 9.5 per cent to \$4.4bn in 1987, according to Daratech, the US market, research company.

The 1986 increase was 14.1 per cent and the poorer growth in 1987 was mainly because of severe competition.

growth in 1987 was mainly because of severe competition among engineering workstation vendors and consequent price reductions by the major system suppliers that use workstation products.

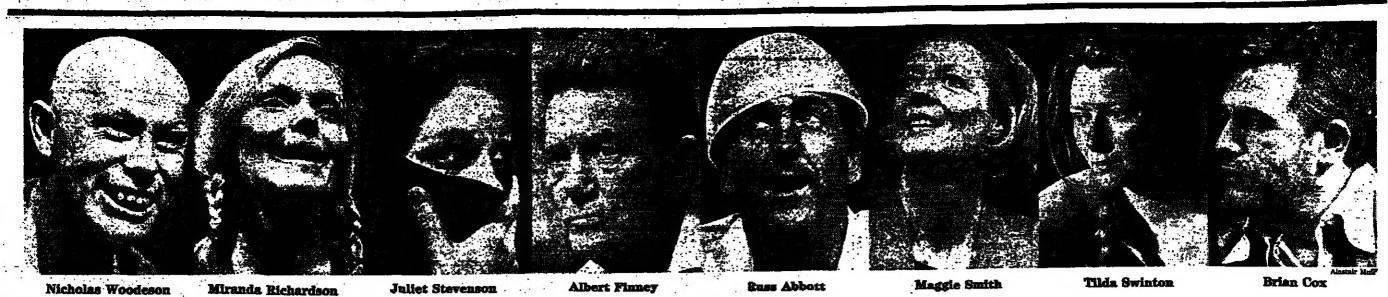
In fact, 40 per cent more complete systems were sold in 1987 than in 1986.

Some companies are doing rather better than others. Mentor Graphics, which specialises in electronic circuit design systems, is set to regisdesign systems, is set to register a sales growth of 24 per cent for 1987 and will move from sixth to fourth place in the sales rankings. IBM stays at the ton with over 25 per the sales rankings. IBM stays at the top with over 25 per cent of the market, and sales up by 14 per cent in 1987. Intergraph on the other hand, will show a 1987 growth of only three per cent, but it remains in second place in the sales league, albeit neck and neck with Computervision.

tervision.
"Sales of the low-cost per-

"Sales of the low-cost personal computer CAD systems
have skyrocketed," says Daratech and will amount to
\$2bn in 1987.

Daratech, which conducts a
continuous survey of the
industry at an annual subscription of \$428, believes
that acceptance of CAD techthat acceptance of CAD tech-nology is now virtually uni-versal.



Theatre in 1987/Michael Coveney

Dark skies lit up by stars and burning issues

IT WAS an inflammatory theatrical year, one way and another. On London's fringe, both the Bush and the Tricycle were destroyed by fire, the first when about to present a play called Effic's Burning, the second when it had just unveiled a piece entitled Burning Pries.

The idea of a pyromaniac critic stalking the London outer ring was attractive, but electrical faults and accidental mischief in faults and accidental mischief in a neighbouring timber 'yard were, respectively, the more likely causes. Instant appeals led to the re-opening of the Bush in late October, while the Tricycle, more seriously gutted, is a third of the way towards an appeal target of \$150,000 and on course for a late 1988 restoration.

The miblic was reminded that

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The public was reminded that these venues are at the creative root of the British theatre — as indeed is the Big Daddy of the fringe, the Royal Court, which provoked a fearful row over its decision to present Jim Allen's Perdition. This was a not very seed to the court of the seed of the court of the seed of the see

Perdition. This was a not very good courtroom play that indicted leading Hungarian Jews who had allegedly done deals with the Nazis.

Some Jewish historians claimed the play was anti-Semitic, the author and director replied it was merely anti-Zionist. The Royal Court's director, Max Stafford-Clark, shuffled around and finally cancelled the around and finally cancelled the production. He lost some credi-bility at large while retaining the lob-issuing respect of the promi-nent Jews on his board who had been subjected to fearful pressure. The play was published and given a reading at the Edinburgh Festival.
After Mrs Thatcher's General

Election victory in June, the Arts Minister, Richard Luce, gave the arts lobby a lecture on self-help and giving the customer what he wants, forecasting a two per cent funding increase, in line with other Teasury policies of cutback in the public sector.

His critics and detractors were

routed in the surprise announce-ment last month of a 17 per cent overall incresse in th arts budget, spread over the next three get, spread over the next three years, rising from the present figure of \$138.4m to £160m pounds in 1990/91, together with incentives for raising more pri-

vate sector sponsorship.

Even more radical was the clear implication that the Arts Council intends to act increas-ingly as an agent of investment itself in commercially-related subsidised enterprises. It already does so in hidden ways, but the does so in indden ways, but the path now seems clear for ever closer co-operation between the commercial and subsidised sectors. This may yet lead to a much-needed revamp of the West End system of renting the-aires from owning conglomerates such as Stoll Moss and Maybox.

The current system came badly unstuck at the end of May, when four theatres in a row on Shaftesbury Avenue went dark on the same right of May 30. Grave-dancers ignored the fact that one of the shows (The House of Bernarda Alba) had had a sell-out run necessarily curtailed. And as the other three were adventurous flors — a selfwere adventurous flops — a self-lacerating new Peter Nichols, A Piece of My Mind, Griff Rhys Jones in Arturo Ui, and The Amen Corner — you could easily have turned the West End obitu-nary poince into an indication of ary notice into an indication of risk-taking boldness.

But artistic standards are low But artistic standards are low in the West End. George Cole was subdued and surrounded by a poor production in the Nichols. Alan Bates was menopausally enigmatic in the new Simon Gray, Melon, but the occasion was dreary. Writers like Nichols and Gray are what the West End needs but their work demands a needs, but their work demands a higher concentration of produc-

or the television studios. In Simon Gray's case, much of his best work is done on the small screen anyway (After Pilkington knocked spots off Melon).

Maggie Smith adorned a new Peter Shaffer play, Lettice and Lovage, well supported by Margaret Tyzack and the public. Another middlebrow "issue" piece, Ronald Harwood's J.J Farr, paired Albert Finney with Bob Peck to discuss faith loss in a home for priests, but andiences had lost their own faith and stayed away.

The big noisy hits of the West End year were Folkies and Back With a Vengeance. The first was With a Vengeance. The first was a knockout presentation of Son-

a knockout presentation of Son-dheim's early 1970s nostalgic evocation of burlesque, bril-liantly mixing the cool comic finesse of Diana Rigg and Daniel Massey with the technical show-biz acumen of Julia McKenzie and David Healy. These four were the mirrored marrieds around whom the ghosts of for-mer selves and follies girls revolved.

The vengeance was all Dame Edna's, and while I think this character has gone off the boll, I yield to no one in my admiration for Barry Humphries as the most astonishing vaudevillian of the age. His boozed attache, Sir Les Patterson, is now a creation of monumental filth and vulgarity and the grass widower, Sandy and the grass widower, Sandy Stone, has acquired a new elegiac energy beyond the grave. Beside these two firework displays, the West End let off a succession of damp squibe: smng Ernie Wise and lovely Lum in the Drood musical at the Savoy, followed quickly on that stage by William Douglas Home's Portraits and the dismal, crudely wigged Thomas More of Charlton Heston in A Man For All Seasons (the epitome of genteel Heston in A Man For Al Sea-sons (the epitome of genteel, playwriting). The rearguard Roy-alty enterprise seeks to pretend that nothing his changed in the atre or life for 30 years. Donald Sinden directed a conventional importance and Bryan Forbes a lifeless Living Room.

And there was Jeffrey Archer, former Conservative MP, failed financier and born-again novel-ist, going from a real life court-room defence of his reputation to a fictional courtroom melo-drama on stage at the Queens. Beyond Reasonable Doubt was Beyond Reasonable Doubt was London's least deserving hit since Charley Girl, but Frank Finlay and Wendy Craig had no qualms about flattering an identikit text with impectable performances. Russ Abbott lit up an old Willy Russell play, One For the Road, proving himself a clown of some finesse and resource.

resource.

A few days after the Avenue went dark, Jonathan Miller went dark, Jonathan Miller announced his plans for the Old Vic and London has responded o his fascinating programme by booking over 10,000 subscriptions to an all year feast of Racine, Brecht, N F Simpson, George Chapman, Shakespeare and Leonard Ratherian Janet and Leonard Bernstein. Janet Suzman kicks off as Andromache next month. The West End, on the whole, has betrayed intelligent playgoers and courted disaster by playing safe.

reter Hall has signed a deal with the Triumph management to produce plays at the Haymarket. And we can look forward next month to John Gleigud in a new Hugh Whitemore play and Vanessa Redgrave in O'Neill's A Touch of the Poet (starting at the Young Vic). Otherwise, creativity is low. A vogue for reheating old Broadway warhorses did not pay off, though I thought Moss Hart's Light Up the Stey (with Kate O'Mara and Maxine Audley) much better than Clifford Odets's The Big Knife (Martin Shaw rather blunt-edged and Gayle Hunnicutt decoratively Peter Hall has signed a deal Gayle Hunnicutt decoratively

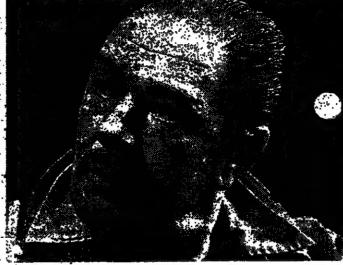
nebulous).
Another theatre was restored. bury Avenue can offer.

With producing tasts merchants like Michael Codron in retreat, such writers will probably return to the subsidised fold

Another theatre was restored, the Playhouse in Northumberland Avenue, but Howard Goodall's musical opener, Girlfriends, was wretched in every depart-







Scene from Caryl Churchill's "Serious Money" which transferred from the Royal Court to the West End; and 'wo towering performances – Judi Dench as Cleopatra and Michael Gambon as Eddie Carbone

ment except Hazel O'Connor's contribution and the hazily grey silhouetted designs of William Dudley. No point in having more theatres with nothing to put in

Richard Eyre did some dramsturgical juggling with High Society and ended up with a Cole Porter songbook and niftly attractive performances by Stephen Rea and Natasha Richardson. Overall, though, tackiness reigned, as it did in the Royal Shakespeare's Kiss Me Kate a February Stratford-upon-Avon opening. Nichola McAuliffe was fine as Kate, Paul Jones a dull Petrochio.

These two musicals showed the subsidised theatrs talents cashing in, though not selling out, with mixed results. You got the feeling that in neither case were people really doing what they were best at. Richard Eyre takes over at the Neitonal later part ways it will

Richard Eyre takes over at the National later next year. It will be interesting to see if he can avoid the deadening respectability of such NT revivals this year as Waiting For Godot (well acted by Alec McCowen and John Alderton), the Pirandello Six Characters in Search of an Author (Barbara Jefford imposingly marmoreal as the Mother), done with more reverance than fun, and an adaptation by Brian Friel of Turgenev's Fathers and Sons (memorable chiefly for Miss Jefford again and Robin Bailey's fruitily surprising peas-

ant pere).
Alan Ayckbourn's NT mob was much livelier, re-establishing Arthur Miller's A View From the Bridge as a beckstreet tragedy of fewer structural flaws than previously assumed, and offering, in A Small Family Business, a comically epic view of little England on the fiddle.

Chernobyl has changed our

chernobyl has changed our view of the planet, just as the big Bang has transformed the commercial and social life of the carrett sa a masturbatory Madonna in Heiner Muller's Quartet, a play based, like Christopher Hampton's, on Les Liaisons Dangerwess, at the Finborough Arms markets' front line, the world of taken with the commercial and social life of the carrett sa a masturbatory Madonna in Heiner Muller's Quartet, a play based, like Christopher Hampton's, on Les Liaisons Dangerwess, at the Finborough Arms markets' front line, the world of taken with the commercial and social life of the commercial life of th was the play of the year. This machine-gun report from the markets' front line, the world of take-overs and insider dealing, was only marred by a fuzzed plot line and some limp doggerel among all the more welcome,

yelping crudity.

Alfred Molina, Gary Oldman and Linda Bassett were outstanding in a Max Stafford-Clark production that hummed and soared before progressing in triumph to the West End and New York. Yuppies were put out that the Royal Court's bar did not stock

production of Sam Shepard's just been appointed director of haunting physical and psychological trek across Middle America (the piece was a companion to the Wim Wenders film Paris

We wait to see how new artistical to the Wim Wenders film Paris otherwise Jean Department of Stockholm's Miss Julie, and the State of Stockholm's Miss Julie, and the Ninagawa of Tokyo's Medica of the Ninagawa of the Ninagawa of Tokyo's Medica of the Ninagawa of the Ninagawa of the Ninagawa of the Ninagawa o rexas that Shepard scripted).

and other lovely old boys pottered about. The New Inn at Barnet was the Swan of Avon.

The RSC has not yet resolved how best to show the Swan repertoire in London. The Mermaid has not been a success. It is a tunnel theatre with an end stage, nothing like the galleried, intimate Swan. The Chernobyi play, Sarcophagus, was transferred there from The Pit and was exposed as a routine hospital drama, in spite of Nicholas Woodeson's electrifying bursts of cheerful lunacy as the sole inmate of a radiation ward before the accident at Reactor Number 4.

Chernobul hes about the But really new writing developments happen elsewhere. The value of places like the Old Red Lion in Islington and the Orange Tree out at Richmond was underlined with Philip Davis's Skuldungery and Martin Crimp's Definitely the Bahamas (directed by Alec McCowen, beautifully played by John Moffatt, Heather Canning, Amanda Royle and Rob Edwards).

I also treasure the memory of Patti Love's production of Ferdinate of a radiation ward before the accident at Reactor Number 4.

Patti Love's production of Ferdinand Bruckner's extraordinary Pain of Youth at the Gate, Notting Hill (Joanne Pearce's neurasthenic Desiree, going over the brink in inter-War Vienna; and

spring on us companies more up-to-date than are the Berliner Ensemble and the Gorky of Len-

ingrad.

The regional theatre was generally disappointing this year, but the reliably unpredictable Glasgow Citizens did a fine Schiller, Joan of Arc, and the Royal Exchange in Manchester maintained standards and, courters of a Mobil Cil sone or property in champagne.

Full recovery from the Perditors of a Mobil Oil sponsorship, has produced two line, bristling tion debacle in Sloane Square was signalled by a brilliant The atre Upstairs collaboration last season, this year at the between Jonathan Miller (that Lyric, Hammersmith) and A man again) and Michael Hastings Wholly Healthy Glasgow by Ian on The Emperor, a whismering

man again) and Michael Hastings on The Emperor, a whispering corridor account of life in the last days at Halle Selassie's Ethiopian court. Stephan Kalipha and Nabil Shaban were among the expressive pawns in the Contact and the Library the expressive pawns in the power game.

The Court capped a remarkable year with Simon Curtis's where Andrew McKinnon has production of Sam Shapard's but hear appointed divertor of

tic directorships in the Midlands Will Patton was a welcome shake out, but the Leicester Haymarket and Birmingham Rep are nothing if not interesting at the moment. No sign of resurgence at the Nottingham Playhouse.

Finally, I must salute here the adventurous, go-getting realign-ments led respectively by Michael Bogdanov and Kenneth Branagh. Bogdanov's English Stanagh. Boguanov's English Shakespeare Company, barnstorming the big regional theatres and the Old Vic with the Prince Hal trilogy, was cruelly deprived in October of one its leading members, the excellent John Price. His Hotspur and Pistol, alongside Michael Pennington's Hal and John Woodvine's Falstaff, must serve as fit testa-Falstaff, must serve as fit testament to a career of vigour and integrity, untimely struck down by a stroke. Branagh's Renaissance Theatre

Branagh's Renaissance Theatre Company was launched by the actor doing a James Cagney turn in his own play, Public Enemy, at the Lyric, Hammersmith. A determined campaign to break
the monolithic subsidised
houses' hold on top talent has
since presented John Sessions in
his one-man Napoleon show and Richard Briers as Malvolio in a wintry, Edwardian Twelfth

Night. These projects, like Jonathan Miller's at the Old Vic, are pump-ing new vitality into the British theatre and deserve all the sup-port and sponsorship they can

tuster. The same goes for Cheek By Jowl, who scooped a generous London Weekend Television prize to facilitate a New Year production of Sophocles' Philocetes. The company is obviously making good progress from small-scale to middle-scale tour-ing status, as evidenced this year in a Macbeth (Keith Bartlett and couple) of brilliance, ingenuity



Barbara Jefford

John Sessions

Nicola McAuliffe

David Suchet

Anthony Sher

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4 P4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday December 24, 1987

G7 offers a trinket

ing. After tearing one's way nomic fundamentals to foster through layer after layer of stability of exchange rates wrapping, one finds inside no (our emphasis).

more than a modest trinket.

The Group of Seven statement released early yesterday falls into this category, the publicity surrounding the preparation of the statement being the wrapping and the state-ment itself the trinket. Politeness suggests enthusiasm, but the enthusiasm has to be restrained if it is not to lose

recently as September, during extent that becomes destabilisting the 1MF and World Bank ing to the adjustment process, annual meetings. At that time, could be counter-productive by damaging growth prospects in Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel damaging growth prospects in lor of the Exchequer, referred the world economy. to the Louvre accord as a "suc-cess" despite the "widespread scepticism when it was first concluded seven months ago", pointing to the exchange rate stability that had been main-tained during that period.

Mr Lawson then proposed an ambitious scheme for international economic co-ordination, built around target zones for exchange rates. Mr James Baker, US Treasury Secretary, was also swept away by the enthusiasm of the moment, making proposals that included a renewed role for gold. Meanwhile, the Japanese and West German authorities muttered that if anyone thought he would write a blank cheque to finance US profligacy he would

very soon be disappointed.
Disappointed everyone very soon was. Just over two weeks later, the Americans and the West Germans publicly fell out, the US announced dismal trade figures, and the roof promptly fell in on the world's stock markets. Whereupon, the doliar, too, started to fall.

It is as sadder and wiser men that the Group of Seven appear today. Far from going forward from the Louvre Accord to

they agreed to continue to co- unwanted presents.

THE MOST invitingly-wrapped operate closely in monitoring Christmas present often turns and implementing policies to out to be the most disappoint-strengthen underlying eco-

(our emphasis).
Second, where the Louvre Accord asserted "the substantial exchange rate changes since the Plaza Agreement will increasingly contribute to reducing external imbalances and have now brought their currencies within ranges broadly consistent with underlying economic fundamentals, the new statement merely plausibility.

A striking feature is the contrast with the mood of self-congratulation that existed as recently as Sentember division of exchange rates, or a rise in the dollar to an exceptive as Sentember division of the house and details.

> It is not that policy-makers could not have stabilised exchange rates, if they had really wanted to. To do that, however, they would have had to orient their policies to that end, whatever the domestic consequences. What has been learned, yet again, is that the governments of the big coun-tries are not prepared to subor-dinate their domestic objec-

> tives in this way.
>
> The hope is that policy changes taken so far will prove sufficient to secure reasonable exchange rate stability. Here the self-congratulatory tone survives, with the new state-ment pointing to the agree-ment to cut the US budget deficit, to the expansion of the Japanese economy and to the reduction in interest rates in Europe. The view, reiterated by the OECD only two days ago, that these policy changes do not begin to go far enough to eliminate (or even to reduce dramatically) the US current account deficit should be emphasised, but policy-change has at least been in the required direction.

Was the statement worth the more ambitious schemes for effort? It can do no obvious exchange rate management, harm and it is surely worth middle-class is starting to fragthey have stepped backward in knowing that policy-makers two important respects.

First, where the Louvre realistic state of mind. As a realistic state of mind. As a reminder that the authorities have a single from the contract of the state of mind. As a reminder that the authorities have recomined that the theory will no longer be able to claim this contract of the state management, harm and it is surely worth middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different might from the current contract the surely worth middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different might from the current contract the surely worth middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different might from the current contract the surely worth middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different middle-class is starting to frag department store for Y100,000 already own a dozen different m stances they (ministers and now recognise what they will governors) agreed to co-operate not and cannot do, the state-closely to foster stability of ment should perhaps not be exchange rates around current thrown away early in the New levels, the new statement says Year, along with the other

Carla Rapoport tours Tokyo's supermarkets and jewellery stores and finds that Japan's new rich have lots of money to burn

STROLLING around Tokyo this week, one could be forgiven for thinking that Christmas is a national holiday in Japan. The stores are groaning with Christmas goodies and the Jap-anese are buying them at a

December 25 is a normal working day in Japan, but the Japanese have latched on to Christmas as a time for parties, cakes and gifts. Thanks to the increasing wealth of the country, however, they are buying and giving gifts at a rate which would stun even the most gen-

erous Santa Claus.
Racks of mink coats can be found in Tokyo supermarkets.
Sales of diamonds, rubies and paintings are scoring unprece-dented gains. Gold coins are so

dented gains. Gold coins are so popular that jewellery shops in the Ginza shopping district are stacking up krugerrands next to the necklaces. Despite their traditional frugality and high savings ratios, the Japanese are learning to love luxury.

Even the craziest novelty items are selling out. A shop in Shinjuku, for example, ran out of its singing underpants earlier this week. The \$25 (£13.7) "Melody Shorts" play tunes such as Silent Night when light hits the gusset of the garment. Meanwhile, sales of \$20 Christmas bottles of canned oxygen mas bottles of canned oxygen are hitting record levels at the Takashimaya department

store.

This kind of conspicuous consumption is bringing joy to Japanese retailers. "It is the best year-end period in our history," says a delighted Mr Hideo Hamagouchi, adviser to the general manager of merchandise and sales at the setant store group "Customers are to store group "Customers are tan store group. "Customers are definitely looking for more expensive goods. We had a lot of worries after the Black Monday stock exchange crash, but we haven't had any problems

But something more is going on than simple indulgence. The Japanese have long prided themselves in being a nation of middle-class people, with almost no poor and very few ultra-rich. Now, thanks to the emergence of the super-yen, soaring land prices and the recent stock market boom, Japan is starting to develop its own upper class. Government

the trend for the first time. The top 20 per cent of Japan's wage-earners saw their income increase by 3.6 per cent in the first nine months of the year, compared to an average overall growth of 1.6 per cent and just 0.5 per cent growth for the bottom 20 per cent.
"It's clear, there is an income

gap growing in Japan. The middle-class is starting to frag-ment, says Mr George Fields, head of ASI Market-Research

II TURN OFF MY MUSICAL UNDERPANTS, I THOUGHT IT WAS YOUR MUSICAL UNDERPANTS.



A yen to spend and spend

out even these gifts, called important to Japan's new rich.
Setbo, are moving up mar.

Five years ago, we had cuset.

Tokyo customers this week lighter as a status symbol.

could buy a gift package of Now, they will accop up a award-winning beef at a local pocketful. Many customers

time, it is already clear that Japan's new rich are much happier about buying things – domestic or imported – than any other group in the nation's history.

For generations, for example, the traditional Japanese gift at the year's end has been a besitifully wrapped item of food, such as seaweed or green tea. But even these gifts, called O-Seibo, are moving up market.

View than the consumer's, Prices of luxury imports are still sky-high. For the price of a top-line Rolex watch in a Tokyo department store, one could fly to Geneva, buy the money to spare. Retailers' eyes tend to glaze over when the subject of cutting the prices of imported goods comes up. But price does not seem to be important to Japan's new rich.

Five years ago, we had customers buying one Dunhill

wonderful we-are-all-middle-class phenomenon."

The impact of this development on Japanese society will no doubt be significant. Today, however, it is too early to say that class friction is about to some society will a set of imports in Japan, but nothing, says Mr Akio Kohno, more from the seller's point of chief economist of UBS Phil-

lips and Drew International in Tokyo. A new upper class is emerging - it is not established yet - but these people are not just wage-earners; they are people living off their investments."

ments."

According to Mr Hamagouchi, these "capital gainers" are
pushing up Isetan's sales of
diamonds, pearls, gold jewellery by between 15 and 20 per
cent, compared to an overall
sales increase of 6 to 7 per
cent. Tokyo's stock market has
fallen less sharply than other
major bourses since October
and land prices are still strong. and land prices are still strong. As a result, retailers expect the trend to luxury will be a last-

ing one.
For the foreigner in Tokyo,
the prices translated into dollars or pounds can ruin almost any shopping expedition. But to the new rich in Japan, the value of the yen is academic. Mitsukoshi, one of Japan's lar-gest department store chairs, gest department store chants, reports sales of one carat diamond rings, from Y1m to Y2m, up by a staggering 50 per cent in the last few months. Emeralds and rubies are up by 30 per cent, paintings up by 30

At a Mitsukoshi supermarket the Y300,000 mink jackets hang near the beer and wine.

"Those coats are a sort of expensive sweater," sniffed a Mitsukoshi spokesman.

The affluence is aided by the high price of land, which has meant that purchasing a home is impossible for many people. Instead, such people are lining their homes with luxury goods.

Television shows have

their homes with luxury goods. Television shows have sprung up to cater to the country's growing upper class. One, called the Shopping Game, recently offered a chateau in the Loire valley for Y250m. Other popular items on the show have been London taxis (Y6.5m), a sculpture by Rodin (Y550m), Andy Warhol silk screen prints and vintage American cars.

The new affluence is also behind Japan's recent emer-gence on the international art scene. Government statistics show that imports of art objects grew by 180 per cent in the first 10 months of this year

to Y87bn.

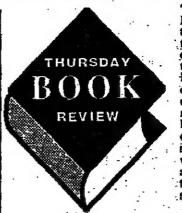
"The Japanese will become an increasingly important force in the world art market; we count on it," says Miss Kazoko Shiomi, Sotheby's representative in Japan. The Japanese collector, she says, is not worsted about price these days.

"The concept of money's worth doesn't exist here. An' object can give you respect. object can give you respect, especially if everyone knows how much you paid for it, says Miss Shiomi. This accounts, she says, for the Japanese preference for the works of well known artists.

of well-known artists.

It all adds up to a wealthier
Japan. "The Japanese customer is the fusalest customer in the world. But he'll also spend more than anyone else in the world," says Dunhill's Mr Coleridge. "If you've got a good product, you can sell it in Japan. Otherwise, don't hother."

dition of M.R. James



Ghosts

and Scholars: **Ghost Stories**

in the tradition of M.R. James

Selected by Richard Dalby & Rosemary Pardoe Crucible (Thorsons), £12.95 The Virago Book of Ghost Stories

> Edited by Richard Daiby Virago, £12.95

WAS ASKED," confessed Henry James, "for something seasonable by the promoters of a periodical dealing in the time-honoured Christmas toy". The toy in question was a tale in which an event not explicable in natural terms violently disturbs the course of peaceful domestic life, in which the eader encounters at least one ghost. James fulfilled his commission, which came from the editor of Collier's Magazine, with The Turn of the Screw.

The appetite of the reading public for such a toy at Chist-mas had been time-honoured since the era of Dickens. It was designed not just to be read at Christmas but to be read aloud Christmas but to be read aloud (by father usually after that enormous meal), a point that readers of ghost stories tend to overlook today when reading them silently, thereby losing half the fun. Dickens's own rendition of A Christmas Carol had seable fainting in the had people fainting in the aisles with fright. It was his greatest performance. (The last writer/performer of ghost sto-

ries was the broadcaster Alger-non Blackwood on radio). One Victorian family whose gifted members regularly wrote and read ghost stories to each other was that of Archbishop Edward Benson (1829-1896), his wife, three (originally four) sons and a daughter. A new anthology, Ghosts and Scholars, includes stories by Arthur C. Benson and, even more linterestingly, by his younger brother Robert Hugh who became a Roman Catholic. His story, Father Macclesfield's allty and terror. Tale, about an elderly Protestant husband who returns to haunt his young Catholic wife, has many of the standard ingredients, a cleric as story-teller, an isolated country

That tradition was in essence a bachelor donnish one.

"Monty" James, Provost of King's College, Cambridge, and then of Eton, would read his tales aloud to a small group of cherics and academics invited to his rooms in college. His biographer Michael Cox describes the scene: Monty emerged from the bedroom, emerged from the bearoom, manuscript in hand and blew out all the candles but one, by which he seated himself. He then began to read, with more confidence than anyone else could have mustered, his well-nigh illegible script in the dim light."
It was this kind of atmo-

sphere, with the expectancy of the audience artificially heightened, that Henry James described in the prelude to The Turn of the Screw. Instead of being in a college, the reader is amid the convivial after-dinner warmth of an Edwardian country-house Christmas party. The majority of the guests are men, but there is at least one woman A similar atmosphere is depicted by Henry James's disciple Edith Wharton in her story The Eyes. She adopts a male voice: "Seen through the male voice: Seen through the haze of our cigars, and by the drowsy gleam of a coal fire, Culwin's library, with its oak walls and dark old bindings, made a good setting for such avocations....

The Eyes appears in The Virago Book of Ghost Stories. Since the 18th century women novelists have attempted supernatural tales; although Mrs Radcliffe was more interested in the sublimity of land-scape than in the rattling chains and monstrous appari-tions which tended to be introduced perfunctorily.

in the brittle inter-war years, ghosts and psychic phenomena came in for quite a lot of stick from the likes of Noel Coward. There was the ghost of that rather rowdy nun murdered in 1351 by a resentful younger son: "And people who come to call/ Meet her in the Hall". Then Coward aired the notion of the returning marital ghost in Blithe Spirlt which was hilarious but also uncomfort-

As the Virago book, which concentrates on the 20th century, demonstrates, far from fading the ghost story has con-tinued to flourish. It finally lost its live broadcast after lunch on Christmas day at the time of George V. It was then that the Sovereign's Christmas message began to replace it as the one time when the whole family gathered round to listen

However, the library novelists of the 1930s, Enid Bagnold, F. M. Mayor, Winifred Holtby, Stella Gibbons, D. K. Broster and others, produced notable examples of the genre, as this anthology shows. They widened its subject matter to include new areas of modern life and domestic guilt; and they were by no means unware that ghosts could be subjectively induced through trauma and sexual rivalry. Elizabeth Bowen wrote some beautiful

More recently, writers like Elizabeth Jane Howard, Susan Hill, Fay Weldon, Lisa de St Aubin de Teran and Angela Carter have continued the teller, an isolated country house, a hidden punitive element. The anthology, which revives well wrought tales by many forgotten writers, is subtitled, Ghost Stories in the Tradition of M.R. James.

Anthony Curtis

Not just one foundation

ONE OF the paradoxes of Britain in the 1980s is that although the country has a radical government in matters of economic and social policy, constitutional and even institutional reform are out of fashion. The only political movement to pay much heed to the subject in the general election. The case for reform is not so subject in the general election The case for reform is not so much that there is an absence very little resonance in the campaign.

campaign.
Yet the Alliance had a point.
"Democracy in Britain," it said in its manifesto, 'did not just happen. It was the product of reform.' The process, it added, had virtually stood still since the introduction of universal franchise in 1928. And it is and may still. indeed remarkable how much of British life is governed by laws and customs which, while widely agreed to be imperfect if not downright harmful,

restraining influence is better than none, and that one day their lordships could be equally troublesome to a gov-ernment of the left. But it remains strange that so much influence should be entrusted to an unelected body without more general complaint.

Reform of the House of Commons meanwhile has almost ceased to be discussed. There used to be talk of reducing the number of members - one of the most desirable reforms of all - but it has gone out with such departed MPs as the now Lord Pym. The cross-party Select Committees have hardly session proceedings in the way, the Lords, the monarchy Lower House became sufficiently unruly for the Prime If so, the balancing act looks a Minister to claim that admit-bit precarious: not to be would bring Parliament into Parliament can only reform disrepute. It is an odd itself; at present it seems to approach to democracy, but have given up trying.

governments to use it in bringing prosecutions against those who dispense information and those who receive it. Almost invariably the government of the day ends up looking silly. Yet reform has proved elusive

Similar points may be made about the shortcomings of the legal system in general: the law's delays, the lack of simpliif not downright parameter in the 1980s the most effective opposition to a Conservative Government would be the House of Lords?

It may be that Parliament is right in not seeking to move head of popular opinion on these matters, although the steady recourse of citizens to the European Court to appeal against legal rulings in England suggests a growing awareness that all is not

It is also notable that other institutions - the monarchy and the Church - have been evolving rather faster than Parliament. If anyone asked where liberalism resides today the answer would be with them rather than with the House of Commons.

Perhans those are the checks made the mark they were and balances of the unwritten intended to in the way of elic British constitution: when the iting information. In the last House of Commons moves one ting the television cameras counted on for ever. In the end

Wizards and Spells

This is the sags of the Curse of the Golden Share, such as wise men often still tell in the Deep Midwinter, that according to the Ancient Runes all may learn that what shall be publick shall not asily be made private.

Saga of the **Golden Share**

Because a great age ago, in the time of the bulls, it came to pass that the wisdom of the oracles Rths-Chid of the New Court and Rits-Chid of the New Court and War-Brg of Mercury was fulfilled. They prophesied to the Son of Lw, the Keeper of the Queen's Treasure, that there would be discovered Keys to untold wealth that lay buried unsuspected within the Publick Sector, which previous had been considered to be a wasteland.

So the Son of Lw determined

So the Son of Lw determined to fulfill his true and glorious destiny and break free of the shackles of the huge and crip-pling debts which he had inherted from a former Keeper, He-

The Great Quest

And first he travelled on his Great Quest from the White Hall far along the Strand and over the hills through the Gateway of Lud to the distant Citie of the

Merchants.

Fear not, they cried, for currencie virtually without limit could be supplied in exchange for precious items, be they Crown Jewels or only Family Silver. By dint of the Keys of the Prospectus, they could be converted into Scrip which not only local tribes would seek but also havers without number from the buyers without number from the Lands beyond the sea.

Yet first the Son of Lw needed the power to see and retrieve the buried assets in the Public Sector. For others had tried a gener-ation before him - for instance to sell the Mountain of Steel, only to be consumed in the flery

And a Wizard

One person surely could help -the Wizard Woman Thichr, Mistress of the Chequers - even though she was much feared, and of the many who sought to share her powers, such as Hesel the Tine, or Leon the Briton, few

lasted long.

And truly she was mightily impressed by his plan to redeem wealth on behalf of the Lords of the Treasurie, and forthwith granted him the magic talisman which would enable him to

fool's gold.

For some stuff that glisters is precious oil which raises a boundless greed in mankind, while other is only the water which flows in abundance and cannot be turned to value even by the most powerful Key of the Prospectus.

"Go and reap," she commanded, "for those of conservative wisdom and enterprise deserve to accumulate wealth. But be wary that no man shall deserve to accumulate wealth. But he wary that no man shall gather riches without regard to sovereignty. The Publick Sector shall not be stripped bare; some hold upon these jewels must remain. I lay this burden upon you, that if your greed should overwhelm your judgment you shall suffer the Curse of the Golden Share."

Thereupon the Son of Lw's eyes were opened, but only partway; and he saw the wealth to be gained but not the danger from the powers that would be unleashed when the time of the bears came,

Rook and Rings

He set to work with a fine will.

The first Key led him to the source of the Power of the Messages, the whispering voices that in those days of magic and mystery seemed to communicate with the very ends of the earth and even out to the very stars themselves. The Power was controlled by the Lords of the Rings.

There was worshipping of the idol Bus-by and a great rush to purchase the Scrip, by both the Lowest and the Best in the And Lot Before many seasons had passed the Son of Lw had tracked down a new centre of Energy, where the foul-smelling gases belched out from deep within the Earth as though from

But the Source had a Guardian, a great dark Rook who sent terror through all men when he flapped his huge wings. The Rook would not forgo his power to make the gases surge or dwindle at will. Then the Son of Lw, when the descriptors had a surgice or the son of Lw, when the son of Lw, who had considerable cunning brought forth the Key of the Pro-

spectus, and under its magical inspiration offered a sacrifice. He ordered his men to seize a wretched servant called Of-Gas, who for ever afterwards would be kept in torture and humiliation to gratify the desires of the cruel Rook.

Stag hunts

Thus, once again, the merchants from the Citie were mightily pleased and the hoards of citizens purchased the Scrip and the Queen's Treasurie was greatly in benefit.

So passed the years, with the sale of Brt-Oil, and of the Airways, and of many other jewels besides; and all the while the Son of Lw's avarice grew stronger and his memory of the warning of Thtchr became dimmed.

And as the time of reckoning

ing of Thtchr became dimmed.

And as the time of reckoning drew nigh herds of stags roamed the land, defying all attempts to hunt them down: some soothsayers proclaimed they were a plague sent as punishment. Dark clouds gathered over the Citie and a huge wind blew of such strength that the very market places were closed. Men saw the signs, they looked to the East, they saw great losses and distress and they were sore afraid.

But the Son of Lw was ignorant of these warnings. He saw

rant of these warnings. He saw only the wealth which would accrue from his greatest discov-ery yet, the Key to Brt-Pot. And he spake unto the merchants. You shall pay untold treasure for you have given your word. for you have given your word upon oath." Surrounding him they begged: "Have mercy, for the powers of darkness gather. Release as from our pledge."

Notwithstanding which the Son of Lw was without pity. "I shall not yield my ground," he cried. And at that moment the darkness grew still greater and the Cite was plunged into a Day of Blackness which shall never be forgotten. The storm raged

be forgotten. The storm raged and the earth heaved and the tempest blew from out of the East at dawn and from out of the West when noon had passed. Yet at the height of it all it seemed that the Son of Lw could hear a piercing voice, like that of Thichr, the Wizard-Woman her-

self, intoning: "Beware the Curse of the Golden Share.

Pirates

Soon the storm passed but there followed many days of des-olation in the land. And with dismay the Son of Lw discovered that his powers

had gone. For in his anticipation the next Key was to be even more precious, allowing him to harness the awesome Power of the very Lightning that forks from the heavens. But the Pro-spectus could not be drawn up that would not crumble into dust pefore his very eyes.

before his very eyes.

Worse tidings were to ensue.
The dreaded Pirates of Araby
were approaching. And there
came news that two of the
Moguls of Commerce were
endeavouring to seize one of the
former jewels of the Publick Sector - Brt-Oil.

And the true meaning of the
Curse at last became clear to the
Son of Lw. For he could not sell
the Golden Share, and for all
eternity he was doomed to watch

eternity he was doomed to watch over Brt-Oil and all the other jewels.In fine weather or in tem-pest, in time of prosperity or of famine.

Order to pay

In torment he turned again to the merchants of the Citie. But they said: Buy back your Pub-lick Sector treasures or there will be further grashing of teeth and the Pirates of Araby will roam further and further within the

And so the Son of Lw went to his Counting House and looked inside the great Chest of the Queen's Treasure, which was filled to overflowing with currencie. And with a heavy heart he instructed his bankers to pay. Thus it came to pass that a Caping Void occupied the Treasure Chest.

that time to this the merchants of the Citie have been in resolve to close their markets at the Feast of the Gloomy Solstice for fear that the Power of the Curse

Barry Riley

Awhite Christmas in the FT. could never be anything but pink.



Laurent-Perrier Cuvée Rosé Brut. The Champagne of champagnes.

THE MAIN text of last Sunday's sermon, in a church in one of the poorer parts of London, was taken from the First. Epistle of Paul to the Thessa-Ionians, Chapter 5, verse 23.
Ionians, Chapter 5, verse 23.
"And the very God of peace sanctify you wholly; and I pray God your whole spirit and soul and body be preserved blameless unto the coming of our local forms." Lord Jesus Christ."

The congregation could not have been more easily identified as "inner city" had they been cast. The fine early 19th century church of St Mark's, with pillared front and carriage drive curving before it, sits at the top of Brixton Road, just behind a sign which says: You are now entering Lamheth, a Nuclear Free Zone. The 150 souls inside were two thirds white, one third black. Few had neglected their appearance, but most wore cheap clothes. Two elderly vagrants dozed fitfully in the

comfortable, stackable chairs. The West Indian habit of engagement in worship seemed to have caught on, albeit in a muted form: several worship-pers, black and white, held their arms out, palms to heaven, during the prayers. Soft calls of 'Yes Lord' and "Oh Yes" ran round the build-Children gathered round the

young curate for the first hymn, which he accompanied on his guitar, and the words were projected on to a screen.
The Rev Nicholas Carnac, the vicar of St Mark's, told the congregation that they were the bride of Christ and that Christ would come for his bride. "Let us never lorget, Lord, that you called for us to be prepared when you come for your bride." He said he had seen members of St Mark's led away from this remembrance "They have made their jobs their Gods; or money; or sex. I have seen men and women go their own way: and God has been robbed.

For Mr Carnac and his colleagues at 5t Mark's, the prob-lems which have racked their church, the Church of England, over this past year barely exist. They seek to pre-serve blameless their flock for the coming of the Lord. Yet about and above them in the Church are leaders who do not see (and who are excoriated for not seeing) that matters are so simple. It is the leaders' struggle to shift doctrine and practice into a new relationship with "the world as it is" which has given the church such a bad year, and may further convulse it in the year to

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The Church of England debate

The trials of following the elusive liberal star

By John Lloyd



So far has this process gone, it is said, that the Anglo-Catholic and Evangelical wings of the Church, normally pulled apart by their high and low proclivities, are making common cause against the centre.
When I put the issue to the
Rev Mike Marshall, the guitarplaying curate of St Mark's and a fervent Evangelical, he said:
"I was speaking to an
Anglo-Catholic colleague the other day, and he said: 'At least you and we have this in common: we believe in God." It is the harshest of jokes about a Church's leadership. The ordination of women

will dominate the year to come for the Church of England. The central question is: how far must the Church shift to accommodate social change or fashion as the critics call it. Synod, in July, it will need, and how far can it create a

of the Movement for the Ordimation of Women. Its former
executive secretary and
founder member is Margaret
Webster, wife of the retiring
Dean of St Paul's, the Very Rev

The general issue is even less
tian tradition to respond to, for
example, developments in
medical science, the persistence of poverty amidst afflumost "relativist" of the leaders,
ence or the changing status of ation of Women us accretary and founder member is Margaret Webster, wife of the retiring Dean of St Paul's, the Very Rev Alan Webster, himself a keen systhe furore over the presupporter. There are many on the verge of leaving the dinurch, says Mrs Webster, church – and that is all part of more over the present of they feel marginalised as tre. women," She and her colline women, "She and her colline of the 1,000 desconesses – who can fulfill all Church offices within the more big.

We have a curious situation of fundamentalism and traditionalism.

We have a curious situation to find great joy in affirming wo in full confidence that they are against a liberal donation of \$50 lost on the underground by a poor, old warishioner was returned to wear thr

selves just how divisive this preached at St Paul's, as a fare-will be. Like the author of the well to Mr Webster, on Novempreface — she was herself sus-pected — she gives salience to been aware of what was to be "trator, invoke God as objections that there is no one published in Crockford's — Dr. minant of his actions. centre of authority in the



when a decision is about to be taken which they don't like." Next year, the matter will also come before the Lambeth conference of Anglican Bish-ops, which is held once a decade. The conference can make no binding ruling but with bishops participating from Hong Kong, Uganda, the US and Canada where women are ordained, it will be an investment in the contract of the cont

except Communion — has broken down all but the more bigotted objections.

The objectors do not agree.

Margaret Hewitt, the awimming against the tide. The conservatives in the Church clearly think they are swimming against a liberal. Anglo-Catholic chairwoman of the Synod Commission on Infrastructure, says: "We will need to see from the consultations in the dioceses themselves just how divisive this preached at St Paul's as a fave-

Runcie gave a precise defini-

the eighties? But it is nothing less than the authority of God as Creator and Redeemer which is at issue here, and the liberal tradition needs rescuing from those who simply see it as a catalogue of soft compro-

The task of the much despised liberal theologism is to trace God's engagement in the life of the world, to interpret it and to take part in it. How else is the Church and Chris-

underground by a poor, old parishioner was returned to her; God is the main provider of the \$250,000 a year the church raises to support its 20 lay and clerical staff. No less than Mr Carnac does Geoffrey Smith, the St Mark's administrator, invoke God as the deter-

But does not work in the

inner city - more than half the parishioners fall in the poorest 10 per cent of London's popula 10 per cent of London's population - make them long to take
up political cudgels? Mr Smith
points to a passage in a document which describes the
Montgomery Hall project (Viscount Montgomery of Alamein's father was vicar of St
Mark's) a community hall
being developed by the church.
The passage reads: "Evangelism alone is not enough unless
it is accommanied by practical it is accompanied by practical care and action working through the community. Social work alone is not enough unless it is accompanied by a Gospel of forgiveness, redemp-

Gospel of forgiveness, redemp-tion and hope."

To one outside the church, there sppears no possible reso-lution. The evangelical faith of Mr Carnac and his colleagues, manifestly successful in filling themselves with a confront tion church with a congregation, provides a source of energy and a certainty which can both tackle privation and transcend

The liberal concern to incorporate social advances - cru-cially, the diminution of women's inequality - is clearly rational and fair. The Anglo-Catholic appeal to the observation of St Paul that women shall not be set over women shall not be set over men, or preach to them, has scriptural authority. There can, of course, be coexistence between these camps: but the Archbishop of York is probably right, that there is now too much bitterness to allow that to be counted on Someone con to be counted on Someone, or some body, must exercise authority and hope that the majority will see God's hand immanent in his decision.

JOE ROGALY

The empty markets

who remember what it is sup-posed to be about wonder why discipline of the market is in posed to be about wonder why the rest of the world seems to have forgotten. This year the gulf feels wider than ever. The reason is that, suddenly, Mammon is seen to be reigning supreme in practically every corner of the globe. The golden god is in charge of economic policy in most major industrial of who belongs where, then it countries, and social policies in is powerfully placed. It should not a few of them. This percepnot a few of them. This percepengender self-discipline. It may tion is at its most stark in stimulate hard work: see the Hong Kong where the reindeer, example of some Protestants. It in two-storey-tall lights, race will certainly contribute to an around the skyscrapers, while, understanding of the need to on Kowloon side, massed act according to a set of rules, choirs of cardboard angels, it may even provide inner sattheir painted cherubic faces is factions that are otherwise staring out at you, sing hymns missing from life.

through the public address system. Next week the props will religiously-based ethical factor

Have no fear. This is not the start of a Christmas eve sermon, or even a homily on the virtues of Christianity. The point is more basic than that It is, simply, that the world-wide adoption of the market economy as the standard by which policies are judged seems to have come about at a time when spiritual beliefs appear to be retreating out of sight. Not everywhere, of course. Religious (or is it tribal) warfare persists in the Middle East and Northern Iredancy in India. Some young people are going back to Church, or Synagogue, or Mosque precisely because they recoil from the rule of Mammon outside. And the bornagain Christians of the United States seem to contradict the general thesis, although in fact theirs is a movement that mar-

EVERY Christmas those of us answer that I have been able to

be rearranged for the run up to and you have - nothing. The the Chinese New Year. Behind only reason to get up in the the facade more cash registers morning is the need to earn a tinkle, over more glitzy sales, living; the only reason to work than anywhere else save Singa-well, or conscientiously, is the pore, New York, London, need to keep one's job. Spending profligately, or wasting other people's money, or declining to maintain a professional standard of service, all follow. In the mental world that is our real existence anarchy prevails. Accountability becomes a thing of the past.

This is where the market comes in. It says: provide goods or a service for a customer and do so at the best possible price, or become a waste product of contemporary society. So spend money wisely. You have no option but to be accountable, and responsible. The alternative is, at the end of the Middle East and Northern the land. The Sikhs continue their day, unemployment and disbattle with the Hindu ascen-grace if you are an individual, bankruptcy if you are a com-pany, a budgetary squeeze if you are a public institution. It would be wrong to deduce

that an appreciation of market mechanisms is not compatible with religious belief. The two have been bracketed together general thesis, although in fact theirs is a movement that marries God to Mammon and creates a new have-it-both-ways delty.

Yet the overall social norm has changed from one of being a believer to one of not taking generation of wealth. What is much notice of religion. The so sad about contemporary much notice of religion. The so sad about contemporary question is why - why has the society, however, is that the market taken over the throne one has become a substitute so completely? The best for the other.

The need to prove fault

From Mr N.B. Pettersen. sonal injuries should not depend on proving negligence and the ability to hilgate" (December 17).

the driver's fault - a fault for which they could not remotely be held responsible is that really just? And remember that it would be the same be that would be the same in any com-parable accident, whether on the the Institution of Chemical

road or otherwise.

The case for removing the Sir, Contributing to the presented to prove fault is particularly strong in relation to accimeering output, Dr Boswell dents at work. As well as the (Letters, December 8) draws larly strong in relation to accidents at work. As well as the indefensible expenses and delays currently involved, there are serious hidden costs. Many of these are because each sidemanagement on the one hand and claimant, usually represented by a trade union, on the one hand and claimant, usually represented by a trade union, on the some hand and for fear of prejudicing the chances of proving or disproving fault.

What is more, the ever-increasing complexity of new technology is heading towards the point at which the assessment of fault in some cases will become well-night impossible.

Thus, instead of readily joining forces to investigate the true cause of an accident at work so that they may co-operate to avoid repetition - the whole range of an accident at work so that they may co-operate to avoid repetition - the whole range of increasing essence of accident prevention-the two sides are forced by the legal system into an adversarial posture; they may remain locked in it for years.

In a specific of the discipline Dr. Boswell found to be contemplating such a step during a foreign language oral to avoid repetition - the whole range of financial engineers remain heavy the products on a broad tax of the 1940 and the financial careers of about \$24,000\$ at the appropriate competitive design.

The five criteria by which the great that the Centres are they omit any reference to design.

It is presumed that the Centres they only markets. To take advantage of the computed fract to trigger they products on a broad tax of the products of the products on a broad tax of the products of the products of the products on a broad tax of the products of th

UN system) is radically reformed, there is a risk that dis-

enchantment and hostility may increase in the years ahead.

That the Americans who had unreasonably high expectations in the UN in 1948 should feel

frustrated - as jilted lovers must surprise no-one. After all there has been a subtle double

expecting enlightened opinion in

Letters to the Editor

on proving negligence and the ability to litigate" (December 17).

I agree.

Surely both economic and duction of engineering graduates into the financial world can only the driver and both are killed. The widow and children of the passenger recover substantial damages from the driver's estate (or, rather, from his insurers).

The driver's estate (or, rather, from his insurers).

The driver's widow and children receive no such compensation because the accident was the driver's fault - a fault for the passenger recover.

Surely both economic and duction of engineering graduates into the financial world can only the duction of engineering graduates. Without the appropriate design into the financial world can only the cooperation to prevent accide for a spisuded, rather than the Centres will invent" things regarded as a waste or loss to the profession. An important factor in career choice for an engineer is the consequences, with all the consequences, with all the driver's estate (or, rather, from his insurers).

N.B. Pettersen, 37 Highland Road, Kentiworth, Warwickshire.

Cooperation to prevent accident as a polauded, rather than the Centres will invent" things regarded as a waste or loss to the profession. An important factor is the opportunity to exploit the opportunity to exploit the creativity which has been for tered as a major part of an engineer in processes in place, I suspect that the Centres will invent" things regarded as a waste or loss to the more regarded as a waste or loss to the interest as a waste or loss to the interest than important factor is the consequences, with all the in career choice for an engineer is the consequences in place is suspect that the Centres will invent. The universities.

Without the approaches in processes in place, I suspect that the Centres will into the financial world on regarded as a waste or loss to the incare receive or one to the consequences, with all the in career choice for an engineer is the consequences. Thus "financial world on regarded as a waste or loss to neering graduates as a preferred discipline from which to recruit, even more so when language skills are being fostered - as in the course where Dr Boswell has pride in its art done his examining.

T.J. Evans, George E. Davis Building, 165-171 Raikeay Terrace

not be done on a bilateral basis between countries - but is now downgraded to a purely symbolic status, like the League of Nations in the 1930s.

This is what we must react against But then it must be seen by all that international organisations are useful and successful (which has not been the case since the World Health Organisation eradicated smallpox in the

There is a larger dimension to the United Nations problem

From Mr J.M. van Gindertaed.
Sir, Your editorial "US should pay its UN dues" (November 24) cannot be disputed: there is no reason why United Nations staff in New York should be the hostages of the US Congress.
Yet there is a larger dimension to the UN problem. First, the US is not the only country that fails to settle its contributions on time - a score of culprits from all over the world could easily be identified. Second, unless internal machinery in the UN and other agencies (even those outside the

machinery in the UN and other vice is no longer fulfilling its

agencies (even those outside the mandate - achieving what cansachinery in the UN addically not be done on a bilateral basis

There is not enough flow it is useful to them - and invaluational granties.

awakened to this fact, and are as yet little evidence of this from the universities.

From Mr C. Douglas Woodspare Sir, Reporting the bequest of the Harold Samuel Collection (December 2), your correspondent refers to "the Corporation

dent refers to "the Corporation of London, not known for its interest in art."

Do you know, I wonder, of Barbican Art Gallery, whose exhibition "The Image of London" recently earned the commendation of your arts correspondent? Or of Barbican Centre itself, with three cinemas, two theatres, concert hall and two further art display spaces? The finest public collection of works by Matthew Smith forms part of the Corporation's permanent collection of works of art, which has more than 3,000 drawings, watercolours and sculptures.

And a new Guildhail Art Gallery

And a new Guildhaff Art Gallery
is currently under construction,
to provide a fine home for our
paintings.
C. Douglas Woodward,
Libraries, Art Galleries and
Records Committee Records Committee, Corporation of London, Guildhall Library,

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BRIAN SOLDS Spicier to Port of London Authority

From my reasonably desided to have sider that such an assumption would be erroneous. While some sections of US industry have

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THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA U88350,000,000 Floating Rate Debentus

due 2005 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the debentures, the interest mas for the period 29th December, 1967 to 29th Jenuery, 1968 has been fund at 874 per cent per atnute. On 29th January. Interest of US\$7,104167 per US\$1,000 nominal attout of the debentures will be due for payment. The rate of interest for the period commercing 29th January, 1988 will be determined on 27th January, 1988,

ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED Agent Bank and Principal Paying Agent

Legal Notices

IN THE MATTER OF DE JERSEY & CO LIMITED AND IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors who proved debts or claims in the liquidation of the above named company are required to establish on or before the first day of March 1969 whether his, her or its debt bore interest by sending full particulars of the same to the audermarshored Liquidator of the same to the pany and that falling which any proof will be essuanced not to bear interest and distribution in the liquidation will be reade accordingly. Full particulars of debts and any interest psychia thereon should be sent to the Liquidator, Mr S. M. Fraser of Savoy Tower, 77 Flexieuw Sares, Clasgow 92 3912.

Dated the 34th day of Describer, 1967

FOOD INDUSTRY

The FT is proposing to publish this survey Friday 1st February 1988. For full details contact: MARK JONES on 01 248 8000 Ext 3365

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

A Now He garage and the same



FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday December 24 1987



Michael Holman reports on the deal clinched with a half-Nelson, not a handshake

Scepticism over a shaky unity

babwe's nationalist movement split, the often bitter rivalry between Prime Minister Robert Mugabe and Mr Joshua Nkomo, the opposition leader, is appar-

Provided, that is, one takes at face value Mr Mubabe's euphoric face value Mr Mubabe's euphoric announcement this week that the ruling Zimbabwe African National Union (Zanu)-Patriotic Front party and Mr Nkomo's minority Zimbabwe African People's Union (Zapu) party had finally agreed to merge and "move into the future hand in hand"

uct of intermittent negotiations over the past few years, should help achieve two main objec-tives: end the violence in Matabeleland, conducted largely by disaffected former members of Zapu's guerrilla army which was disbanded at independence; and allow the Prime Minister to pursue his declared objective of a Marxist-Leninist state, undistracted by the demands which multi-party systems impose on

The realities may prove different, however, at least on the political and security fronts. The vision of the slight, austere 63-year-old Mr Mugabe in such a cordial relationship with the large and avuncular Mr Nkomo, a 73-year-old political veteran, will please Zimbabweans long dismayed by the enmity between

the two men.

However, it will also greatly surprise them, and leave many sceptical, for the unity negotiations over the past few years have been marked by few concessions from Mr Mugabe. Rather, Zapu has been battered into submission, leaving the impression that Mr Nkomo was finally brought to this week's signing ceremony firmly held in a half-Neison, even if the deal was clinched with a handshake. It may thus be premature to surprise them, and leave many sceptical, for the unity negotiations over the past few years have been marked by few concessions from Mr Mugabe, one-party state. For his part, Mr Rather, Zapu has been battered into submission, leaving the impression that Mr Nkomo was impression that Mr Nkomo was impression that Mr Nkomo was finally brought to this week's always been relucant to play secsigning ceremony firmly held in a half-Nelson, even if the deal was clinched with a handshake. It may thus be premature to celebrate the end of a schism broadly delineated by a division beween the Zanu-supporting accused of plotting to overthrow been attempting to negotiate a merger which he can sell to his supporting the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu - accused by the Government of supporting the dissidents - has burly been able to function as a political party. Its senior officials in a political party. Its senior officials in the deal and meetings banned. It is against this background that Mr Nkomo, an increasingly tired and dispirited figure, has been accused by a division secure an effective coalition government failed when Zapu was been attempting to negotiate a merger which he can sell to his day, and on which in the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu - accused by the Government of supporting the dissidents - has burly been able to function as a political party. Its senior officials in half-Nelson, even if the deal ways been relucant to play second fiddle to the man who led that Mr Nkomo, an increasingly tired and dispirited figure, has been attempting to negotiate a merger which he can sell to his determination to create a the same time Zapu in the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu in supporting the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu in the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu is supporting the dissidents of the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu is supporting the dissidents of the dissidents thrive. At the same time Zapu is supporting the dissidents of the macused to the same time Za

Joshua Nkomo (left) and Prime Minister Robert Mugabes divisions have been removed by their

form Zapu's stronghold.

This division, which goes back to the early 1960s, was clearly illustrated at the elections during Zimbabwe's transition to independence, and again five years later. In both polls, the results reflected the country's tribal arithmetic in which Shona clans make up about four fifths of Zimbabwe's 9m people and the Ndebele the balance. Zanu won about 80 per cant of the black vote, but Zapu swept the board in Matabeleland.

in Matabeleland.

The parliamentary dominance that this gave Zanu was not enough for Mr Mugabe, who from the beginning of his premiership has made no secret of his determination to create a one-party state. For his part, Mr Nkomo, portrayed by his party as the "father" of the nationalist movement in Zimbabwe, has always been relucant to play sec-

involved were detained involved were detained.

It was around this time that former members of Zapu's guerrilla army began a campaign of terror and banditry in Matabeleland which has left scores of blacks and over 70 whites dead, and which still continues today.

The Government's attempt to make the security these tracks are the contract of the contract that the contract the security that the curb the security threat was bru-tal and counterproductive. Two

long political career with pride. On the basis of what has so far emerged, he will have a difficult task convincing Zapu member that the result is far short of

capitulation.

The "new" party retains the name Zanu-Patriotic Front; the proportion of ex-Zanu politicians in the cabinet appears to be at Mr Mugabe's discretion, as does the allocation of key portfolios and it is far from clear that Mr Nkomo will have an effective army campaigns in 1983 and 1984 against the dissidents, as they are known, resulted in the deaths of at least 1,500 black civilians, and many more were ill-treated. The campaigns left a mood of bitterness which survives to this day, and on which the dissidents thrive.

At the same time Zapu — accussed by the Government of

new cabinet is announced at the end of this month, Zapu will be better treated than initial reports

has something more substantial to offer his followers, the split in the nationalist movement wil merely have been and the violence in

Jayawardene deputy killed by extremists

The two assassins ambushed the victims' car with a machine gun at an intersection and escaped on a stolen bicycle, army Col Vijaya Wimalaratna said. The killings came three days after President Jayawardene had

vowed to wipe out Sinhalese extremists who have been asses-

sinating his supporters.

Mr Harsha Abeywardene,
chairman of the UNP, his driver,
a bodyguard and another side
were killed when at least 21 bul-

SINHALESE extremists shot and killed the chairman of President Junius Jayawardene's United National Party and three other people yesterday, authorities asid, AP reports from Colombo. The two assassins ambushed The wictims' car with a machine in the rest five months.

Lets were fired at their Korean-planks tied together with string, made car, a police detective said. A police officer quoted with the colonet said. A police officer quoted with the colonet said. A police officer quoted with the colonet said. The JVP has vowed to kill anyone one who supports the July 29 to men rode by on a motorcycle signed with India. The accord and apparently told the ambush-was designed to end a four-year ment officials and UNP members in the rest five months. in the past five months.

Col Wimalaratna, military coordinating officer in Colombo,

up to a bicycle repair shop near the intersection and asked to the intersection and asked to have a new tube put in the bike's front tyre.

While they waited for the repair to be done, they stood at a nearby intersection with a Chinese-made T56 submachine gun concealed inside eight wooden pulled out the machine gun and opened fire.

The car's rear and side win ke's 16m people, Sinhalese total down were shattered and there were shattered and there were bullet holes in the front tion.

On Sunday, President Jayanese-made T56 submachine gun and opened fire.

The car's rear and side win ke's 16m people, Sinhalese total down were bullet holes in the front tion.

On Sunday, President Jayanese-made T56 submachine gun chairman earlier this month. He

was approaching. As the car neared the intersection and slowed down for heavy midmorning traffic, the ambushers pulled out the machine gun and

lese, of giving away too many concessions to the Tamils, who

criticism

the first time to drop tearges

Olympic Airwaya, Sahena, SAS and Air Portugal.

Most of these were the subjects, until recently, of a Commission legal action designed to force them to fall in line with European Commission competition, rules. Brussels dropped that suit two weeks ago following the agreement on the sir packase.

Yuppies toy with grown-up gifts for

Christmas

WHAT IS on the Yuppie (young, high-flying professionals) Christ-mas list this year? According to Sharper Image, a San Francisco-Sharper image, a San Prancisco-based retail and mail-order chain that caters for well-heeled types who have to have everything, the in-set is buying 'adult toys.'

The company says that sales are booming despits the stock market crash. Unlike most US retailers, the company has not reduced its prices to attract cus-tomers and even bossis that its stores are so crowded people have to queue in the streets to get in.

have to queue in the streets to get in.

The most popular item at Sharper image's stores this season is the Astro Shooter, a table-top pinhall game complete with flashing lights, sound effects and automatic scoring, all for \$99.

If you are looking for a challenge and have deep pockets, Sharper Image recommends the Liferower, which combines a rowing machine with a video rowing machine with a video game to produce a computer-ani-mated white-water ride.

mater white-water rise.

The rower pits his or her skills and endurance against a simulated fast-flowing river, complete with sound effects of splashing water. In addition to an exciting aer

obic workout, this machine will really fire up your competitive spirit," Sharper Image suggests. The price is a mere \$2,700. Measure Mate is a high-tech gadget for those who like to potter around the house. It sells for \$99 and gives accurate room dimensions instantly by using

ultrasound technology.

Ultrasonic waves echo back to the unit and provide a read-out rounded to the nearest half-inch rounded to the nearest half-inch Exactly why anyone should want this gadget is not explained. Perhaps, after all, yuppies wallpaper their own homes. Or could it be that they need to size up their next property investment?

Then there is the Sound Soother 2, Sharper Image's clock radio that helps send you to sleep. At \$50, it is a "sleep conditioner" that generates "white noise" to filter out intrusive sounds.

For those whose lives are made peace pact Mr Jayewardene signed with India. The accord was designed to end a four-year guerrilla war by rebeis fighting for a separate Tamil nation.

Many Sinhalese have accused Mr Jayawardene, also a Sinhalese, of giving away too many concessions to the Tamils who

at \$39. Perhaps the ultimate gift for Perhaps the ultimate gift for the highly-gifted is the Voice Memo, a calculator-sized, 30-each one recorder designed to capture those flashes of brilliance that occur when pen and paper are not to hand.

"For \$29 you will never again risk forgetting that good idea that popped into your head," trills the sales pitch.

Israelis reject UN

for arrests, but Arab sources claimed last night that 344 had been picked up in the previous 24 hours, bringing the total over the past two weeks to 1,700.

The occupied territories were The occupied territories were relatively quiet yesterday, with protests concentrated in commercial strikes. Many Arab day labourers returned to their jobs in israel. Israel radio reported that 30,000, about 50 per cent of the normal total, had left the Gaza Strip for work.

In its carefully drafted statement, the Foreign Ministry said: "Israel is convinced that attempts to bring violence, bloodshed and eamlity to the territories harm the prospects for peace and should he brought to an end.

THE LEX COLUMN

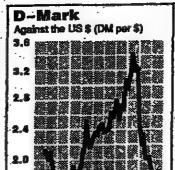
BP's Christmas cracker

The memories of the October crash are still so painful that many investors may have overcrash are still so painful that many investors may have over-looked the fact that equity markets in New York and London have both rallied by well over a tenth during the last three weeks. While this may still be a bounce before the next downward lurch, the longer it continues, the more confident the mood. The spate of cash bids is clearly helping the London market and Wall Street has been buoyed by the continued surprisingly strong showing of the US economy. Nevertheless, once the holiday celebrations are over, the old problems which have haunted the markets for the last two months could quickly reappear. The G7 statement is a rather toothless document, unlikely to be sufficient to stabilise the dollar over the long term. Meanwhile, yesterday's dismal UK trade figures for November are an embarrassing reminder that the UK economy is growing too fast for comfort.

BP/Britoil

The Takeover Panel's clear-ance of the Britoil bid has landed the Government with a real old Christmas puzzle. The Panel's ruling is a model of clarity; it gives first place to the right of

the national interest.
It may well be that the Gov-



normally required to issue price-sensitive information first through the Stock Exchange's company news service, so that the whole market is put on an equal footing. The Treasury is under no such obligation, but contrived to infuriate the market for the second time in five days by issuing its statement piece-meal, thereby producing ten minutes of expensive chaos for the market-makers.

1977 79 81 83 85 87

the market-makers.

The Britoil price eventually settled at 427p, 23p below BP's offer. This gives considerable weight to the perceived hostility of the Treasury, and none at all to the possibility of a counter-bid from Arco, whose stake rose yesterday to 20.4 per cent. Meanwhile, another puzzle, if BP does set 100 per cent ownership withruling is a model of clarity; it gives first place to the right of shareholders to get a fair price for their shares, and points out irrefutably that since the golden share is there as a safeguard against a bid it is hardly grounds for barring a bid in the first place. If the Treasury is still opposed to the deal it will have to come up with a further blocking expedient such as a Monopolies reference, or threaten to be obstructive in the conduct of Britoil's commercial policy should BP take charge.

The first of these is not impossible, since a BP/Britoil combination would have something like a 20 per cent share of the any oil consumer being unduly worried, particularly since this is the kind of share already exercised by the partnership of Shell and Esso. The second course might consist of overruling BP on Britoil's rate of production or dividend payout, but it would surely be hard to defend a policy of bloody-mindedness as being in the national interest.

It may well be that the Gov-

for what it says about confidence it may well be that the Government's re-statement of its It also serves as a useful pointer
position yesterday was not an
expression of hostility towards UK companies which are partly
BP, but simply a reserving of its owned by heavily indebted
position on other companies antipodean entrepreneurs.
with golden shares. Either way, Chase's highly-geared New Zealit was mishandled. Those in control of a quoted company — as
the Treasury is of Britoil — are its UK affiliate had plenty of In the post-crash property world.

ideas about how to remain inde-pendent, it was overtaken by the pressing need for ready cash. It is clear that while strategic stakes may make a lot of sense in bull markets, when paper profits are surging they present a serious problem in a bear mara serious problem in a bear market when the predators cannot gain access to the cash flow of the companies in which they have invested. It is a problem which Australia's Mr Robert Holmes a Court has had to confront, and the dilemma could have implications for a number of other UK companies, such as Gestetner and Tozer Kelmsley & Milbourn. However, despite the impression of a distress sale, Trafalgar Honse is paying close to net asset value for its acquisition, which implies that concerns about the impact of the stock market crash on the property sector may have been overBra

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erty sector may have been over dramatised.

South Africa

One of the casualties of the crash has been the idea that ethical investment is inherently more profitable than the other kind. Like so many specialist investment vehicles, ethical funds did indeed outperform on the case with the case of the case o the way up. But seeking to exploit this alliance of morals and Mammon, several companies launched new ethical funds in the weeks preceding Black Mon-day. Avoiding underperformance on the way down could prove

However, Wood Mackenzie has provided seasonal cheer to UK pension fund trustees who have avoided South Africa. To enable avoided South Africa. To enable fund managers to explain the costs and benefits of staying clear of South Africa, and to allow trustees fairly to compare their performance, the brokers have constructed indices for the UK, US, Europe and the Pacific which exclude all companies with direct investment in South which exclude all companies with direct investment in South Africa. So far this year, the South Africa-free index has shown the best performance in three out of the four areas; ironically it is the US — where the principle is most developed — that the ordinary index has just won out. won out.

By sticking to the criterion of direct investment a stay per cent of European capitalisa-tion is removed from the South Africa-free index - with only 24 per cent of the Dutch market, 28 per cent of the West German and 51 per cent of the UK remaining. Ethically, though, it is a bit odd to end up with Japan forming 50 per cent of the alternative world index when it is the second lar-gest exporter to South Africa.

Toy distributor fined \$380,000

AN UNSEASONAL present, in the form of an Ecu300,000 (\$380,000) fine, was imposed yesterday on a leading British toy distributor by the European Commission in Brussels.

The penalty has been imposed on Quaker Oats UK, the distributor of popular Fisher-Price products in both Britain and Ireland, for preventing Irish shops from importing their supplies direct from UK wholesalers.

The decision came in a fintry of pre-Christmas rulings by the Commission, affecting among other things the distribution of Konica photographic films

Konica photographic films between Britain and the Conti-nent, and the sale of nail guns

The Commission also fired a first shot in its efforts to open up the market for computer modems (a device for linking computers by telephone) in Belgium, calling on the Belgium Government to say when it plans to abolish the state monopoly on the import and distribution of anche comment.

such equipment.

The coincidence of all the competition rulings and Christmas is due to delays in translation and a desperate effort to clear the books before the holiday.

The commission said that an even more substantial fine would have been imposed on Quaker Oats UK, the wholly-

owned subsidiary of Quaker
Osts, the US multinational, "in
view of the gravity and duration
of the infringement" which
lasted from November 1982 to
August 1985, but the company
had introduced a "compliance
programme" to explain the EC
competition rules to all staff.

Mr Chris Kitching, managing
director of Fisher-Price UK, said
the company was "extremely dis-

ters.

The biggest fine of all was Ecutim imposed on Hilti, a Liechtenstein company widch is the largest European manufacturer of nail guns for the construction industry, for abusing its dominant position to prevent rival manufacturers from supplying alternative products.

Europe warns leading airlines on tough new curbs

THE EUROPEAN Commission yesterday warned 13 leading airlines to scrap restrictive routesharing practices by January 1, or face the consequences of tough new air liberalisation rules.

company believed to be failing to observe the aviation package in finally agreed by European Commission said yesterday.

"In order to ensure rapid implementation of the aviation package, the Commission has restrictions on the availability of informed the airlines that it will yesterday warned 13 leading air-lines to scrap restrictive routs-sharing practices by January 1, or face the consequences of tough new air liberalisation

The new rules will give Com-mission officials the power for the first time to stage unan-nounced dawn raids on airlines thought to be working under anti-competitive agreements.

They will be able to seize documents and records from any are said to be at an advanced

month.

The package outlaws many restrictions on the availability of discount fares and the 50-50 capacity-sharing deals by member states. The airlines involved have already promised to reform their inter-company agreements in line with it.

take all appropriate action under its new powers in respect of any airline agreements which remain legally in force after January 1 1988 and which contain provi-sions incompatible with the new package."

The airlines to have received

the written warning are Ast Lin-gus, Air France, Alitalia, British Airways, British Caledonian, Iberis, KLM, Lufthauss, Luxair, Olympic Airways, Sahena, SAS and Air Portugal.

G7 pledge on value of dollar

would be damaging.
They added that there was an implicit understanding that central banks would intervene if implicit understanding that central banks would intervene if
necessary to prevent a sharp
decline in the dollar's value, but
the banks would not necessarily
be defending a specific target
range.

If a filled a better that the statement had
been delayed by the wrangling
over the US budget and that it
had been extensively lesked in
the banks would not necessarily
advance, European finance ministers put an optimistic gloss on
the latest accord.

range.

It is is the latest accord.

It is officials highlighted a phrase in the communique which said that any significant rise in the dollar would also cration was "alive and was "alive and south Korea. Those countries in the dollar would also cration was "alive and was "alive and south Korea. Those countries in the dollar would also cration was "alive and was should quickly adopt trade prompt official action. They said Gerhard Stoltenberg. West Germany's Finance Minister, said will allow the reduction of standing among at least some that it was particularly impor
The statement also reflects the growing trade surpluses of the newly-industrialised Asian countries, particularly Taiwan and South Korea. Those countries should quickly adopt trade and exchange rate policies that that there was an explicit understanding among at least some that it was particularly impor-

ment, including the US members of the group on the transfor the cohesion of Directed would be damaging.

They added that there was an implicit understanding that central banks would intervene if necessary to prevent a sharp over the US budget and that it bean built on the Louvre pean economic policies.

That optimism is echoed in Japan where Mr Kiichi Miyament that the statement had been delayed by the wrangling that the latest statement had over the US budget and that it bean built on the Louvre

The statement also reflects the

Christmas is a crisis time.

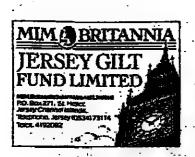
Hostel in danger of closure.

The animal hostel in Haringey run by the Animal Hostel Trust desperately needs help to keep its doors open this Christmas. Hundreds of unwanted and abandoned animals need its shelter, nursing care and neutering before being re-housed to responsible owners.

Please send kind donations to:-

"Animal Hostel Appeal" c/o Bardays Bank South Tottenham Branch 220 High Road London N15 4AH

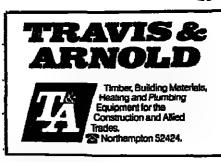




SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday December 24 1987



Braniff drops rescue deal to merge with Pan Am

pany owned by the Pritzker family of Chicago, has formally dropped its offer to merge with Pan American World Airways, annually while Braniff would Am's unions over the labour concessions which Branff crisis which it is widely expected cessions which Braniff demanded in exchange for a

financial rescue package.
The Braniff deal, which was the only one of several rescue offers to have won the approval of Pan Am's board, involved line operations into a new com-pany to be jointly owned by the shareholders of Pan Am Corpora-

had strongly supported the prin-ciple of Pan Am being taken over by an outside investor, the pilots union decided not to sup-port the Braniff offer. Some union leaders also appear to believe that they may

bargain with members of Pan Am's management than with concessions worth about \$200m annually while Braniff would have injected new capital to tide the airline over a serious cash crisis which it is widely expected to face next year.

Although a coalition of Pan Am's five main labour unions had strongly supported the prinpoint of departure.

They would then hope to nego tiate with the remaining man-agement on concessions designed to put the business on a sounder

US bank confirms job cuts

MANUFACTURERS Hanove Trust, the sixth largest US bank, confirmed yesterday that it would be eliminating about 2,500 jobs from its worldwide staff of just over 29,000.

in an internal staff builetin, the bank confirmed reports about a senior management meeting at which Mr John McGillicuddy, the chairman, called for "all line and staff units to take another look at their

The bulletin said that this review would "not result in any across the board cutbacks."

It predicted, however, that "a combination of attrition, disposition of certain units and selec-tive pruning of staff throughout the organisation" would result in job cuts "in the range of 2,500." Meanwhile, the bank has suspended its planned move to a

review of its operations in the City, senior vice president Mr D'Arcy LeClair said yesterday. A policy followed throughout this year of running down staff numbers means that "there will not be that great an impact on London," said Mr LeClair.

new London office pending a

Iggesund to acquire UK paper unit from Unilever

UNILEVER, the consumer products group, is selling its Thames Board business to Iggesund, the Swedish forest products company, for \$80m (\$146.4m).

The disposal marks the end of Unilever's involvement in the The disposal marks the end or Unilever's involvement in the UK paper and packaging industry, following the group's decision to withdraw from peripheral businesses, it had been known for some time that Universely.

lever was prepared to sell Thames Board if the right offer was made.
Last year Unilever sold its corrugated division to ASSI of Sweden and its solid case making business to Davidson Radcliffe, but did not disclose the

Thames Board, based in Workington, Cumbria and employing 800 people, makes high-quality duplex carton board used for packaging products such as food, tobacco and pharmaceuticals.

Iggesund said that adding

Themes Board to its own busi-ness would make it the largest paperboard manufacturer in Europe. Shortages of raw materials set limits to further expansion in Sweden. Therefore growth by acquisition abroad is a natural step, said Mr Joergan Nordin, managing director of

BY MAGGIE URRY

Iggesund.

Iggesund's turnover is approximately \$22500 a year and it employs 2,500 people. Its main business is in high-quality board for carton and graphic outlets and it exports about 90 per cent-of production. It has a UK plant

at Milton Keynes.

Thames Board's Workington plant is one of the most modern in Europe following a \$94m expansion programme initiated with help from government grants in the late 1970s and completed in the early 1980s. The business was profitable and turn-

reach \$83m.
According to Mr David Lang, of stockbrokers Henderson White Jenkins, "the sale fits in with everything Unilever has been saving they are saled to do and

saying they are going to do and it's a good price."

Considerable interest in buying the business had been expressed by a number of companies around the world.

Unlike the business had been been expressed by a number of companies around the world. Unilever said yesterday that the sale of Thames Board

rich would be best served by a more focused management strucbryaight the proceeds from dis-posals so far this year to £1.68bn. This has largely come from the sales of the unwanted parts of Chesebrough Fond's acquired at the end of 1986.

Goodrich sells off tyre stake for \$225m

and was involved in making car tyres from the earliest stages of development of the car, is leaving the business for good.

The company is selling its 50 per cent stake in its joint venture with the Uniroyal Goodrich Tyre Company to Clayton & Dubiller, the New York-based investment company which specialises in management buyouts, for \$225m. On top of this, B.F. Goodrich will receive a package of warrants which allow it to buy back a 7 per cent stake in Uniroyal Goodrich, the second largest US manufacturer of car and light truck tyres, within the next seven years.

even years. B.F. Goodrich emphasised that any purchase of Uniroyal Good-rich shares in the future would be for investment purposes and that the company did not intend to reinvolve itself in running a

to reinvolve itself in running a tyre business.

It was Clayton & Dubilier which, in 1985, arranged the highly leveraged buyout and subsequent liquidation of Uni-royal, the tyres and chemicals concern which had once been one of the largest industrial com-

decided to sell its tyre operations to concentrate its capital on its expanding chemicals and aero-space businesses.

A spokesman said it had always been the intention to spin off its stake in the joint venture at some stage, although the offer by Clayton & Dubilier had come sooner than planned. Mr Martin Dubilier said the full potential of Uniroyal Good-

He acknowledged that the joint venture had not achieved its goals, but he still believed that there was plenty of opportunity in the business.

John Wicks examines a change of direction at a leading US group

Greyhound makes new tracks

FEW MAJOR companies have undergone quite such a radical change of character over a short period as Phoenix-based Grey-hound. The much-publicised sale of its bus lines earlier this year was only one of a continuing series of divestments and acqui-

To quote Mr John Teets, who has headed the company during its restructuring, Greyhound has been "recast in a new growth mould."

For Mr Teets, who is both chairman and chief executive, growth means expansion of 5-8 per cent a year - excluding future acquisitions - with a 15 per cent return on equity as a

per cent return on equity as a three-year goal.
He says he is "very optimistic" for next year, when turnover seems likely to be back above the 1986 level of \$3.09bn. This had included revenues from Greyhound Lines.

For most of its 78-year history, the company has been known as a bus operator. It started off by running a seven-seater for ore miners in Minnesota, expanding over the years to a fleet of about 5,000 vehicles by the 1960s. It was then that Greyhound - not always wisely - began large-scale diversification that was to take it into financial and other services, bus manufacturing and con-

royal, the tyres and chemicals concern which had once been one of the largest industrial companies.

The joint venture between B. F. Goodrich and Uniroyal tyres was formed in July 1986.

B.F. Goodrich said it had decided to sell its tyre operations to concentrate its capital on its expanding chemicals and aerospace businesses.

A problemman said it had to a non-union company only to a non-union company only days after workers had turned

down a pay cut.

A similar dispute sparked off
the sale of Greyhound Lines. The
bus service had annual revenue
of about \$650m-\$675m and was still in the black, but had lost half its passengers. Fares had cessed to be competitive due to oad and air deregulation and

high operating costs.

Mr Teets had won a 15 per cent wage cut in 1983, but a 9.5 per cent reduction was rejected by employees late last year. The company was sold, again to a



Other divestments have included those of Greyhound Capital, the computer-leasing subsidiary, while negotiations are current for the sale of Verex, the loss-making mortgage insurer. Another financial services operation, Pine Top Insurence to in the process of liquids.

This drastic alimming cure has, however, been accompanied by a number of important acquisitions. The biggest of these to date has been the \$264m pur-chase in 1985 of the consumer products division of Purex, which added about \$450m to consolidated turnover.

This has since been merged with Armour-Dial, which Grey-hound had retained after selling off Armour Food. The new Dial with Armour-Dial, which Greyhound had retained after selling off Armour Food. The new Dial Corporation, with annual sales of \$850m, is a major US producer of sospe and household cleaners including Brillo pads - as well as processed foods, from Armour Star canned meat and cornstarch in the works are negotiations operates two cruise ships, and a processed foods, from Armour Star canned meat and cornstarch in the works are negotiations of the works are negotiations. For the time being, though, the works are negotiations of the works are negotiations of the works are negotiations.

non-union concern - which proceeded to slash pay by 30 per cent.

Other divestments have mincluded those of Greyhound the US, making it the country's biggest builder of inter-city and control to frozen pizza and maple syrup.

In vehicle manufacturing, the group this year bought General Motors' transit-bus operations in the US, making it the country's biggest builder of inter-city and country and control transitions. municipal buses.

municipal buses.
Other Teets-era purchases have centred particularly on the travel sector, among them Jetsave, the UK tour operator, the chain of Aeroplex airport and hotel gift shops and the two ships based at Cape Canaveral and acting as the official cruise line for Walt Disney World.
The biggest took place last

purchase from Chicago-based Much will depend on two Carson Piris Scott of its in-flight things. One is when the comand airport-terminal concessions.

These run under the names Verex. Mr Jack Kelly, an analyst and airport-terminal concessions.
These run under the names
Dobbs Houses, Dobbs Interna-

gramme of microwaveable meals Teets' avowed plans to keep up internal growth. This appears to be foreseen in every main sector other perhaps than financial services.
Greyhound has come a long

way in the past few years. It remains to be seen when this will be fully reflected in profits, however. Net income from continuing operations seems likely to be in the order of \$1.50-\$1.60 a line for Walt Disney World.

The biggest took place last levels reported in the early month with the \$390m dollar 1980s.

with Goldman Sachs in New York, says that without this sub-



H J JOEL GOLD MINING COMPANY LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)
Resignation Number \$50199506

COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT Class "A" (1987) Options

Option holders are referred to the Notice dated 16 October 1987 and to the conditions applicable to the above-mentioned options, as printed on the reverse side of the option certificate(s) and are reminded that in terms of clause 6 of the said conditions "A" (1987) options not exercised by the close of business on Thursday 31 December 1987 shall lapse and be of no further force, effect or value. Accordingly option holders who wish to exercise their options, in whole or in part, are urged to complete and return the form of application, together with the subscription money payable and option certificate(s) for at least the number of options being exercised, to the company's transfer secretaries:

Johannesburg Conselidated or Hill Samuel Registrars Ltd
Investment Company Ltd
by post to
P.O. Box 590

Hill Samuel Registrars Ltd
6 Greencoat Place
London SWIP 1PL
England

time.

ure.

76603

with the

S. Cristi

or by delivery, to JCI House 28 Harrison Street

as soon as possible so that the documents are received by the said transfer secretaries by not later than the close of business on 31 December 1987. By order of the Board

Johannesburg 23 December 1987.

To the Holders of

COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION TRUST SIXTEEN

Class 1 Floating Rate Bonds Due 3/20/2018

Pursuant to the Indenture dated as of December 1, 1986 between Collateralized Mortgage Obligation Trust Sixteen and Texas Commerce Bank as Trustee, notice is hereby given that the interest rate applicable to the above Bonds for the interest period from December 20, 1987 through March 19, 1988 as determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture, is 8.5625% per annum. Amount of interest payable is \$19.25 per \$1,000 principal amount.

COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION TRUST SIXTEEN

STATE BANK OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA A \$75,000,000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1994

Holders of the notes of the above issue are hereby notified that for the next interest sub-period the following will apply:

INTEREST RATE: 10.54 PER CENT PER ANNUM INTEREST PERIOD: 18 DECEMBER 1987-18 MARCH 1988 INTEREST AMOUNT DUE: 18 MARCH 1988 PER AS10,000 NOTE: AS262.78 PER ASS,000 NOTE: AS131.39

BANK OF TOKYO AUSTRALIA LIMITED AGENT BANK



United Kingdom

U.S.\$4,000,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that, for the three month period 24th December, 1987 to 24th March, 1988, the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 7½ to per cent. per minum. Coupon No.6 will therefore be psyable on 24th March, 1988, at the rate of US\$9,716.15 from Notes of US\$194.32 from Notes of US\$10,000 nominal.

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. 'Agent Bank

Marine Midland Bank N.A. U.S. \$125,000,000

Ploating Rate Subordinated Capital Notes due 1996 For the three months 21st December, 1987 to 21st March, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 816% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$206.96 per U.S. \$10,000 Note and U.S. \$1,034.81 per U.S. \$50,000 Note. The relevant interest payment date will be

Listed on the London Stock Exchange

Bankers Trust Company, London



Den Danske Bank af 1871 Aktiesekkab

U.S. \$30,000,000 Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 1989

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period 23rd December, 1987 to 23rd June, 1988 has been fixed at 81/s per cent. per annum and that the coupon amount payable on 23rd June, 1988 will be U.S.\$10,325.52 of interest per U.S.\$250,000 nominal of the note.

> - Agent Bank-إليتك السعودى العالمى المحدود Saudi International Bank AL-BANK AL-SAUDI AL-ALAMI LIMITED

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF

he Sumitomo Trust and Banking Company, Limited

134% Convertible Bonds Due 2002

Pursuant to Clause 7 (D) of the Trust Deed dated 3rd August, 1987 relating to the above-mentioned Bonds (the "Bonds"), notice is hereby given as follows:

The Bank issued today by way of a public offering in Japan 7,000,000 shares of the Bank's Common Stock at a price of Yen 2,732 per share, which price was fixed on 4th December, 1987. Consequently, pursuant to Condition 5 (C) (vi) of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, the Conversion Price of the Bonds has been adjusted from Yan 4,167 to Yan 4,163.4 per share of the Common Stock of the Bank effective as from 24th December, 1967, Tokyo time.

24th December, 1987

The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Company, Lineited



Santa Barbara Savings

and Loan Association U.S. \$400,000,000 Collateralized Floating Rate Notes

due September 1996 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 8% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, March 24, 1988, against Coupon No. 6 in respect of U.S.\$ 100,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$2,022-22.

December 24, 1987, London
By: Citibenk, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

APPOINTMENTS

ADVERTISING

Appears every

Wednesday and Thursday

for further information call 01-248 8000

Tessa Taylor ext 3351 Deirdre Venables ext 4177 Paul Maraviglia ext 4676 Elizabeth Rowan ext 3456

BANCO DI ROMA BANCO DI ROMA
U.S.\$200,000,000
Fleating Base Subordinated Lum
Participation Certificates
and 2001
Issued by Morgan Guaranty Grabil
for the purpose of making a
subordinated loan to
Foreign Branches of
Banco a Luna

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the certificates the Rate of Interest for the Interest Determination period 24th December, 1987 to 24th June, 1988 has been fixed at 7.9675%. Interest accrued for the above period and psyable on 24th June, 1988 will amount to US\$2,025.07 per US\$50,000 Certificate and US\$2,025.073 per US\$50,000 Certificate.

Agest Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London Branch

Weekly net asset value on America Growth 18.12.87 Fund was US\$ 19.92 Listed on the Amsterdam

Stock Exchange

Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Herengrache 214, 1016 BS Amster Tel. + 31 - 20 - 211188.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF

The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Company, Limited

21/2% Convertible Bonds Due 2001

Pursuant to Clause 7 (D) of the Trust Deed dated 7th May. 1985 relating to the above-mentioned Bonds (the "Bonds"), notice is hereby given as follows:

The Bank issued today by way of a public offering in Japan 7,000,000 shares of the Bank's Common Stock at a price of Yen 2,732 per share, which price was fixed on 4th December, 1987. Consequently, pursuant to Condition 5 (C) (vi) of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, the Conversion Price of the Bonds has been adjusted from Yan 1,710.6 to Yan 1,709.1 per share of the Common Stock of the Bank effective as from 24th December,

24th December, 1987

The Somitomo Trust and Bankins

U.S. \$150,000,000

Banco do Brasil S.A.

Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit Due 1990

In accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agency Agreement between Banco do Brasil S.A. and First Interstate Capital Markets Limited, dated as of 23rd December, 1986 notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the next six month Interest Period has been fixed at 8% p.a. and that the interest payable on relative Interest Payment Date, 23rd June, 1988 in respect of U.S. \$500,000 nominal amount of the Notes will be U.S.\$21,127.60.

Reference Agent . First Interstate Capital Markets Limited

24th December 1987





Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by
The Lang-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited Notice is hereby given that the Rate of interest has been fixed at 9.125% p.a. and that the interest poyable on the relevant interest Payment Date, March 23, 1988 against Coupon No. 13 in respect of £5,000 nominal of the Notes will be £113.44.

December 24, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO



BASF to extend North American activities

June, BASF said. The move is pigment binder for high gloss the latest of several large investments in North America by the German chemical industry in the last few years, as the dollar has fallen and thus given BASF.

BASF said that the nurchase of

BASF, the West German chemical group, plans to extend its activities in North America by paying around C5500m (Chattanooga, Tennessee, and Monaca, Pennsylvania), Canada (US\$383m) for the latex business of Polysar Energy and Chemical Corporation of Canada.

The deal is expected to be completed by the end of next mer in water, is used mainly as a

fallen and thus given BASP,
Bayer, and Hoechst an opportunity to expand in the US, the provide it with strategically
world's biggest chemical market.
Polysar, formerly known as

future growth. The Ludwigshafen-based group has been expand-ing its European activities in fin-ishing products for the paper and packaging industries.

around 20 per cent of its DM41bm (US\$25.17bm) turnover in North America. More than 90 per cent of its sales there come from local production. Two years ago, it paid US\$1bn for inmont, the US motor paints and printing in the print ink group. However, the biggest German chemical deal in North America has been Hoechst's \$2.85bn takeover of Celanese of the US.

Chargeurs buys wool weaver

CHARGEURS, the French con- acquire Andre Roudiere, another glomerate with interests in major textiles company, and transport, textiles and television, gives the group more than half has reinforced its position in the the French market for woven

Baulked in September in its bid to take over Prouvost, the leading French textiles company, Chargeurs has now agreed to take 75 per cent control of Ets. Paul et Jean Tiberghien, the principal quality wool weaver in france and a producer of knitting and hosiery wools.
The acquisition follows Chargeurs' move earlier this month to

Riyad Bank acquisition

RIYAD BANK, Saudi Arabia's second-largest commercial bank, has bought a 29 per cent stake in Bank for Saudi-Swiss Trade and

Investments. Other shareholders in Saudi-Swiss are Union Bank of Switzer land with 61 per cent and private Saudi individuals with 20 per cent. Riyad held no shares before its acquisition.

Saudi Saudi individuals with 20 NKr2bn (\$314m) total cost.

"Canada is a new country of the country state of the country sta

"Canada is a new country to us and construction costs were higher than we expected," Hydro said. The cost overrun will be said. The cost overrun will be between NKr400m and between NKr400m and to be close to a vital market for magnitude. Saudi-Swiss will change its name to Saudi Swiss Bank by the end of January 1988. Particular emphasis will be placed on developing business with Saudi Arabia and assisting Saudi-Swiss communications and dispersal Norsk Hydro, Norway's biggest diversified corporation and one mesium — the Detroit car industry. The plant is expected to employ about 350 people. communications and financial

Chargeurs already owned La Lainiere de Picardie and Delcer in the textile sector and will now have an annual turnover of nearly FFr4bn (\$727m) in this

The move is viewed in Paris as part of an offensive strategy by Mr Jerome Seydoux, chairman of Chargeurs, to encircle Prouvost,

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

in which he had built a stake of around 47 per cent but failed to gain control in the face of a dogged defence led by Mr Christian Derveloy, Mr Seydoux's opposite number at Prouvost.

Prouvost's sales are around double those of Chargeurs in the textile field, but the FFr140m Mr Seydoux has spent on the Roudiere and Tiberghien stakes give him a strategic position in companies which are both clients, suppliers and competitors of Mr Derveloy's group.

plant will produce 60,000 tonnes of magnesium a year.

Norsk Hydro Canadian plant runs over budget

NORSK HYDRO, the Norwegian of the world's biggest magne-energy and industrial group, said that its new magnesium plant in Quebec, Canada, will cost between 20 per cent and 30 per cent more than the budgeted duction in first half 1989. The

earlier.
It is also unclear what the effect on the local stock market will be. The index has fallen from an all-time high of 4763 points on October 1 to 2491.82 this week.

The SEC's quick relief package for Da Shing may be based on the realisation that a failure to intervene could prompt an even more drastic slump in this vola-tile market.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest interna	لعبوت	bonds	for H	hich	there	is an
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Cartada 9 96	1000	1964 I	977	+04	+01. +01	9.51
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Coca-Cola Ent. 63, 90	100	99	1000	+00+	+13-	6.21
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L.1.8. 93, 97	150	71			+11	9.81
Finland 71/2 97	200 200	971	914	+04	-01	9.45
Ford Motor Cred 123 90	100	1051-	100	104	+11	8.37
Gen Elec Credit 104 00	200	1043	104%	+0-2	+13	9.58
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Mutual America 75, 92	200	194	940-	+010-	+1	9.39
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Trading by Taiwan broker suspended

By Bob King in Taipel

TAIWAN'S Securities Exchange Commission has ordered Da Shing Stock Bro-ker, one of the country's largest brokerage houses, to suspend trading after a ci-ent defaulted on loans of

the government has staved off at least temporarily a collapse of the brokerage firm by persuading the United World Chinese Connected Bank, in which the government has a majority stake, to accept stocks worth Taiwan \$1.1bs from the client as collateral in a shoring up of Da

shing's finances.

Details of the transactions that led to the crisis are still sketchy. Local press reports suggest that the client had recently purchased about US\$38m worth of shares in two leading textile firms through Da Shing, which had extended Shing, which had extended him loans for a substantial

The reports said that the client had settled about US\$14m of his debt to Da Shing a few days ago. But his cheques for the remainder were dishonoured by banks, leading to the default and the subsequent

Such lending by all but one brokerage here remain technically illegal under SEC regulations, but insiders agree that the practice is rampant despite the prohibition.

It is not clear when Da Shing will be permitted to resume apparations or

resume operations or whether it will face SEC sanctions over the crisis. On Wednesday, the firm was only handling settlements on trading concluded a day earlier.

Dutch to allow zero coupon bonds By Our Financial Staff

THE DUTCH Finance Ministry said it will allow the bonds and discount bonds starting 1988 as a further liberalisation of the Dutch capital markets. Zero-coupon bonds have no coupou. Discount bonds have a con-The ministry said redemp-

tion or sales of zero-coupon bonds would be taxed as income. The ministry would also tax the effective yield of such bonds at the moment of redemption or For discount bonds, the

ministry would compensate for the interest payments received and already taxed. The usual tax exemption on ers would also apply to these bonds, the ministry added.

Asea merger to close **factories**

AT LEAST 100 factories will close after the merger of Asea of Sweden and BBC-Brown Boveri of Switzerland, according to the desig-nated head of the giant electrical engineering company, writes Our Financial Staff.

Mr Percy Barnevik, Asea's president, said the merger will be completed by January 1, as planned, and strengthen Asea and Brown Boveri.

Nedlloyd expands in Spain

By Our Financial Staff

NEDLLOYD, the Datch shipping and transport group, has acquired Fernando Roque Transportes Laterna-cionales, the Spanish transport group. The deal is part of Nedlloyd's strategy to expand land-based transport activities, Nedlloyd

Roque has 16 offices in Spain, linking key ports and airports with the interior, and employs 650. No other financial details were given. Last year, Nedlloyd bought a leading Dutch transport group, Van Gend en Loos. Earlier this month, Nedlloyd announced that it faced a heavy loss for 1987 as a result of write-downs on ships and off-shore dril-

Deborah Hargreaves on Chicago's answer to its critics

US futures defend their role

IN A DESPERATE bid to avoid ing. Mr Miller contends, provid-being regulated out of existence, ing a valuable safety valve for the corresponding stocks in New stand that sort of selling."

Chicago's futures and options selling pressure in New York.

Mr Scholes points out that to being regulated out of existence, Chicago's futures and options exchanges are amassing evidence in defence of the role of futures trading during October's stock

market crash.

"There is a widespread impression that the crash was triggered by a huge rush of selling in Chicago, transmitted with great weight onto an unsuspecting New York. That is not the way it was," declared Mr Merton Miller, professor of finance at the University of Thesesor of Transday. professor of finance at the University of Chicago on Tuesday, when he presented a preliminary report by the Chicago Mercantile Exchange's independent panel.

Not surprisingly, the "blue-riband" panel is adding its voice to those of the Chicago Board of Trads and Commodity Futures Trading Commission in support of the role of futures trading on Black Monday, as Washington eagerly searches for a scapegoat for that day's unprecedented stock market fall.

stock market fall.

The tidal wave of selling hit both markets simultaneously on October 19, Mr Miller explains. The fact that futures opened at a 7 per cent discount to the cash index does not mean futures were leading the way down, he asserts. The cash index still included outdated prices due to the late opening of many stocks on the New York Stock

Exchange,
"Futures didn't lead stock

York.
In between portfolio insurance
arbitrage buys, the

Portfolio insurance – a practice that involves hedging a stock portfolio by selling index futures into a falling market - some 50m to 90m shares. This same 50m to 90m shares. This same 50m to 90m shares that the same 50m to 90m shares that the same 50m to 90m shares. 32,000 to 47,000 contracts on relieved the NYSE from this October 19 — depending on additional selling pressure, the



whether you take the low or panel asserts. high estimate. This was at least Portfolio insurance makes the high estimate. This was at least 20 per cent and at most 30 per cent of the CME's S&P 500 futures overall volume of 162,022

"Futures didn't lead stock prices down, but I don't want to claim it led them up again either," contends Mr Miller. But the panel suggests the NYSE and the CME look at the procedures for opening both markets, given that the gap between the two is always widest at the open.

What did happen on October 19 were exploiting the difference in 19 was that the S&P 500 futures pit was a net absorber of considerable portfolio insurance sell- futures overall volume of 162,022 tracts its users want to sell. But, contracts that day.

In terms of stock selling this represents an equivalent of some tracts being dumped on the markets being dumped on the

big assumption that there will always be a buyer for the con-tracts its users want to sell. But,

Mr Scholes points out that to increase futures liquidity sub-stantially would be to create over-capacity most of the time a situation where traders would be sitting around with nothing to do. He is looking for some way to develop a type of supplemental liquidity, where people could be brought in at the right moment.

This is part of the argument used by the proponents of price limits on futures contracts - once a limit is reached, a contract effectively stops trading, giving time for more buyers to be assembled. Mr Karsten Mahl-mann, chairman of the GBOT, has already advocated perma-nent price limits for stock index futures a move long resisted by the CME's staunch free

But in spite of the CME's move to impose temporary 30-point price limits on S&P 500 futures after the crash, the panel questions the advisability of using them as a permanent regulatory mechanism. Price limits would shut down a market at the very time years have the dreatest. time users have the greatest need to hedge portfolios.

This happened to the CBOT's
Treasury Bond futures contract,
which remained "limit up" for
most of the Tuesday after the
crash - resulting in a huge transfer of orders to London. A market closed by reaching its limit
could also exacerbate pressure
on other domestic markets that

remain open. remain open.

Much contention has surrounded futures' margin requirements since the crash and Mr Miller warns against the "facile" conclusion that they should be raised to equal those required by established stock exchanges.

Generali acquires Swiss group

GENERALI, Italy's largest insurance group, has acquired 76 per cent of the Geneva-based Union Suisse Assurances. The deal forms part of the Italian group's strategy of internationalising its operations.

Union Suisse concentrates

Union Suisse concentrates principally on non-life business and operates through a network of 80 agencies in Switzerland. Nevertheless, about 40 per cent of its premium income, more than L250bn in the current year, is derived beyond Swiss borders. Union Suisse holds significant stakes in other insurance companies, the product of the companies was undertaking life business. nies, two undertaking life busi-ness in Switzerland. Its other interests include shareholdings

in non-life companies in Canada, involved. Holland, Germany, Belgium and Portugal. In addition Union Suisse has stakes in two non-life French insurance companies.

Generali already has a direct interest in one of these, La Lutece, whose results will now be consolidated in the Italian company's financial statements.

No information has been given No information has been given regarding the price paid by Generalt for its acquisition. The company says, however, that the takeover was agreed with Union Suisse's management. The Swiss institutions and the Geneva families which previously controlled the company will continue to be

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro, Italy's largest bank, is to sell two subsidiaries. BNL now considers that both Banca Tiburtina and the Istituto di Credito per il Lavoro Italiano all'Ester-o(ICLE) are non-strategic invest-

BNL had hoped to create a merchant banking operation from Banca Tiburtina. The project has, however, failed to get underway. Mr Nerio Nesi, BNL's chairman, is reported as saying they offers have already been that offers have already been received for Banca Tiburtina. which has a network of five branches in the Rome area.

French deal for Bailey Shatkin

lly Shaphan Fidler Euromarkob

BAILEY SHATKIN, the London based futures and options broking subsidiary of London Invest-ment Trust; has formed a joint venture to trade futures, options and equity in the French mar-

The other partners in the venture, which is to be called George V Finance, are Michel Puget, the French broker, in which Bar-clays de Zoete Wedd has agreed to take a 20 per cent stake, and the Banque d'Arbitrage et de



sells soft

and slips

at halfway

Mansfield Brewery, the

Nottinghamshire-based con-cern, is selling its Mandora St Clements soft drinks business to A G Barr, the Scottish port drinks mann-

facturer whose brands include Tizer and Ira Bru,

for a maximum consider-

ation of \$21.5m cash.
The two businesses will create Britain's third big-

gest soft drinks company in a fragmented industry

A poor performance from Mansfield's soft drinks divi-

sion was a contributory fac-tor in the decline in its pre-

tor in the decline in its pre-tax profits for the six months to October 2, which were announced yesterday. These showed a decline to \$3.35m compared with \$3.5m in the same period

last year. Mansfield acquired Man-

dora, mainly a supplier of own-label fizzy drinks, in

own-label fizzy drinks, in the late 1970s and, in a bid to build a branded business, subsequently acquired Rimark, with its St Clem-ents brand, in 1985. Mr Robin Chadburn, chairman, said: "Over the years the company has devoted some considerable

devoted some considerable resources, both financial

and managerial, to the development of the soft drinks business. Despite

this significent investment the operating profit of the business over the last two and a half years has pro-gressively declined."

Mr Chadbarn said Barr

had the business base, resources and scope to strengthen Mandora's business in a marketplace which was being re-structured.

Mr George MacLaren, Barr's finance director said: We believe the Man-dora business is a very good fit with ours and can be rationalised."

Mansfield, in announcing

interim results, said that while the disappointing trend of the first half had continued into the second,

it was confident that having disposed of the soft drinks business it could concen-

trate on its core brewing activities which would ben-efit from new beer prod-

Beer sales were down by five per cent in the first half with an operating profit of \$5.18m (\$5.5m). Frampton Village Cider, a joint business with Hazel-wood Franks, contributed

£15,000 (£11,000). The interim dividend is

interim divider unchanged at 2.25p.

Post delay for

shareholders

By Hillar Tult

some Freemans

Some 500 phareholders in Freemans, the mail order group which is on the receiving end of an unwanted \$430m cash offer

from Sears, look unlikely to receive their offer docu-

ments until after Christ-

The first batch of offer

documents went out to

shareholders on the regis-

ter at June 11, nine days ago - just 72 hours after the

offer was amounted. But this speedy action has been no help to more recent Free-mans shareholders; in bid

battle tradition, the Free-

mans directors only released the updated share register on Monday, the last date on which they were required to do so.

The final offer documents

have now been posted - but may yet be smarled up in the tail-end of the Christ-

Norton Villiers goes for Third Market

Norton Villiers Triumph Group, which has revived limited production of Nor-

ton motorcycles, is to seek a Third Market listing on the Stock Exchange.

Previously its shares have

been traded under Rule 532(5). Now, however, it wants to be able to make acquisitions for shares, as well as raise further funds

- both actions would be

made possible by a Third Market listing. The group also disclosed yesterday that it had condi-

tionally agreed to acquire London No 1 Club, a market-ing business offering collec-tive club memberships.

buy the company by Chase Cor-poration, the New Zealand propporation, the New Zealand property and leisure company which owns 60.1 per cent of CPH. Chase approached Kleinwort company's estimated net asset Benson, which is acting for Trafalgar House, last week.

Chase is an antipodean casualty of the stock market crash and has cut back on its overseas property interests and is anxious to reduce heavy borrowings. It acquired its holding in PCH as a result of the takeover last year of Property Holding and Investment Trust by Wingate Property Investments

The proposed acquisition will enhance Trafalgar's property interests with a portfolio principally consisting of office and

value of 372p at September 30.

Mr Robert Morton, an analyst at Barclays de Zoete Wedd, com-mented that the proposed deal should provide plenty of work for Trafalgar's construction and property businesses. "The main impact on profits will come through in the next financial year, rather than this one," he

Trafalgar House is expected to report pre tax profits for the year to September 30 of \$216m (\$163.2m). It intends to run CPH as an

Trafalgar House, the shipping property and building combine, is making an agreed offer for Chase Property Holdings worth £198.4m in cash.

This follows an invitation to buy the company by Chase Corporation, the New Zealand property that the New Zealand property the New Z

will have the choice of the cash offer or a share alternative of 4 new Trafaigar House shares for 5 CPH shares for the remaining

29.9m in issue. The share offer valued CHP's shares at 285p yesterday, on a closing price for CHP of 260p, five pence above the price at which dealings were suspended on Tuesday. Trafalgar House shares rose 4p on the announcement to 318p.

The maximum number of new Trafalgar shares which can be issued under the offer is approximately 23.9m, representing about 4.7 per cent of the enlarged ordinary share capital.

Moorgate gets bid approach

Woodchester Investments, Irish-based vehicle for British & Commonwealth Holdings' leasing interests, yesterday made a take-over approach to Moorgate Mercantile Holdings, the credit finance and leasing group which it intends to use as a UK base. Woodchester already owns 29.9 per cent of Moorgate.

Moorgate shares jumped 29p to 105p yesterday to give the com-pany a market capitalisation of announcement was rushed out after a burst of activity in Moor-

the Mainchester motor dealer in which it has a 29.9 per cent stake. Lookers has agreed to give Woodchester first refusal on all

yesterday morning.

Mr Julius Sliman, Moorgate chairman, said last night that any offer would have to take into account his company's "enormous growth potential." No price has yet been put to Moorgate.

Woodchester, 53.4 per cent owned by B&C, needs a UK leasing company to take advantage of its relationship with Lookers, the Manchester motor dealer in

Moorgate last night appointed Kleinwort Benson as its financial adviser. Woodchester is advised by Schroders.

Hillsdown offshoot opts out of JMD agreement

an agreement to underwrite a £500,000 rights issue on behalf of John Michael Design, the USM-quoted design consultancy.
John Michael issued a statement yesterday saying it had received notification from Hillsdown Investment Trust, a sub-sidiary of foods and furniture \$185,000.

group Hillsdown Holdings, that HiT had rescinded the arrangement agreed on December 1.
HIT alleges that John Michael
neglected to tell it, at an early stage of their funding discus-sions, about litigation John Michael had entered into against a client for settlement of out-

standing invoices totalling approximately £185,000.

entitled it to rescind the agreement with John Michael. "We should have been informed earlier," Mr Michael Teacher, a HIT director, said yes-terday. "John Michael issued the

Hillsdown Investment Trust October. Our discussions with has decided not to go ahead with John Michael began in October, but we only found out about the litigation late lest week."

The directors of John Michael said yesterday they did not accept that they were in breach of any agreement with HIT, and that it should prove possible to the outstanding

However, they felt that, in view of the obvious breakdown of communication between themselves and HIT, it would not be possible to resolve the differences of opinion. They therefore confirmed that all-discussions with HIT about the rights issue had been terminated.

Even before HIT claims this failure was a announcement, the funding talks material non-disclosure which had been problematic. HIT first agreed, in early October, to lead a consortium injecting £1.4m into John Michael by subscribing 2m ordinary shares at 70p a

Wiggins Group soars by £1m in first half

Wistins Group, the Londonbased property developer and motor dealer, accelerated its recovery of recent years with a near 21m advance in pre-tax

For the half year ended September 30 it has returned £1.83m, compared with £686,000 last time, from a turnover increasing to £40.67m (£30m).

The interim dividend is raised to 2p (1.21p) on capital increased by February's rights issue and the June acquisition of Abingdon Estates. Earnings were 9.54p

Motor dealerships achieved record new car registrations. Parts and service departments become significant profit centres as did the body repair centre in its first full year.

Lessemaster continued to grow in size as the trend towards conterday. "John Michael issued the proceedings at the beginning of ruled against the proposals."

In the assume the trend towards contract hire gained popularity with individuals as well as companies.

the configuration is the contract of the contr TO THE HOLDERS OF

Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. Liquid Yield Option Notes Due February 21, 2006:

On December 16, 1987, the Board of Directors of Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("ML & Co.") announced Its adoption of a Stockholder Rights Plan (the "Plan"). In accordance with the provisions of Section 1210 of the Indenture dated as of August 15, 1985 between ML & Co. and Chemical Bank, as Trustee, covering Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. Liquid Yield Option Notes due February 21, 2006 (Zero Coupon-Subordinated), you are hereby notified of the adoption of the Plan. The Rights are being distributed as a dividend on ML & Co. Common Stock to holders of record on January 8, 1988, but all shares of ML & Co. Common Stock that are subsequently issued are entitled to receive such Rights for as long as the Plan Is in effect.

The following is the text of a press release issued by ML & Co. on December 16, 1987 as it relates to the Rights:

Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. today announced that its Board of Directors adopted a Stockholder Rights Plan designed to deter coercive takeover tactics and help prevent situations where one group of stockholders may derive a benefit not available to others. Under the plan, stockholders will receive preferred stock purchase rights as a dividend at the rate of one Right for each share of Common Stock held as of the close of business

Each Right will entitle the stockholder, under alternative circumstances, to buy either securities of Merrill Lynch or securities of the acquiring company (depending on the form of the transaction) at an exercise price that will be half of the market value of such

The Rights can be exercised only if a person or group acquires 20 percent or more of the firm's outstanding Common Stock or launches a tender or exchange offer that would result in ownership of 30 percent or more of the firm's outstanding Common Stock. Each Right takes the form of the right to buy one one-hundredth of a newly issued share of Series A Junior Preferred Stock

Each Right that is not owned by a holder of 20 percent of Merrill Lynch stock entitles its holder to purchase, for \$100, shares of the Junior Preferred Stock that have a market value of \$200. A shareholder may exercise rights in this manner if any person acquires 25 percent or more of the firm's outstanding Common Stock, or if a person holding 20 percent or more of the firm's Common Stock engages in certain transactions involving conflicts of interest or in a business combination in which Merrill Lynch's Common Stock remains outstanding.

Alternatively, if Merrill Lynch is involved in a business combination in which Merrill Lynch itself is not the survivor, or if the firm sells 50 percent or more of its assets or earning power to another person, then each Right takes the form of a right to purchase, for \$100, shares of the acquiring company's common stock that have a market value of \$200.

In the event that Merrill Lynch's Board of Directors approves the acquisition of 20 percent or more of its Common Stock by a third party, then the firm will be entitled to redeem the Rights at one cent per Right at any time until the 10th day following public announcement of the acquisition. The Rights expire in 10 years.

Additional details are set forth in a document entitled "Summary of Rights to Purchase Preferred Stock," which will be provided to holders upon request at the following address;

> Chemical Bank 55 Water Street Room 1820 New York, N.Y. 10041

Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.

Andrew Taylor on the attractions of Blue Circle to a bidder Mansfield The hunter becomes the hunted drinks side

DOES THE failed attempt by a mystery bidder to buy nearly 15 per cent of Blue Circle Indus-tries mean Britain's largest

cement company could shortly
be on the receiving end of an
unwelcome takeover offer?
Blue Circle itself is pursuing a
\$217m contested takeover bid for
Birmid Qualcast, the lawmowers, boilers and cookers group. It could be that the would-be predator is about to become the

The favourite for mounting Tuesday's abortive dawn raid, according to building analysts, is Adelaide Steamship, the Austra-lian investment company which last year built and sold a 9.8 per cent stake in the British cement

manufacturer.

Other possible bidders include British conglomerates Hanson and BTR. Foreign cement manufacturers like Holderbank of Switzerland the world's largest cement manufacturer and Lafarge Coppee of France have so far excluded themselves from the frame.

***MMMM**

1981 82 83 84 85 86

Blue Circle's profits were rather flat —only last year —with precampany last year beat its previous profits peak of £1197m, achieved in 1981. However, Blue Circle's prospects are looking

the frame.

At least one major British contractor has run the slide rule over Blue Circle's operations in the last few months and has rejected the group as a possible takeover candidate. So what are the attractions and disadvantages of the company as a take-

tages of the company as a takeover prospect?
On the plus side Bine Circle
has a large UK landbank which
include a number of disused sites
in south east England, particularly around the M25 motorway
which are ripe for redevelop-

ment.

UK cement sales are rising on
the back of a private sector construction boom and Blue Circle is
poised to resp the benefits from
investment in new plant and the
introduction of flexibile working
practices involving the loss of up
to 2000 lobs

to 2000 jobs.

Mr Jamie Stevenson, building analyst with brokers Wood Mackenzie said: "People tend to underestimate the phenomenal arithmetic behind Blue Circle's potential cost savings and prop-erty surplus. Defence profits forecasts, in the event of it going to a bid, could be very large, if the company chose to accelerate land sales.

Blue Circle Pro-tex Profits (Cm) 120 110

Circle's prospects are looking brighter with pretax profits ris-ing by 40 per cent to \$59.7m in the first half of this year UK. the first half of this year UK construction output has risen by around 7 per cent this year and is forecast to rise by a further 3 per cent to 5 per cent in 1988, despite the stock market crash.

Blue Circle also has wide-spread overseas interests and has been expanding in the US, one of the morel's highest construction.

the world's biggest construction markets. It is now one of the six markets. It is now one of the sax biggest US cement producers along with other European com-panies like Holderbank, Lafarge Coppee and CBR of Belgium. The view of many analysts and, de facto, the recent bidder for Blue Circle shares is that the

Capel's unnamed client fell well short of the 14.7 per cent it was seeking on Tuesday, although the pre-cise number bought is still

David Poole, Blue Circle managing director.

stock has been heavily underwalued.

The company's share price since the market crashed on October 19 and shead of Tuesday's abortive dawn raid had fallen by almost 30 per cent. The building materiels share index, by comparison, had fallen by 24 per cent and the FT all-share by 25.6 per cent.

City critics are also hoping that Blue Circle, under its new managing director, Mr David Poole, will be able to get more mileage out of sushidiaries like Armitage Shanks, the bathroom products company which they say has underperformed since it

was taken over by the cemen

All this means that a succes ful bidder could take timely advantage of the improvements In efficiency and rising UK sales which are in the pipeline. The real test of Blue Circle's

success in the UK cement market however, will be whether it can get its costs below those of its two rivals - RTZ, which operates Castle Cement and Rugby Port-

The construction group which earlier this year considered Blue Circle as a possible takeover can-didate concluded that, despite investment in new plant and improved efficiency. Blue Circle was unlikely to reverse the slide in its UK market share, which has fallen from 60 per cent to under 55 per cent over the last

few years.

The group also considered that Blue Circle's US sales were too reliant on its ability to import low cost cement, particularly from its Mexican plants. This trade route it believed could be the controlled to the contr

in jeopardy under a more protec-tionist US government.

Another factor which must be taken into consideration when considering Blue Circle's pros-pects is the impact the ending of a 53-year-old price fixing agree-ment is likely to have on the UK cement market.

The price cartel, operated by the three remaining British

cement manufacturers, was abandoned in February.
The immediate effect had been to reduce the price of cement in some areas. Manufacturers, however, are likely to be more than appropriate the state reduced by a large reducever, are heard by a large reduc-tion in transport costs as the practice of shipping cement long distances at uneconomic rates is phased out.

The real test of manufacturers ability to cope with open competition will come when construction output starts to fall, possibly as the end of the decade

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PREDATOR MAY HAVE BOUGHT NO MORE THAN 1%

The raider's identity is unlikely to be disclosed at all unless it raised its total

14p to 440p yesterday after its mysterious predator withdrew an instruction to James Capel, the stockbro-ker, to buy 38m shares at 450p, writes Clay Harris.

stake to more than 5 per cent. It is widely believed to have, succeeded in buying no more than I per cent of the cament group's shares.

Although the Takeover Code was revised earlier

this year to require the dis-closure by noon the next day of any change in a stake of 1 per cent or more in either party to a bid, this ruledoes not apply to offeror companies in all-cash bids such as Blue Cir-cle's current contested \$217m bid for Birmid Qual-cast, the lawnmowers, boil-ers and cookers group.

Trilion £5.5m

Trilion, financially troubled television production company, last night estimated it would show a total loss of \$5.46m, after a tax credit and extraordinary

charges, for the year which ended on September 30. It also announced a \$7.5m

cash injection through the sub-

loss estimate

By Clay Harris

Nimslo outlines recovery plan

BY RICHARD TOMKINS

SHAREHOLDERS in Nimsle International, the learning 3-D photography company quoted on the USM, are to be asked to approve a plan aimed at injecting long-term liquidity into the company while it carries on trying to develop a marketable

\$593,000 for the period to July.

The comparable period saw a profit of \$274,000, but only after an exceptional credit of \$1.9m.

Oil & Gas Construction from

BY RICHARD TOMKINS.

it is to buy an initial 50 per

cent interest in Kleinwort Ben-son Energy, a wholly-owned Kleinwort subsidiary engaged in oil and gas exploration and pro-

KBE has operated on the UK

The dividend is again passed.

The first proposal is for majority shareholder Fred Oisen, the Norwegian shipping line, to eliminate long-term debt from Nimslo's balance sheet by converting its \$7.2m worth of non-interest

the company while it carries on its \$7.2m worth of hon-interest trying to develop a marketable bearing promissory notes into ordinary Nimsio shares.

An outline of the two-stage plan emerged yesterday when Nimsio produced its interim figures showing a pre-tax loss of cent now to perhaps 30 per cent.

notes. But if Kleinwort's loan notes are later redeemed while Gold Fields are converted. Gold

Fields will end up with 75 per cent of KBE's equity. Kleinwort and Gold Fields said

yesterday that Gold Fields' investment would enable KBE to

Fred Olsen in a paper acquisition which would further increase Olsen's stake.
OGC commissions and main-

OGC commissions and maintains offshore oil platforms, mainly in the North Sea. The aim would be to provide a cushion of profitability while Nimslo continues the development of a cheaper 3-D product.

Nimslo's estimated 9,000 to 10,000 shareholders will be consulted on the proposals in the

emerge. The company's shares were unchanged yesterday at

Thorn EMI offer

Thorn EMI has raised its offer

for the outstanding 25 per cent

suited on the proposals in the new year, when more details will be continued in the proposals in the holders.

The angular continued in the supplier of the su scription of 12-year unsecured released after the market closed with USM-quoted Trilion's shares unchanged at 85p.
The estimate announced last

night was much worse than expected. Trilion had predicted a return to profit in the second half of 1986-87 after a total firsthalf loss of £1.3m. However, Trilion now expec

of its Thorn EMI Australia sub-sidiary and won acceptance from Thorn lifted its bid to A\$2.73 (106p) a share from the A\$2.5 offered in November. The revised bid values all the Australian unit at A\$114m. However Thorn is, in effect, offering A\$2.85 a share because it has approved a special of the higher than a

higher than expected costs had arisen in operations which were part of Trilion before last year's acquisition programme. A\$2.85 a share because it has approved a special 5 cent divi-dend in addition to a regular 7

The Sixth FT City

Semmar

cent half year dividend.

Plaisterers Hall, City of London 11. 12 & 15 February, 1988

FINANCIAL TIMES dvertisement, together with your business card, to: Financial Times Conference Organisation 2nd Floor 126 Jermyn Street London SW1Y 4UJ Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FTCOMF Q Fax: 01-925 2125

8.9 10.0 4.7 71 52 3.7 8.8 1.7 26.8 33 11.3 45 6.6 12.2 15.7 5.4 10.7 3.7 41 114 107 25 38 75 Feorge Blair 75 his Group 75 Record Huldings (SE) 75 Record Huldings (SE) 3.4 7.5 2.7 75 31 97 27 47 117 141 131 83 Record Hidgs 10% Pref (SE) ... Scrittons ______ Torday & Carlisle ____ 5.5 6.6 2.7 4,4 4,9 32 9,9 41 7,2

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Peek pays initial \$6.3m for Polysonics of US

Continental shelf since 1965.

More recently it has been active offered Gold Fields the opportunity to gain a foothold in the oil the US, the Netherlands, Spain and Italy. In the year to December 1986, it made an operating its investment later if it wished.

Gold Fields/Kleinwort

£42m oil and gas link

Consolidated Gold Fields, the London-based mining finance group, is spending \$42m on a first step into the oil and gas industry in partnership with Kleinwort Benson Lonsdale, the merchant banking group.

The first of \$1.1m and a pre-tax profit of \$71,000.

Under the agreement, Gold Fields will match Kleinwort's existing holding in KBE which amounts to \$14m in share capital and \$28m in convertible loan and \$28m in conve

Peek Holdings, the former the \$6.8m will be satisfied by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the issue of 3.82m zero coupon control industrial holding group by the industrial holding group shell company being turned into an industrial holding group by South African industrialist, Mr Kenneth Maud, announced yesterday that it was buying Polysonics, a Houston-based business whose products are involved in liquid flow metering. Polysonics sells principally to the chemical, oil and water industries and in 1986 saw total

sales of \$5.93m. Pre-tax profits in that year totalled \$569,834 and net assets stood at \$1.54m. The deal is being funded by a \$6.3m consideration up front and further payments dependent on profits. According to Peek's advisers, Hambros, the acquisition was originally discussed ahead of the market's collapse, and would have been funded by the issue of Peek shares, then

valued at 90p.

Peek shares subsequently fell to under 40p. Instead, therefore,

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Current payment payment Feb 1 2.25 2.25 1.25 Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. *Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. †On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. Unquoted stock. Third market.

on a one for one basis at any time to end-January 1993, or will be redeamed between 1989 and 1993 at 90p.

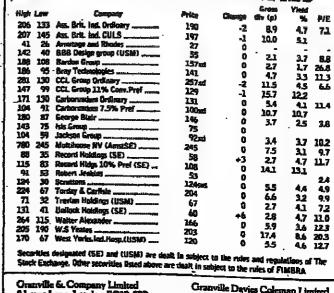
The additional consideration consists of 50 per cent of pre-tax profits in the three years to end-December 1990. However, the permut only becomes payable if pre-tax profits exceed the greater of \$850,000 or the pre-tax figure for 1987. Moreover, the percent-

age shares of those additional profits will be scaled down if the annual compound profits growth rate does not exceed 10 per cent. Bryson purchases Bryson Oil and Gas has agreed the purchase of Summit Energy, and Torrid Energy, subject to shareholders approval. Bryson will transfer its US

subsidiaries and \$1.66m (£910,837) cash for a 71 per cent interest in Summit, an oil and

gas exploration, production and development group. The acquisition of Torrid, a company providing technical expertise in the acquisition, exploration and production of oil and gas for third parties, will involve the issue of 1.433m new Bryson shares, credited as fully

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Dated: December 24, 1987

TATOON TO COME A TRANSPORT FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Max Wilkinson looks at BP's attempt to gain control of Britoil

Golden share is tarnished

into the private sector, was of the shareholders, so if BP's of the shareholders, so if BP's bid was successful, the Government's 51 per cent of voting attempt. Yesterday the Treasury rights could be used in only a repeated its statement that it would use the 51 per cent voting interests of BP and its shareholding the vested in the special share error since the Government has the prevent any charge of control. rights vested in the special share to prevent any change of control. A Treasury spokesman conceded reluctantly that the general import of the statement must be that the Government does not want BP to take over Britoil.

But who ever framed the rules

governing the golden share reck-oned without the combination of corporate daring and legal astuteness that BP has shown. Nor could they have predicted that BP would be smarting with annoyance after the Government's felled by the contraction of the ment's failed share offering handed a 17 per cent stake almost on a plate to the Kuwait Investment Organisation. At all events it is now clear that BP's lawyers held the spe-

Coalite absorbs

balance of Reid

for £7.7m cash

For \$7.75m cash the Coalite Group has purchased the out-standing 75 per cent of the capi-tal of Reid Holdings.

Reid's principal activity is the

extraction, purchase and distri-bution of coal and other solid

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The boldness and simplicity of British Petroleum's attempt to wrest Britoil away from the protection of the Government's "golden share" yesterday left the ministers looking highly embarassed.

The Panel; which guards shareholders' interests in mergers and acquisitions, announced its rulling that BP's bid for the rather nearly turned that preface of an unambiguous stateface of an unambiguous state—cent of the votes confers rather ment by the Treasury that it feeble and uncertain powers if would use the golden share to the holder is not a beneficial prevent any bidder gaining con-owner.

This is because directors, who-The golden share established ever appoints them, would have in 1982, when Britoil was floated a duty to look after the interests spent a large part of this year lauding BP to the skies and attempting to sell an unprecen-dented amount of stock in the company, it can hardly now say that BP is not a fit or efficient company to manage British oil

> Moreover, the fact that the Government just sold its right to appoint two directors to the BP board puts it in a weak position from which to argue now that government-appointed directors would be needed to guard the interests of Britoil from the attentions of BP's management.
>
> BP has shown itself adept at exploiting these paradoxes, perhaps because of its long experi-



Sir Peter Walters, the BP

ence as a nationalised company after Winston Churchill bought control in 1914. It found that control in 1914. It round that although governments could occasionally be an irritant, they are not equipped to run oil companies, and have preferred to wield their power by other means. The most powerful of these in recent years is the allocation of North Sea exploration licences, with taxation policy the next most important.

independence would now make The other two options would be to refer the bid to the Monop-olies Commission, but the chances of the Commission stopping the bid seem small considering the large balancing force of the Shell Esso partnership in the North Sea and the Government's extensive powers over licences and development.

A third option would be to invoke Powers taken by a Labour Government in 1975 to force a divestment in the national interest, but this seems hardly a political runner.

On the other hand, if it does nothing, it is clear that the present Britoil management would be in an uncomfortable, not to say untenable, position if BP gained full ownership.

BP's strategy, therefore must, be to show the Government by reductio ad absurdum that the

golden share cannot be effec-tively wielded in the longer term. For the short term BP seems prepared to sit the conflict out, waiting as it did with Stan-dard Oil of the US for the politi-

dard Oil of the US for the political circumstances which will
enable it to gain full beneficial
ownership and control.
Meanwhile, it must hope that
the political turbulence which it
has created will be enough to
deter Atlantic Richfield of the
US, the other potential suitor
which has continued to build up
a stake in Britoil and now holds
20.4 per cent.

And that, naturally, puts the Government in an even more difficult position.

Chelsea Man expands to £0.6m midway

Chelses Man, the USM quoted designer and retailer of men's clothing, lifted its pre-tax profit from \$524,000 to \$631,000 in the half year ended October 3

There were good seles of larger items including suits and leather garments, while less expensive stock such as shirts, trousers and knitwear did not perform as strongly as expected.

The trend appeared to have been reversed in the second half. Turnover in the first half came to £2.17m (£2.02m). Earnings worked through at 3.84p (3.36p) per share and the interim divi-dend is held at 0.8p.

ASEA wins turbine orders

steam into the combustion cham-ber and also by the addition of

The gas turbine service division of ASEA STAL, Sweden, has received an order worth more than \$\(\) im (US\$ 2m) for the overhaul, up-rating and refurbishing of two gas turbines supplied to the Motor Oil (Hellas) refinery in Covinth

commence next May and, when commissioning the rebuilding and modifications have been planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and primarily by the injection of the Motor Oil (Hellas) refinery in the combustion chamber and also by the addition of the motor Oil (Hellas) refinery in the commissioning the rebuilding and modifications have been planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and enabling the project to be complete, the rating of each turbine will have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and enabling the project to be complete, the rating of each turbine will have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and enabling the project to be complete, the rating of each turbine will have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and primarily by the injection of the Motor Oil (Hellas) refinery in the commission of the modular form, simplifying the installation and primarily by the injection of the modular form, simplifying the rebuilding and modifications have been planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and primarily by the injection of the modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the installation and primarily by the injection of the modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the project to be completed in modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form, simplifying the project to be completed in modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form and modifications have been increased by planned in modular form and modifications have

the Motor Oil (Hellas) refinery in Corinth.

Steam into the combustion chamber and also by the addition of evaporative coolers to reduce the air intake temperature and, increase the humidity. Injection to increasing the power output, also increasing the power output, also power and process steam for the refinery.

Steam into the combustion chamber and also by the addition of evaporative coolers to reduce the air intake temperature and, increase the humidity. Injection to increasing the power output, also increasing the power output, also power and process steam for the oxides (NOX) from the exhaust gases by about 75 per cent.

To meet the required time schedule for the installation and summer.

Instrumentation for Sizewell PWR

NEI has won a major contract for work on the Sizewell B PWR nuclear power station. The CEGB has placed a letter of intent with NEI Electronics, of Gateshead, for the design, manufacture, erection and commissioning of the process plant control and instrumentation system for the new Suffolk nower etafor the new Suffolk power sta-tion, Britain's first PWR.

diately and will involve close working with the CEGB's Sizewell project management team Successful completion of the

The current programme of work includes design of the process system C & I sampling; and analysis and monitoring of effluent, hydrogen, CO2, Seismic and meteorological conditions.

The letter of intent provides

design phase could lead to an order worth up to \$20m. Work on the contract will con the Sizewell B power station is due to be in commercial opera-

Linings for the Channel Tunnel

secured contracts worth \$10m for the supply of cast iron segments for lining the Channel Tunnel and the Docklands railway. The linings will be manufactured at Parkfield Foundries at Stockton on Tees where early

at Stockton on Tees where early tractors Translink should have a this year specialist equipment preference for purchasing tunnel linings from a company with an

lining segments within toler-

Cathodic protection in Qatar port

WILSON WALTON INTERNA and is for the refurblehment of a new port terminal at Umm TIONAL (UK) has been awarded two contracts in the State of Qatar. Both are for the port of Lymm Said. One is for a Qatar Goneral by Hyundal Engineering and Construction Co. and is for the supply and installation of Development Technical Centre)

and is for the repurbantent of a new port terminal at Umm Said for Qatar General Petro-leum Co. Both contracts will use equipment manufactured by Wilson Walton at Stockton-on-Tees. Together, the contracts are valued at over \$900,000.

Refurbishing airport bowling centre

INTERFIT, the specialist interiors division of Emson Construction, has won a \$1.5m contract to completely refurbish and extend the Airport Bowl next to leastly the specialist interiors and the building of 12 new lanes and a new two-storey car park and ancillaries.

The Bowl's snooker halls, a time lanes and vertageous will be a single park and vertageous will be a single park and vertageous will be a single park and vertageous transfer and the building of 12 new lanes and a new two-storey car park and ancillaries.

The Bowl's snooker halls, lounge bers and restaurant will Extend the Airport Sowi heat to London Heathrow Airport Interfit, based at Saffron Walden, all be completely modernised in starts the Airport Bowl job in mid-January. The 40-week contract calls for the complete refurbishment of the existing 24 bowling lanes, which have been in use since the building in Bath Road opened in the mid-1960's,

The work will be carried out in sequence so that groups of lanes will be refurbished, one group at a time, and a major part of the job is the relocation of the control centre of the lanes. To ensure continuity of use it will first be moved from its existing location to a temporary site, and then finally transferred to a new permanent location. The work will be carried out for J Lyons &

(year-to-year % change)

A 07

38

Protecting American marines

NEGRETTI AVIATION, a subsidiary of Meggitt Holdings, has won a contract worth US\$18.9m (\$10.4m) to supply the US Marine Corps with its AR5 Air-

Screw protection mask.
The Airscrew respirator AR5 is claimed to provide full physio-logical protection to head, eyes and respiratory tract against nuclear fall-out and biological and chemical agents in any known form both in the air and on the ground.

Delivery of the AR5 Airscrew protection mask will take place over a 15-18 month period and will be applied to aircrew of Marine Corps Helicopters. The contract follows as a result of the Marine Corps' satisfaction with the supply of the AR5 mask in a previous contract worth around US\$5m (\$2.7m) in 1985.

Transformers for Eurotunnel

P. P. WINDER ELECTRICAL has an order from Translink Joint Venture (UK half of the Transmanche-Link, main Eurotunnel contractor) to provide 49 power transformers, worth over \$500,000. These units are to supply power for tunnel machinery, ventilation, lighting, pumps and locomotive power. The transformers are 800 kVA and 500 kVA, 11,000 to 415 volts. They have been designed to conform have been designed to conform with dimensional restrictions enabling them to be transported through the tunnel without dis-mantling. All the units are to be fitted with a low voltage control panel made by a subsidiary — R.W. Thron & Co. Delivery starts in February, and will staged over the next 20 months.

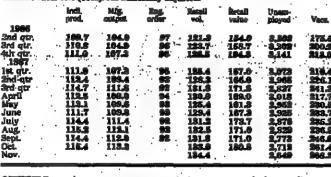
Bulk supplies

BRABY BULK SYSTEMS, Bur a Sim plus contract by Rotter-dam Tank Transport, the Euro-pean distribution contractor for Kodapak PET. Polymer will be shipped in bulk from Eastman Kodak's new plant in Working-ton and from the US to the Rot-terdam plant terdam plant.

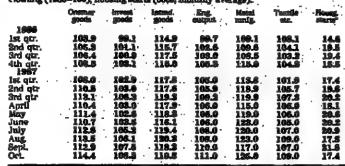
The complex will be similar to that built by Braby at Liverpool about two years ago, but this plant will be much larger. It will have 2,400 tonnes silo capacity, three tilt platforms for discharging containers are public cleanly. ing containers, granule cleaning and FIBC filling systems backed by an additional 2000 tonne warhousing complex.

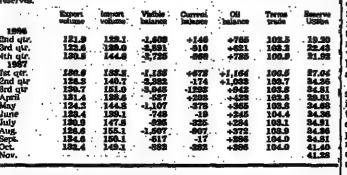
It made a pre-tax profit of just over \$1m in 1986, and at the end of that year its net assets stood at \$2.35m. UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC AUTIVITAtides of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980–100); engineering orders (1980–100); retail sales value (1980–100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavess) and untilled vacancies (000). All seasonally adjusted.



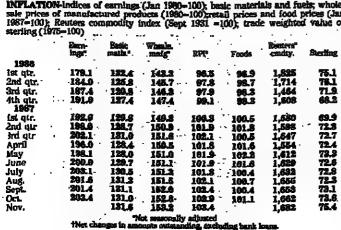
(materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, clothing (1960-100); housing starts (000s; monthly average).





1986	٠.,	MO	- MT	ME	Bank Jending Sm	ES inflow in	Cosmer. credit f Sm	Base rate
2nd atr.		3.1	25.9	° 27.8	+6,455	1,438	+346	10.00
3rd qtr.		5.9	30.2	15.4	+6,395	168	+782	10.00
4th atr. 1987		7.6	16.3	14.1	+10,516	2,814	+444	11.60
ist qu.		1.2	20.6	20.2	+6,733	1,465	4952	10.00
2nd qtr		3.8	29.7	29.3	+8,554	1,894	+1,033	9.90
ard yur		8.1	25.2	21.7	+11,445	1,211	+849	16.00
April		6.1	20.9	33.6	+2.202	727	+410	9.50
May		5.5	37.6	32.8	+2,502	621	+294	9.00
June		4.5	30.8	21.9	+3,979	556	+329	9.00
July		7.7	34.5	24.2	- +4,530	347	+241	9.00
Aug.		7.1	22.5	21.0	+2,653	667	+206	18.00
Cast			19.5	21.4		197	+412	10.00
Sept. Oct.		9.5			+4,330		+412	9.50
		6.9	36.6	. 27.9	+2,894	812	PALE .	
Nov.						1,126	•	9.00

INFLATION-indices of earnings (Jan 1980-100); basic materials and fuels; whole-sale prices of manufactured products (1980-100); retail prices and food prices (Jan 1987-100); Reuters commodity index (Sept 1931 -100); trade weighted value of



Avis Europe takes full control of ACL for £18m

BY CLAY HARRIS

and leasing group, is to pay 579m bid.
\$17.5m to buy Forward Trust's Forward Trust a substitute 50 per cent holding in the care. and leasing group, is to pay som but.

\$17.5m to buy Forward Trust's Forward Trust, a subsidiary of 50 per cent holding in the companies' contract hire joint venformerly part of the US car panies contract rure joint venture, Avis Car Leasing.

Full ownership of ACL is joint venture since 1974. Avis intended to ease the integration said commercial links would contract hire group and motor, contract hire, lesse or managed dealer, and Gelco International, ment contracts to 900 customers, are the said contracts to 900 customers.

which Bramall had bought only

ment contracts to 900 customers, reported pre-tax profits of £3.9m in the year to June 30. Avis is paying 11.6 times historic earnings.

After the transaction, Avis's European rental and lessing fleet will comprise 55,500 directly owned vehicles and 15,000 in the group's remaining joint ventures The cash deal will raise group gearing to 210 per cent, but Avis said the terms of leading contracts were matched with imancing to reduce touriowing flak and minimise exposure to interest

John Williams foundry change produces a loss

A major change in the foundry division in the summer hit John Williams of Cardiff, which recorded a loss of £480,686 for the year to September 30 1987. This compares with a corresponding precess profile of sponding pre-tax profit of \$280,021 for the steel stock-holder and iron foundry opera-

tor.
Turnover was down at £10.12m (£11.41m) and there was a loss per 25p share of 6.89p (3.52p earnings). An extraordinary credit of £415,712 (£58,511 debit) resulted in a retained loss of £64.974 (£185,541 profit).

Mr David Williams, chairman, the cave a forecast of poorer

who gave a forecast of poorer results in September, said that despite recent improvements in the foundry, there was still much work to be done to return to sustained profitability. The new foundry managing director was tackling the problems and had made changes in his management team.
The failure to achieve neces-

and the faultre to achieve necessary productivity improvements in the foundry had resulted in the introduction in July of equipment for the automatic pouring of metal. As with any major innovation, substantial difficulties both technical and operational had to be overcome.

Apart from canital cost of Apart from capital cost of equipment and its installation, the interruption caused by this fundamental change in procedure led to a substantial trading loss during that time of some \$400,000, all of which occurred in the period under review.

The chairman was satisfied

that the company was right to make this move despite short-term effects on trading. In Scotland, Glen Metals remained profitable but was affected by a general downturn in the Scotlish engineering industry, a consequence of the industry, a consequence of the rundown in oil exploration. But

there had been an encouraging start to the year with a satisfactory level of orders.

Mr Williams said that the parent company balance sheet had been reconstructed so that future dividends could locally be condividends could legally be con-sidered for payment out of prof-its and cash flow.

BOARD MEETINGS

no katerima	TODAY or finals due.		
	PLITURE DAT	TES	
Berks (Side Black (Pele	rey C.)		Jan 13. Jan 8
First Securi Rose Consu	ly		加尔 第2 第4
M & G Dusi	Engineering		Jan 18 Jan 13

DKB ECONOMIC REPORT

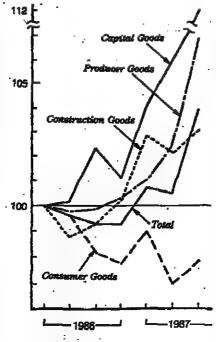
The basic up-beat tone in Japan's economy expected to continue

market

Disharmony of Louvre Accord leads to market confusion

The disastrous collapse of stock prices in the New York Market on Oct. 19th spread rapidly across the world. In Tokyo the Nikkel average stock prices recorded a historic drop of 14.9%, exceeding the previous record decline sparked by Stalin's death in March 1953. A week later, the stock price plunge led to a dramatic drop in the value of the

Indexes of Industrial Production. by Market Grouping



1986 1st Quarter average=100

dollar in the foreign exchange

The startling disruption of the stock and foreign exchange markets is directly due to the disharmony among leading nations over the February 1987 Louvre Accord. There had been virtual agreement. over the market intervention and the adjustment of interest rates as means for stabilizing foreign exchange markets (i.e., the raising of interest rates in the U.S. and the lowering of interest rates in the other nations in order to counter further weakening of the dollar). Yet, interest rates in Japan and West Germany tended to creep up since earlier this fall, reflecting concerns for rises in commodity prices. As a result, the U.S. interest rates were forced to go up to keep a deferential with those in Japan and West Germany, bringing about widespread uneasiness at prospects for the U.S. economy.

However, the fundamental issue appears to be the slow improvement in the U.S. twin deficits: budget and trade. Although the U.S. budget deficit of \$148 billion for fiscal 1987 (Oct. 1986 to Sept. 1987) showed a major decrease of \$73.1 billion over the previous year, this is seen as a temporary result of a precedence of tax increases following the tax reform. The deficit is expected to expand further unless radical steps are taken in fiscal 1988. Improvement in the trade deficit also seems to be elusive, with the aggregate deficit by September in this year racing ahead of last year's pace at that point.

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London: DKB International Limited, Garden House, 18 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7BP, England

Tel. 01-920-0181, DKB Investment Management International Limited, Garden House, 18 Finsbury

Japanese Bank (International) Ltd., European Brazilian Bank Ltd., International Mexican Bank Ltd.

Vigorous production in Japan

ndustrial Production

Sales of Large-scale Retai

Producers' Inventory of Finished

Japan's economy, led by domestic demand, has been expanding so far. Mining and manufacturing production grew rapidly in the July to September period. The accelerated growth in capital goods, producer goods, and construction goods indicates the increased vigor in investments in such areas as plants and equipment, housing and public utilities. On the other hand, domestic production of consumer goods has been sluggish. However, this is due to increase in imports boosted by the appreciation of the yen, rather than a slackening of consumer demand. In fact, personal consumption continues to climb steadily as seen in large retail outlets registering a 4.9% growth, or a real growth of 4.5% after deducting the 0.4% increase in consumer prices, over the same period of last year.

Employment figures also show this overall steady business expansion. Overtime hours, which had been decreasing on a year-to-year basis since March 1986, turned upward in this June and recorded a 7.1% growth in September.

Collapsed stock prices and appreciated you shadow the siness outlook

Although business is experiencing a steady expansion, the recent turbulent decline in stock prices and the rapid rise of the yen cast a shadow over the prospects for the future. It appears that the crash of the market has weakened wealth effects, one of the factors which

seems to have supported the economic expansion, and to some extent dampen personal consump-

Oct.-Dec. Jan.-Mar. Apr.-Jun.

07

34

08

56

28 2

118

49

In addition, a further rise in the yen is likely to depress exports, thereby decelerating the recent recovery of the industrial sector. Furthermore, a slow down in the U.S. economy due to the stock market turmoil, could possibly weaken Japanese business.

The basic up-beat tone in

business expected to continue Despite these concerns, Japan's economy is expected to expand, firmly owing to the following rea-

First, positive growth in shipments are just beginning to appear, as a result of inventory adjustments, and likely to keep up in prospect.

Second, tax reductions and public investment called for under the Emergency Economic Package are expected to prop up the domestic

Finally, the interest rates are likely to move up as the appreciation of the yen calms the fears of rises in commodity prices. Restraining the rise in interest rates and commodity prices serves to brighten the future prospects for domestic demand. The uncertain future of the world's economy places increasing significance on the performance of the economy of Japan. Japan, continuing its stable expansion lead by domestic demand, is strongly expected to play a leading role in the implementation of internationally coordinated policies.

Talk it over with DKB. The international bank Circus, London EC2M 7BP, England Tel. 01-638-9433 Associated Companies in London: Associated that listens. Hand Office: 1-5, Uchsaevische 1-cheme, Chyoda-lu, Tokyo (DD, Japan Tel (DS) 596-1111 Branchen In: New York, Los Angeles, Chicago, Panama, Düssedord, Pars, Teipei, Seoul, Singspore, Hong Kong, Cayman Representative Offices In: Houston, San Francesco, Alemia, Toronto, São Paulo, Mexico Cdy, Caracas, Buenos Ares, Franchurt, Medind, Stockholm, Milano, Bahrain, Jekarta, Kuala Lumpur, Bangkok, Bombay, Beiging, Shanghai, Guangchou, Dallan, Sydney, Methourne Subaldiserine In: New York, Los Angeles, Toronto, Amelandam, Zünch, Lumembourg, Hong Kong, Singapore, Sydney Associated Companies In: São Paulo, Bangkok, Singapore, Kuala Lumpur, Jakarta, Piunei



We have your interests at heart.

DAI-ICHI KANGYO BANK

The next DKB monthly report will appear Jan. 26, 1988.

Nickel price touches \$4 a lb

By David Blackwell

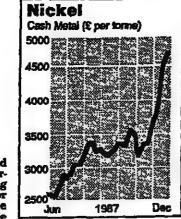
NICKEL PRICES continued to surge in London yesterday, at one stage breaking through the \$4 a lb level for the first time since the metal started trading on the London Metal Exchange in

The dollar price touched \$4.10 before retreating to close around \$3.90 a lb.

The fundamental factor pushing prices up continued to be this week's news of the halt in shipments from the Falconbridge Dominican Republic ferro-nickel plant.

The Canadian mining group is in dispute with the Government of the Domini-can Republic over export duties which the company has described as "prohibi-

Mr William James, Falconbridge chairman, said yes-terday that talks to end the



lic. But more than 4m lbs of ferro-nickel had failed to reach customers in Europe, Japan and the US, he added. Also in the market background, analysts said, were the problems being experi-enced at Inco's Creighton mine. These have reduced mine output - but so far have not affected refinery

In spite of late profit-taking, which cut into yesterday's strong gains at the
end of the afternoon, the
price of nickel for immediate delivery still closed at
\$4,960 last night - \$365 a tonne abead of Tuesday's close. The premium for cash metal over three-month metal widened to \$248.50 from \$166 on Tuesday.

Record year likely for stainless steel

STAINLESS STEEL producers, the major customers for nickel, crude steel production has stagare likely to have a near-record nated, stainless steel output has year in 1988, according to Mr been growing at an annual aver-Neil Buxton, an analyst with the age rate of 2.8 per cent during Shearson Lehman Securities the 1980s, rising from 6.9m

Sheatson Lehman Securities the 1980s, rising from 6.9m; tonnes at the start of the decade, to nearly 9m tonnes.

Stimulus has come mainly from the 2986 level. The strength of demand will almost certainly be carried over to the first half of 1988 and the strong start to the year should enable output to remain above 8.75m tonnes — the second-hishest tonnes - the second-highest level on record.

Mr Buxton points out that the fortunes of the nickel industry are inextricably tied to the stainless steel producers, who account for about 55 per cent of nickel

Apart from the obvious bene-Apart from the obvious penefits brought by high demand for
stainless steel, the workings of
the scrap cycle, which reduces
the amount of scrap available
during times of rising production, has further boosted demand
for primary nickel he adds

Mr Buxton says that, while

Mr Buxton, commenting in Shearson's Mining Weekly says:
"As we expect stainless steel output to be maintained at current levels and scrap to remain tight in the first half of 1988, it looks if the stainless steel industry will, as far as the ruckel produc-

for primary nickel, he adds.

Developments in steel technology have also reduced the amount of scrap available.

Some time, although prices are likely to come off in the first quarter of 1988 from the current excessively high levels.

'Moonshine' soaks up sugar

ILLEGAL distillers are being impossible to find in stores blamed for the virtual disappear-ance of sugar from Soviet stores, reports Reuter from Washing-have overloaded warehouse

In a report dated December 17 the US agricultural attache in "Letters to the newspaper," the Moscow quoted an article in the article said, "blame distillers of Sel'skaya Zhizn newspaper moonshine for the severe defi-which said that sugar was aimost cit."

Negative reactions in Australia's uranium debate

THREE MONTHS ago, a key minister in Australia's Labor Government lifted his head above the political parapet, raised his voice over one of his raised his voice over one of his feelings among enti-nuclear as party's most sensitive issues and well as anti-mining groups. The provoked an instant negative country itself has only one

the minister was Mr John Kerin, head of the Ministry of Primary Industries and Energy. Its caused me endless trouble, he

ndustries and caused me endless troum.

Says ruefully.

At the centre of the problem is the Government's 'three mine to policy,' imposed after it came to policy,' imposed after it came to power in 1983. The twist is that Australian Government insists one of the three mines is virtuent of the three mines is virtuent its uranium is used for peaceful purposes, but that does not make the issue any less emotive.

should a new third mine be allowed? And if so, whose should it ba? At one level the question seems absurd. Australia has

seems absurd. Australia has probably the largest economically recoverable uranium resources in the West – an estimated 29 per cent of the total – but only a fraction is being tapped.

The obvious fragility of the Labor party's compromise over in the Northern Territory, is doubled to export, mainly to counter its chronic balance of counter

need to export, mainly to counter its chronic balance of payments problems. In the case of impossible to escape.

The mine at Nabarlek, in the one and that to compete with the whose future is uncertain. Comments in the Life, West Gerworld's other principal low-cost augusties, like Canada and South Africa, it should develop its resources and build its image as a reliable supplier.

The mine at Nabarlek, in the one principal low-cost whose future is uncertain. Comment in the Life, West Germany, Swehen, Belgium, Japan and South Korea.

The third mine is the Olympic Dam project at Roxing Bowns in summ resources close to the mine.

The difficulty lies with the Labor party's powerful environ-mental and disarmament lobbies. Uranium mining arouses strong

nuclear facility, a small experimental reactor in Sydney.

There is also the awkward matter of aboriginal land rights, since many of the deposits lie in aboriginal areas. Some are in

Some idea of the political sensitivity of the whole issue was given last year, when the Government decided to resume una nium exports to France. The

AFTER AN interruption of AFTER AN interruption of more than 18 years Canada is preparing to resume uranium supplies to Switzerland, writes John Wicks in Zurich. Sales had been suspended in 1977 when Switzerland was unable to meet Canadian demands for a section of the sales and sales are resulted. extensive non-proliferation

Switzerland is already in the process of approving an agreement which would give it access to Australian uranium. At present almost all of the country's sinual requirements of about 300 tonnes of the metal come from the US. The Swiss are now been on diversifying their supplies.

Labor party erupted, its anger before it disposes of its muscle heightened by opposition to stockpile or is forced to disman-french nuclear westpons testing the its expensive processing in the South Pacific.

An agreement signed by Federal President Pierre Ambert and the Canadian subassador in Berne satis-fies all the demands now made by Canada. These basically guarantee that moclear products will be used solely for "peaceful, non-explosive purposes", that the international atomic energy agency is given inspection rights and

that they can be experted only under specific condi-At the same time, the approval system in respect of the re-processing of under materials of Canadian origin and the re-use of platonium obtained has been simplified.

between Western Mining Corporation and BP Australia, it will be starting operations next year, ducing copper and gold as The latter will be at an esti-mated rate of 2,000 tonnes of

pranium oxide per year, and

shot down. They say the three-mine policy can become a two-

mine policy.

The trouble is, there are other viable projects waiting in the wings to take Nabariek's place, all with entimesantic companies

behind them.
One of the most outstanding is One of the most outstanding is Pancontinental Mining's Jabiluka operation in the Northern Territory, which had probably proceeded furthest along the development track before the three-mine policy came into

Said to be one of the largest uranium deposits in the world, it also contains gold. Pancontinen and contains good rancontinen-tal had already placed about half of its base production in the market when the three-mine pol-icy was imposed. The company has since had to keep the opera-tion on a care and maintenance hasis while descripting the other basis while developing its other mining activities

Other Australian companies meanwhile see openings in the vorld uranium market emerging in the next few years, either as major long-term contracts unwind or because of their own

long-term supply contracts have been consided with electricity. For example, CRA, which is 48 aupply authorities in Britain, per cent owned by BTZ and one Sweden and South Korea. Others are being negotiated.

Given this rapidly increasing the Kintyre area of the remote production and the Australian flower stockpile — not to mention a stagmant world manifest — the Labor Party's anti-manifest— the Labor Party's anti-manifest— ble reserves and 15,000 tonnes of minum forces are little economic. sible reserves. It adds that it ready to resume the debate.

reason for Canberra to allow expects to find more, and says it sees opportunities for more Australia and Says it sees opportunities for more and Says it sees opportunities for more Australia and S tralian uranium to be said in the

world market. To help head off opposition, CRA has made a A\$50,000 contribution to formulate a management plan for the park and con-sulted with neighbourhood

Aboriginal groups.

Although it has run into antagonism from the Western Desert
Land Council, it has some state government support. Given a chance, it would clearly like to operate Australia's third ura-

nium mine. It was precisely in recognition of this interest by the mining companies, and the obvious economic advantages to the country, that Mr Kerin quiefly questioned Labor's policy last

ptember. "Just because Labor has a "Just because Labor has a three-mine policy," he says, "it doesn't mean the party can atop thinking about it. All I was trying to do was get some debate going in the Labor Party again." Instead there was an instant backlash, from all sections of the

which way the issue will go from here is far from clear. Australia, by its existing policy, has already decided in favour of unanium mining, albeit on a limited basis. To restrict it further would not impress recential lauyers. not impress potential buyers.
Yet as Mr Kerin says, "If you're going to be in the game, you have to keep thinking about the

The looming problems are obvious But Labor is not yet

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UK demands

whaling plan

ballot on

THE DK has authorised its com-missioner to the International Whaling Commission to demand an urgent postal ballot of all member nations on a resolution calling on the Japanese Govern-ment not to proceed with plans to take 300 whales in the Ana-tarctic early next year for scientarctic early next year for scien-

Mr John Gummer, Ministr of State for Agriculture, who is: seeking the ballot, said in Lon-don that "any proposals for the killing of whales in the name of scientific research should be sub-ject to the most rigorous justifi-cation to the IWC."

tific purposes. Mr John Gummer, Minister of

At a meeting of the IWC scientific committee in Cambridge last week, scientists from the majority of countries represented raised serious doubts about the Japanese proposal in relation to the guidelines laid down by the five-year morstorium on com-mercial whaling was introduced Mr Gummer wants a vote on a

resolution recommending the Japanese Government not to pro-ceed with their plans until the serious uncertainties identified in the scientific committee's dis-cussion have been resolved. I very much hope that the Japanese Government will see the wisdom of this recommenda-

British company imports more Chinese anthracite

THE THIRD cargo of Chinese
Taisi anthracite to be shipped into the UK by United Coal as part of a \$70m five year contract is due to axive at the port of Birkenhead in early February.

The contract, for 100,000 tonnes per year of anthracite was signed in October with the China Industry and Commerce Development Corporation (Incomic) in conjunction with Total Energy Services, a joint Total Energy Serveices, a joint venture between Hutchinson Whampoe and Total.
Incomic was assisted in secur-

ing the contract by Hunan Hong Kong Investment Company and Total Hutchinson Energy. This is the first export contract

The first shipment of 23,400 tonnes arrived in the UK in November, the second of 22,800 tonnes earlier this month and the thind, also of around 23,000 tonnes is due to leave the Chinese port of Lian Yun Gang on Christmas Day.

Another UK company, International Anthracite, owned by the E. H. Bennett Group of companies and Coal Distributors Ltd, also has a contract for Chinese anthracite with the China National Coal Import and Export Corporation for three 20,000 tonne cargoes of Taisi product with an option for a fourth for 1967-88.

third is about to be loaded with the option for the fourth cargo currently being considered.

These are the only two UK contracts for Chinese anthracite and in both cases the grade one product of 7 per cent volatility and 8 per cent ash is proving very popular in the domestic market. All cargoes are re-screened at Birkenhead to the preferred sizes.

More than one third of the

More than one third of the UK's anthracite requirements, or some 500,000 tonnes, is being imported this year because of a severe lack of domestic availabili-

signed by a UK company. The anthracise is being sold into the already been imported and sold ing 1sn tonnes of graded domestic anthracise in leing sold into the already been imported and sold ing 1sn tonnes of graded domestic market and the tic anthracise and 900,000 tonnes on the domestic market and the third is about to be loaded with of power station finel. About half mission than anthracite imports of the total production comes from deep, old inefficient mines which have prevented British Coal from supplying fully the UK and Irish markets for the

into the UK are bound to increase, particularly from China, whose price is cheaper than the domestic product. Other sources of supply into the UK include Poland, The

Other sources of supply into the UK Include Poland, The Soviet Union, South Africa, and great difficulty, to get planning permission to develop more open cast sites which it claims would replace total imports.

The go-shead for open cast operations is being blocked by Labour-controlled councils in South Weles which want to keep the deep mine operations going. But British Coal claim these operations would not be affected furnational Coal Report.

Almond prices cut following bumper US and Spanish harvests

New crop prices stand at \$205 per 220 lbs fob for the Californian non parell select sheller run (NPSSR) variety, compared with \$600 just over a year ago, Loadon commodity broker Gill & Duffns save. Duffus says.

This year's world harvest yielded 286,000 tonnes of ker-

neis, up from 214,000 tonnes in

It expects almonds to remain chesp in the next few months but does not foresee a return to the 1985 low of \$217 because users need to rebuild their stocks after last year's abortage. The depreciation of the US dollar after last year's shortage. The depreciation of the US dollar against major correncies, is also growth such as West Germany, likely to prop up the market, Gill France and Japan.

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

determine the price structure for tonnes in the same period, almonds in the longer term, says according to figures produced by the London broker. Import Gill and Duffus.

Spanish almonds remain more demand this year has been Spanish almonds remain more than the californian weaker than in previous season

Spanish simonds remain more highly priced the Californian variety with unselected Valencia types fetching DM 680 per 100 kgs, free alongside, equating to around \$2,250 a tonne.

BUNDER 1987 almost cause in 1986.

The low prices have given alump was due to two successive 12,806 tourses of almond terries 70,000 tourses of kernels this restriction are always and Spain, have almonds a decisive competitive years of massive production are pared with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carrievels.

Early information on the prog- 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys. The 1985 price 12,806 tourses of almond terries 70,000 tourses of kernels this pared with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys. The 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country an exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country and exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country and exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country and exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country and exportable surveys to 1988 crops is essential to 1988 crops in the first half of 1987 converges with 21,771 tourses in 1986, which when added to carries the country and the cou

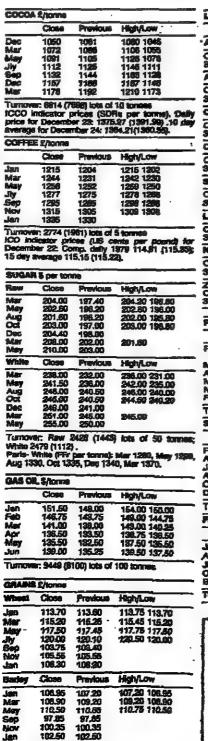
plus of some 57,000, Gill & Duf-fus says.

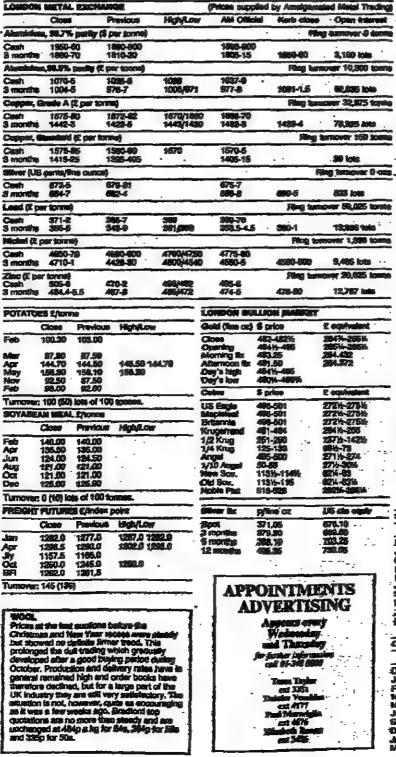
A record 272,000 tonnes kernel-crop is estimated for California by the state Crop and Livestock Reporting Service for 1987. Availability will be 100,000 tonnes greater than during last season.

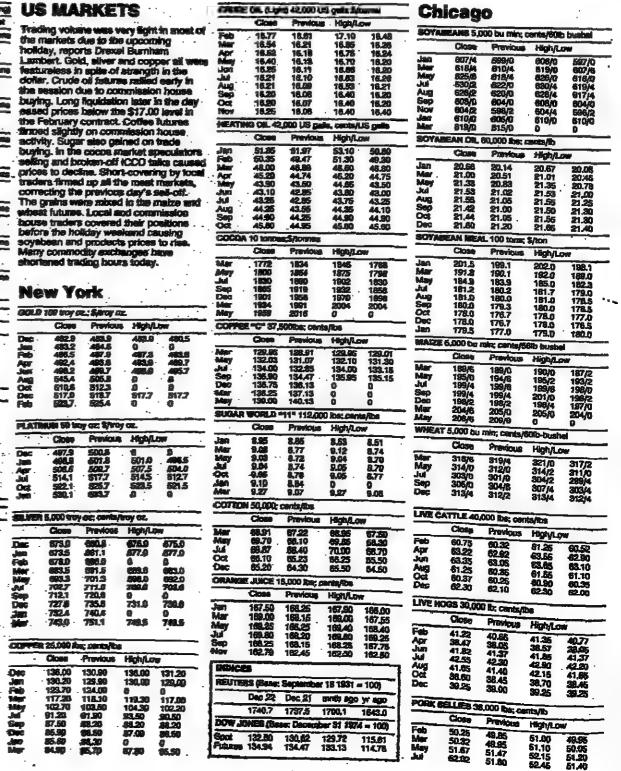
LONDON MARKETS COCOA PRICES went into a sharp decline in late afternoon trading on news that talks in London at the international Cocoa Organisation (ICCO) had made no decision on the possibility of holding an emergency council meeting in January. The March contract closed £14 a tonne The March contract closed £14 a torrie down at £1,072, having risen to over £1,100 a tonne in morning trading. Prices had been rising strongly for the past three days, partly on speculation that the ICCO would stage an emergency meeting to consider proposals for restoring the price support mechanism. But yesterday's news from the ICCO triggered an immediate decline which left some long holders unable to liquidate their positions, dealers said. Mr Edoaund

their positions, dealers said. Mr Edoaurd Kouame, ICCO executive director, said he would continue consulting members about the special session.

SPOT MARKETS		
Crude oil (per berrei FOB .	Service de la constant de la constan	
Dubai		+ Or -
Brent Blend	\$15.05-5.20 \$17.45-7.65	+0.55
W.T.I.(1 pm est)	\$16.65-6.70	
Oil products (NWE prompt	delivery per 1	tonne CIF) + Dr -
Premium Gasoline	\$163-156	+2
Gas Oil Heavy Fuel Oil	\$156-158 \$81-82	+6 +5
Naphtha	\$140-142	41.5
Petroleum Argus Estimates		
Other		+ Or -
Gold (per troy oz)#	\$482.25	-1.25
Silver (per troy oz)&	677 <u>0</u> \$498.00	-5 -2.75
Platinum (per troy oz) Paliadium (per troy oz)	\$119.75	-3./9
Aluminium (free market)	\$1995	-30
Copper (US Producer)	187%-141c	
Lead (US Producer)	42c	
Nickel (free market) Tin (European free merket)	395c £3810	+10 +20
Tin (Kusta Lumpur merket)		+0.01
Tin (New York)	318.50c	
Zinc (Euro, Prod. Price) Zinc (US Prime Western)	\$880 44.375c	
		-
Cattle (five weight)† Sheep (dead weight)†	105.17p 190.33p	+0.56 5.23
Pigs (Rve weight)†	72.40p	-1.85
London daily sugar (raw)	\$226.40v	+0.60
London daliv sugar (white)	\$229.00v	+1.00
Tate and Lyle export price	£230.50	
Barley (English feet)	£112.00z	+0.50
Malze (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern)	£135.00	.0.05
	294.75u	+0.25
Rubber (speciff	82.50p	+0.25
Rubber (Føb) 9 Rubber (Mar) 9	64,50p 64,50p	+0.25 +0.25
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Jan)	272.00m	-0.50
Coconut oii (Philippines)§	\$565v	-10
Pakn Oii (Malaysian)§	\$465	
Copra (Philippinas)§	\$3752	
Soyabeans (US) Cotton "A" index	2166w 75.85a	45 -0.05
Wooltops (64s Super)	484p	-4.16
£ a tonne unless otherwise		ro <i>lle</i> n
c-cents/lb. r-ringgit/kg. w-Di	90/Jan. v-J an	Feb.
z-Jan. y-Feb. u-Apr/May † i	Aggt Commis	nign .
average fatstock prices. " cl	range from a	Week
ego. V London physical mer 4 Bullion market close, m-M	laterater/Sinc	







CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Modest boost for dollar

mates of \$350m.

News of a record West German Current account surplus in November, and a larger than expected UK current account deficit for the same month failed to have much impact in such

to have much impact in such thin conditions.

End of year commercial demand has also provided the dollar with support in recent days, but in general the market's view of the currency remains bearish. Dealers feel the US is not prepared to take strong enough measures to support the dollar, for fear of provoking a recession during the run up to the US Presidential election next year.

year.
The dollar finished around the middle of the day's range, rising to DM1.6380 from DM1.6285; to FFr5.5325 from FFr5.5050; to SFr1.3235; and to V128.75 from V128.60

V126.75 from V126.60.
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 93.6 from 93.2. STERLING-Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 1.8305 to 1.4710. November average 1.7770. Exchange rate index fell 0.3 to 75.4, compared with 71.7 six

months ago.

E IN NE	W YURK	
Dec.23	Latest	· Provious Close
E Spot 1 counts 3 months 12 months	1.8220-1.8290 0.10-0.07pm 0.45-0.41pm 2.30-2.15pm	1.8330-1.8340 0.09-0.05pm 0.43-0.40pm 2.10-2.00pm
Forward premi	unt and discount	apply to the US
STERLIA	IC INDEX	

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A E . 1022

CURRENCY RATES Carrency

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

Dec.23	England Index	Guaranty Campes %				
Starting U.S. Dollar Casackae Belliar Anstrian Schilling Belgian Franc Dassch Krone Deutsche Mark Suries Frant Gailder French Frant Livia	75.4 93.4 76.4 162.3 191.4 94.3 150.9 152.2 139.1 72.7 240.5	183 -127 -103 +107 -13 -130 +244 +244 +358 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -12				
Morgas Susrant 1982=100. Bask of 1975=100.	changes: a England holes	ierage 1980- (Bain Aterage				
ACCUSED ALLE						

	748	E-ma,5	480/4
	Morges (1982=100, 8: 1975=100).	unranty changes and of England by	average 1980- les (Bate Aterage
	OTHER	CURRENC	HES
•	Dec.23	2	5
	Argentian	£3175-8.41.40	4.5700-4.6200
	Australia Brazil	2.5500-2.5540 125.75-126.40	1,4015-1,4090 69.05-69.45
	Finland	7.3590-7.3815	4,0508-4,0540 128,45-130,65
	Hong Kong	14.1315-14.1579	7.7680-7.7730
	iran Korea(500)	121.75° 1449.60-1462.75	65.80° 791.00-797.40
	Kumasi	0.49770-0.49820	0.27355-0.27365 34.20-34.30
	Malaysia	4.5300-4.5505	2,5910-2,4960
	Mexico	2.8000-2.8500	15395-1.5425
	Sandi Ar	5,8220-6,8280. 3,6385-3,6495	20000-20030
	S. AL (Car)	3.5495-3.5655	1.9530-1.9590
	S. AL (Fe)	5.5605-5.7350 53.15-53,40	28.50-28.60

total of £717m.

UK rates static

UK INTEREST rates were little revised shortage of £750m. This comprised outright purchases of eligible bank bills, £98m in band a noticeable deterioration in November over the October figure but this was much as expected.

A further revision took the A further revision took the forecast to a shortage of around £650m, before taking into account the early help and the Bank gave additional assistance in the afternoon of £294m

ted. However sterling's weaker trend left a less than sweet taste in the mouths of those traders tilk clearing bank base lending rate 8½ per cent from December 4

MONEY MARKETS

still in the market, and the possibility of an upward change in base rates, rather than a cut, appeared to have a prevailing influence.

Three month interbeak mones.

Three-month interbank money was quoted at 9-8% p.c., against 81%-81% on Tuesday while the 12-month rate was unchanged at 12:month rate was unchanged at 9½.9% p.c. Overnight money opened at 8%.8% p.c. and moved up to 8% p.c. before slipping away to 6½ p.c. Late balances were taken at 8 p.c..

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around \$550m with factors affecting the warket

a shortage of around \$550m with factors affecting the market including the repayment of late assistance and bills maturing in official hands together with a take up of Treasury bills draining \$858m and a rise in the note circulation of \$45m in addition banks brought forward balances \$555m below target. These were partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added \$575m.

The Bank gave assistance in the morning of \$238m on a spend of year window dressing.

Stort term injunity to the payments.

Corporate tax payments.

Sank have also to repay around \$18,000 in the sank of the partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added \$575m.

The Bank gave assistance in the morning of \$238m on a spend of year window dressing.

Sterling weakened with other man Finance Minister, were in

THE DOLLAR finished higher on the day after the overnight statement from the Group of Seven on economic cooperation and currency stability.

Comments by officials in London and Bonn about the dollar being undervalued added support to the currency, but trading port to the currency, but trading was very thin, as the market continued to wind down shead of the holiday period and the vear end.

Sterling weakened with other man Finance Minister, were in European currencies against the agreement on this. There was no strong reaction to news that the West German trade surplus widened to a near trade surplus

mates of \$350m.

The pound fell 65 points to \$1.8235-1.8245 and also eased to y231.25 from Y231.75, but 1987 is 159.45 to 126.20. November average 135.90. Exchange rate index 240.5 against the dollar in 1987 is 1.9305 to 1.6220. November average 1.6809. Exchange rate index 240.5 against the dollar in 1987 is 1.9305 to 1.6220. November average 1.6809. Exchange rate index 150.9 against 146.5 feared the US still has no intension of taking strong measures to

rate index 150.9 against 146.5
six months ago.

The D-Mark weakened against the dollar in Frankfurt, but trading was quiet, with many banks already closed for the Christmas holiday.

The dollar rose to DM1.6385 at the Frankfurt close, from DM1.6300 on Tuesday, boosted by official comments that the dollar is undervalued. Mr Nigel Lawson, UK Chancellor, and Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, West Ger-

Gerhard Stoltenberg, West Ger- cooperation. EMS EUROPEAN CHERENCY HAIT DATES

TO TO THE GOVERNO! SHILL HALLS						
	Eca Centre) retres	Carrency amounts against Eco Doc.23	% change frier central sale	% change adjusted for divergence	Alternative N	
igias Franc nich Krave man D-Mark man D-Mark mack Franc ech Golder tech Golder Man Liva	42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90403 2,31443 0,768411 1483.58	43.1999 7.95102 2.06497 6.98409 2.32454 0.776894 1516.58	+1.75 +1.26 +0.31 +1.16 +0.22 +1.10 +2.22	+0.49 +0.49 +0.39 +0.33 +0.33 +1.89	#1.594 #1.5404 #1.0981 #1.3674 #1.5612 #1.6684 #4.0752	

POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND									
9ec.23	Day's spread	Clase .	One month	94 pa.	Three- months	P.B.			
S anado lectoriando lectoriand	1.8150-1.8315 2.3751-2.3812 1.354-3.383, 42.24-42.64 11.46-11.554, 11.217-1.1225 2.973-2.934, 20.97-2.93, 20.211-2.03, 21.638-11.703, 10.678-11.703, 10.678-11.703, 10.678-10.684, 2.004-2.713, 20.98-2.036, 2.038-2.036, 2.038-2.036,	1.1225-1.1206 2.1705-2.1705 3.151-3.344 62-40-42.50 11.501-11.501- 11.501-11.501- 11.502-11.501- 201-2.201-2.201- 201-2.	0.07-0.04cpm 0.07-0.12cpt 1-9-12cpm 19-12cpm pp-11-profit pp-0.05cpt 11-20cct 25-43cpt 1-8ircet pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm pp-1cpm	のからなっているというないのでは、	0.40.41 Symp 0.22.41 Sets 3-3 Symp 4-72 year 1-72 year 1-72 year 1-72 year 104-195 year 174-195 year 174-	012 014 205 018 195 -018 -018 -018 -018 -018 -018 -018 -018			
cigion rate is convertable frança. Financial franç 62.60-62.70 . Six-month forward dollar 1.00-0.95cpm 12 and 2.05-1.95pm									

Dec.23	Day's .	Change	One woods	, p2.	Three spherites.	1 24
PK†	1.8150-1.8315	1.8235-1.8245	0.07-0.09mm	0.36	0.40-0.35pm	0.8
ــــ المعناوه	L6150-16250	14805-14215	D. 02415-0.02egm			ì.,
				0.15	0.30-0.20pm	0.6
	1.3050-1.3070	1.3060-1.3070	0.06-0.09cds	記録	0.30-0.3345	-0.9
letherlands.	18305-18505	18405-18415	0.58-0.53cpc	3.61	1,47-1,42pm	31 21 15
leighou	34,10-34.35	34.20-34.30	6.00-3.00cpm	1 127	22.00-15.00pm	21
Jewanik	626-633	6,304-6.314	0.20-0.80ortds	-0.95	2.10-2.70ds	-15
V. Cornen	1,6265-1,6445	1435-1436	0.61-0.50phen	4.35	1.69-1.64pm	4.0
'erwgel	13312-134	1331-134	75-125cds	-8.99	220-300ds	-7.7
PM	110,90-D1.45	111 10 111 20	30-45cdu	4.05	95-1254	-39
ialy	1196-1208		2.90-3.50Breiii	-2.99	9.00-12.00ds	-3,4
0-437	6367 6414		3,45-3,80mms		11.65-11.85m .	41
						-1.1
Per						-14
Marie				4.02		3.5
الأخلاق				3.65		31
atteriani .	1:3175-1.3340	1.3295-1.3305	0.52-0.47cpm	4.46	1.38-1.33mm	4.0
	192-5-964 192-5-964 126-45-127-13	533-550 1911-5950 121-70-121-80	0.35-0.60csiii 0.30-0.45occds 0.44-0.41gsm 0.00-3.00ccom 0.52-0.47cpm	103 -0.76 4.02 9.45 4.46	1:50-1:80es 1.95-2.25ds 1.14-1.10pm 10.00-8.00pm 1.38-1.33pm	

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Starting	en Errock				St.		STATE STATE OF THE	27.74 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	North State of State	Part Cont.
Dec.23	2	\$	DM	. Yes	F Ft.	S fz.	H PL	Line	CS	B Fr.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	à.548	1.824	2.985 1.636	231.3 126.6	10.09 5.533	2.425 1.330	3.368 1.901	2189. 1200.	2379 1304	\$2.6 34.25
NEW	0.335 4.324	.0631 7.398	12.91	77.47 1000,	130	0.802 10.49	1125 1452	733.2 946.	0.797 10.29	20.92 270.1
										43.55

0.722 1 461.9 0.709 18.60 1.108 1.534 1000 1.067 28.53

FT LONDON INT	PROBLEM STYLE	· · · · ·	
(11.00 a.s. Dec 25.)			oths 163 Dollars
Md 7%	after \$	M 7%	effer 8
The fixing races are the artis \$10m quoted by the market Westphister Book, Bank of	hostic means rounded to a to five reserves banks a Tolgo, Destacke Bank, Bu	in suirest our-sisteesth il 11.00 a.u. each work muse Hesiospi de Paris a	of the hid and affected rate top day. The basist are that and Margan Gazzardy Trans.
MONEY RATES			
NEW YORK		7	

3.60-3.75 8.5625 1.50 4.75 3.90625 11.50 6.6125 8.75 3.60-3.75 8.3125

LONDON				
December 2	3	Over	night.	

In Frankfurt call money rates				-			
fell after news that the Bundes- bank had allocated DM11.7bn at	December 23	Quemight.	7 days	Cing Month	Three Manting	Sit.	Que Year
yesterday's sale and repurchase tender. The fixed rate agreement at 3.25 p.c., replaced a maturing facility of DM7.8bn and went some way to offset the strains on short term liquidity caused by corporate tax payments. Banks have also to repay around DM1bn, injected into the	batarianik Offer fatterbank Bid Steridag COs. Local Authority Dops. Local Authority Bonts Discount Bid: Dops. Company Deposits Finance House Beposits Tynasny Balls (Bay) Bank Bills (Bay) Dollar COs. SDR Linked Dop Offer	1375 131	1375 125 125 1375 139	1425 130 130 14075 1377 1462 1375 1375 1375 1375 1375 1375 1375 1375	9.80 6.875 8.8125 8.8125 8.917	11875 90625 40625 90625 9125 9125 9125 9125 9125 9125 9125 91	950 925 925 93125 930 950 950 950 950
market through state owned banks on Tuesday and also Lom-	SDR Linked Dep Sid FCU Linked Dep Offer	-		1315 7375 7125	7375 7.125	1375 7375 7,125	44375 73375 73875
bard borrowings which were increased on Tuesday by a fur- ther-DM700m.	Treasey Bills (sell) per cent; three poots 8 Rate Sterling Export Fo	Me her cent: To	reasury Bitis:	kverane tende	per cest; Bas	k Bills (self.):	ECGO Flor

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Little reaction to G7

177.00 177.00 174.50 174.50 179.00 179.70 177.00 177.00

CURRENCY FUTURES.

TRADING IN yesterday's Liffe "We have heard it all before" one market was predictably rather dealer volunteered. This boring. The timing of the announcement on cuts in the US appeared to be especially released deficit and comments by G-7 ministers was unfortunate because most traders were not in the new accord concerning exchange rate levels. This between a high of 118-03 and a low of 117-20 before closing at that as long as the US anthorities that as long as the US anthorities that as long as the US anthorities were not prepared to defend the dollar at a certain level, then the possibilities of a further decline remained likely.

Tradition of the variation of the variation that as long as the US anthorities that as long as the US anthorities were not prepared to defend the dollar at a certain level, then the possibilities of a further decline remained likely.

a good deal of movement. However there was really no incentive to act now, reather than wait until the new year.

Most dealers were less than impressed by comments made in the wait was of the US budget cuts.

Most dealers were less than impressed by comments made in the wait of the US budget cuts.

Possibilities a nurther decime room 90.85 at the opening and Tuesday's close.

US Treasury bond prices ralided in line with a better dollar. Opening at 87-27 for March delivers and moving up to a high of trade figures were a little worse than expected. The visible trade 0.45 1.75

25.03 35.33 21.56 22.76 14.31 18.32 1.71

PHILADELMINA SE 2/5 OFTINGS C12,500 (cests per C1) Clear 118-04 118-03 : 138-05 118-00

314,628 Pers UL077 Pers 4,	254,346 906 CHICAL	. 60	Pre-	ated apple are day's	He total, I Hen int: (pals 0 Prats 0 Calls 170 Pass 6	98			
	SMA, MIC	GUIT MAR 32 d 1801	(CST) 1	7.	_	APARESE TO	1700 30 (CATA)			_
117-20 118-1 117-20 118-1 117-2	500	88-96 97-36 96-37 86-37 86-86	97-09 07-30 04-31 04-31 04-31	12.14 25.25 26.25 26.25 26.25	87-18 83-19 81-05 84-11	Mar Jan San Dec Mar	0.7937 0.8002 0.8075 0.8170	0.9620 0.9620	0.7931	0.7983 0.8058 0.8052 0.802 0.8263
MERE BOYT,	Dick Mar Jan Sep Dick To Mar S7 Jan	. :	Ξ	=	84-09 33-21 33-03	DESTREME MA		·		
106.28 105.	7		=	-	87-78 85-178 85-78	14 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	0.6154 0.6216 0.6216 0.6215		0.6146 0.6206 0.6275 0.6345	0.6325 0.6325 0.6325
	She print		100-6	Law	Prov.	TRIPLE-LABORT Size paries of 1	A ENIM	MLLAR (anthr)	-
90.79 90.1 90.58 90.1 90.42 90.4 40.25 90.1		93.68 93.54 93.27	91.55 91.27	478 478 479	91.00 91.01 91.15 92.54 92.54 92.54	Silen Jan Sing Doc Silen Jan	91.75 91.45 91.45 91.45 91.45	100 92.38 92.30 91.78 91.73 91.77 90.97 90.97 90.90 90.66	1,00 92,28 92,03 91,74 90,91 90,95 90,75 90,25	Pres. 92.28 92.03 91.73 91.40 91.18 90.96
<u>-1</u>)	30785 73 87 125,00	AME (TAME) 16 \$ per SET	High	Len	Pres.	STANDARS &	90.77 90.45 P0003.5			90.65
	- 1	0.7576		0.7557 0.7540 0.7720	0.7646 0.7724 0.7724	Mar	Lates 254 30	州 山	269.95	Pres.

The Sixth

11, 12 & 15 February, 1988 For information please return this advertisement, together with your business card, to: **Financial Times** Conference Organisation 126 Jamryn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ

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INTERNATIONAL

Senior group post for UK unit head of Cray Research

continue to hold.

During his tenure, the UK considerable contributions to the business unit increased its revenue ten-fold and expanded marketing to include Abu Dhabi, Australia, India, the Netherlands, Norway, Saudi Arabia and Sweden. The unit supports its own supercomputer data centre is an acknowledgement of his considerable contributions to the company, and also symbolises the increasingly important role of the international marketplace for Cray Research."

Prior to joining Cray, Mr Davenport served for 11 years with the British computer firm ICL.

THE US-BASED Cray Research, which designs, manufactures, markets and supports large-scale, high-speed computer systems for scientific and engineering applications, has elected as vice-president the corporation's head of UK operations.

He is Mr Nell Davenport, who loined the group in April, 1981, as managing director of Cray Research (UK), a position he will continue to hold.

During his tenure, the UK business unit increased its reverence installations to the company, and also symbolises

Future chairman at **Texas Instruments**

BY LOUISE KEHOE IN SAN FRANCISCO

TEXAS Instruments, the US semiconductor and electronics manufacturer, announced that chairman Mr Mark Shepherd is to retire next April.

Mr Jerry Junkins, president and chief executive officer, will assume the additional position of chairman of the board.

Commenting on his nearly 40 years with the company, Mr Shepherd said: "Not many people in their lives have the opportunity — and the privilege — of helping to build not only a great company, but also an industry that has had as profound an impact on society as the semiconductor components unit.

Mr Shepherd gioned directly to many of the technological developments that will make electronics, based on semiconductors, the world's largest industry by the end of this century.

Mr Shepherd joined Texas instruments in 1948 as a project engineer. He progressed to hold the post of chief semiconductor design engineer, and in 1954 was designated to the board of directors in 1963, and in 1967 herame president. In 1969 hereas and success of this company, and success of this company, and contributed directly to many of the technological developments that will make electronics, based on semiconductors, the world's largest industry by the end of this century.

Mr Shepherd joined Texas instruments in 1948 as a project engineer, and in 1954 was designated to the board of directors in 1963, and in 1967 here.

conductor industry. I am deeply grateful to the founders of Texas instruments for affording me that privilege. As to the fitture, I am confident that the company is in very good hands."

Although he will relinquish his title as chairman, Mr Shepherd will remain on the board.

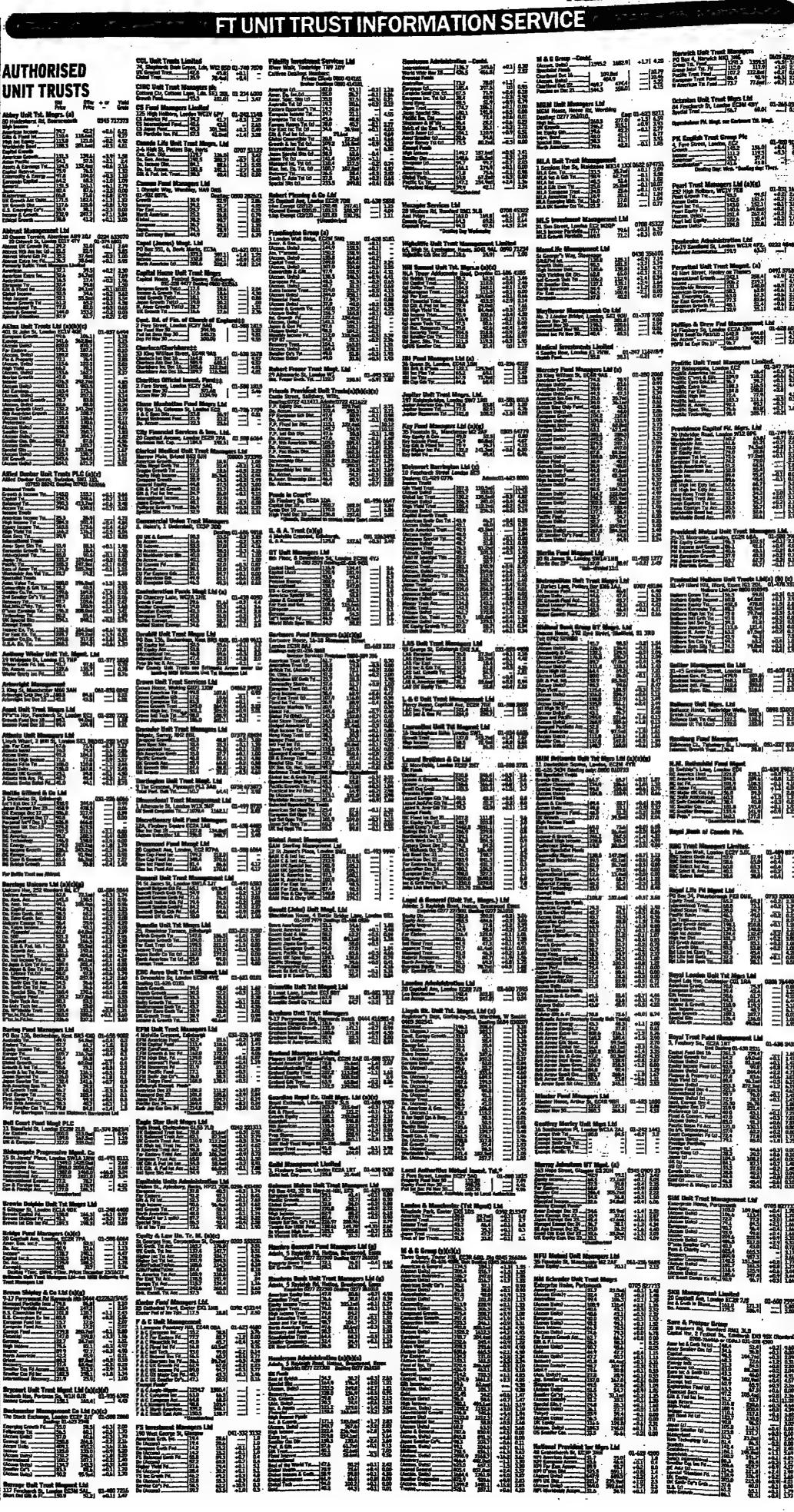
"Mark has been a principal driving force behind the growth

New president for Chevron USA

CHEVRON, the fourth-largest US oil company, has named Mr Willis Price, aged 56, president of its Chevron USA subsidiary.

He is succeeding Mr James Sylla, who was killed, along with some other executives of the subsidiary, in the December 7 crash of a Pacific Southwest Airlines plane in California that claimed a total of 43 lives.

Mr Price, formerly in charge of manufacturing, supply and mar-



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Standa | Stands | Mall, Stance CI, Homestolitick, EC3 | 01-223 4/45| | Typic | 4.75 | 1.00 | Early | 1.59 | Early | 158 Trent | Frents (E1) | 23 HS D, D Heller, Jerry (E2) | 25 HS D, D Heller, Jerry (E2) | 25 HS D, D Heller, Jerry (E2) | 25 HS D, D Heller (E3) Department | 1.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 | - | 0.000 J. 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THE UK SECURITIES markets moved confidently towards the Christmas holidays yesterday, as the UK trade figures for November left undimmed the City's optimism over the progress of the domestic economy. With today bringing only a half-ses-sion, trading volume in both Gilts and equities began to fade after lunch yesterday. Oil shares remained active, although the market professionals were puz-zled by the situation surrounding Britoil in the wake of the latest statements from the City Take-

over Panel and the UK Treasury.
The November deficits of
\$595m on the UK current
account and of \$1.19bn on the isible trade balance were above the range of City expectations and raised some worries that sterling could come under pres-sure if the trend continues. However, signs of renewed vigour in world oil prices continued to underpin the pound, despite its softer trend towards the close of trading yesterday when the dol-lar rallied on a favourable statement on currency policy from

London share markets were also heartened towards the close by a firmer trend on Wall Street which followed economic com-ments from Washington.

After moving ahead steadily during the session, The FT-SE 100 (Footsie) Index closed a net 24 points up at 1771.4, to record its eighth daily gain out of the

past nine trading sessions.
At last night's close, the Footsle Index had returned to the levels last seen at the end of the first week of the shakeout suffered in mid-October-although this still represents a fall of 530 points from the levels just prior

to Black Monday.
Oil shares again captured much of the institutional interest, as the City tried to guess whether BP would proceed with its offer for Britoil in the face of the Treasury's intention to oppose all bids by invoking its Golden Share in Britoil.

The whole of the oil sector was looking very firm as crude prices rallied, lending substance to predictions by some industry analysts that the tensions in the Guif will help Openions attempts to Guif will help Opec's attempts to hold the line on pricing.

There was good demand for exporting company stocks as the dollar moved higher towards the end of the session. Traders commented that turnover levels in these stocks were surprisingly Attention also focussed on the implications of Tuesday's failed dawn raid on Blue Circle Indus-tries (BCI). The evident refusal

of major investors to sell BCI stock to a generous bidder indicated an underlying bullishness in the market, according to some trading analysts.

Turnover in Government bonds was extremely thin, but prices held firm throughout. Disappointment with the UK trade figures appeared very slight, and had no discernible affect on significant technical factor. Gilt-edged deals, normally for cash settlement on the following day, were traded for settlement next Tuesday, December 29. Thus, yesterday's buyers hold the bonds for nearly one week, and prices are credited with the extra interest content.

Bonds were described as "a good market" despite the low good market despite the low trading volume. Gains were lim-ited to 1/16 or so, with the shorts and Index-linked stocks gaining most benefit from the settlement attractions. The Britoil saga continued to overshadow all other developments in an extremely active oil sector. Trading in the shares was briefly halted before the official

opening of the market and subsquently raced up to 430p after news that the Takeover Panel had allowed the BP 450p a share the Treasury issued a statement 72m shares. BP "old" put on 6 to reiterating its previous statement 258p with more than 15m shares Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank that it intends to use its special reded. share in Britoil to prevent any bidder gaining control of the Bri-

of Atlantic Richfield who announced that their stake in the company had been increased ton. Enterprise, where LASMO to 20.4 per cent. Salomon Bros. were again the main purchasers. But the day's events did not deter traders from taking an optimistic view of Britoil. "BP are determined to get Britoil and ARCO are equally determined to stop them. This game is not up yet" said dealers. Talk in the market of a 500p a share knock-

out blow persisted.

BP and the rest of the oil sector went higher, boosted by a recovery in oil prices. Brent crude for January delivery topped \$17 a barrel before closaring a net 45 cents up at \$16.60 after a sharp decline in US crude oil stocks last week, according to the latest API statistics. BP and the rest of the oil sector went higher, boosted by a recovery in oil prices. Brent crude for January delivery topped \$17 a barrel before closaring a net 45 cents up at \$16.60 after a sharp decline in US crude oil stocks last week, according to the latest API statistics. BP and the rest of the oil sector news:

Financial issues were outstances are not and made to 153p. Speculative support in the absence of any has a 29.9 per cent stake - saw Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester jumped 23 to 153p. Speculative support in the absence of any has a 29.9 per cent stake - saw Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester jumped 23 to 153p. Speculative support in the absence of any has a 29.9 per cent stake - saw Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester jumped 23 to 153p. Speculative support in the absence of any has a 29.9 per cent stake - saw Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester has made a bid approach to Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester jumped 23 to 153p. Speculative support in the provident Financial 17 to 329p.

Life assurances were high-approach to Moorgate shares leap 25 to 101p; Woodchester jumped 23 to 153p. Speculative support in the provident Financial 17 to 329p.

Life assurances were high-approach to Moorgate shares leap 25 to 153p. Speculative support in the provident Financial 17 to 329p.

Life assurances were high-approach to Moorgate shares leap 25 to 153p. Speculative support in the absence of any has a 29.9 per cent stake - saw Moorgate shares leap 25 to 153p. Speculative support in 153p. Speculative

Strong rally in equities maintained despite slower pre-Christmas trade

	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Year	1987		Since Co	Since Compilation		
	23	22	21	18	17	Ago	High	Low	High	Low		
Government, Secs	88.10	88.19	88.21	87.72	87.86	83.14	93,32	83.73	127.4	49.18		
			l		l '	1	(8/5)	G29/10)	(9/2/35)	(3/1/75)		
Fixed laterest	94,70	94.71	94.69	94.88	94.84	89.77	99,12	90.23	205.4°	50.53		
			l	l			0.5/6)	വ	(28/11/47)	פתעט		
Ordinary 9	1419.4	1408.9	1405.1	1377.8	1366.6	1301.2	1926.2	1232.0	1926.2	49,4		
		l	 .				(167)	(9/11)	(1677/87)	(26/6/40)		
Gold Mines	304,4	301.1	305.6	313.8	319.0	299.5	497.5	(6/11) 261.6	734.7	43.5 (25/10/71)		
Ord. Div. Vield	4.39	444	4.46	4.55	4.60	S.E ACTIVITY						
	10.98	11.11	11.17	11.38	11.53	10.46	<u> — </u>	dices	Bec. 22	Dec. 21		
Earnings Yid. %(feli)			_ ·							107.4		
P/E Ratio (net)(*)	11.17	ו מסבנו	10.98	10.77	10.63	11.73	Foulty Ram	Sargains ains	1898	198.8		
SEAQ Bargalos (Spm)	20,997	24,326	27,597	28,077	27,907	10,000	Equity Valo	·		2963.7		
Equity Turnover (Del)	-	1964,07	1466,28	1498.46	1386.27	675.13	5-Day arren					
Equity Bargalins	-	29,292	30,680	31,571	30,711	19,138	Equity Barg	Sargains	110.4	110.9		
Shares Trased (ml)	•	533.6	569.2	633.A	588.2	233.0			29983	2661.4		
♥ Opening 10 a		11 a.m		Noon	1 p.n	7	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	1 1	р.лг.		
, 1-b					1409		1409.8					
1411.1 140	7.1	1411.4	1 14.	107.8	17402	ا ات	1407.0	1415.	이 [14.	15.4		

Recent adverse Press comment share in Britoil to prevent any bidder gaining control of the Britoll board.

The shares immediately went into a tail spin and dropped to after a turnover of 7.7m shares.

395p before staging a strong and rapid rally to close at 427p — a in the day but were upset by the net rise of 16. The rally was said to have been triggered by a fresh bout of buying interest on behalf of Atlantic Richfield who 450p on a broker's recommendanounced that their stake in Britoil and to 14.99 per cent, or 81.4m shares. Hanson announced that its stake in Bidland had been reduced from 6.17 per cent to 5.2 per cent.

Scottish banks were again well supported with Bank of Scotland 11 higher at 533p and eased back before edging higher as 533p and 450p on a broker's recommendation.

Britoil British Gas, which eased a penny to 129p after a turnover of 7.7m shares.

Other oils moved higher early supported with Bank of Scotland 11 higher at 533p and eased back before edging higher at 533p and 450p on a broker's recommendation.

"new" were finally unchanged at 21 to 265p as a handful of buy"new" were finally unchanged at 21 to 265p as a handful of buy"the Kuwait Investing orders uncovered numerous close 11 higher at 249p while
short positions. NatWest, still Sun Life — a 1988 favourite of
benefiting from a recent Wood SBCI Savory Milin — added 13 at
stake in BP, again in the market.

The KIO was thought to have

Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank had increased its stake in Mid-land to 14.99 per cent, or 81.4m

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL 01-0898 123001

supported with Bank of Scot-land 11 higher at 533p and Royal Bank 12 up at 363p. TSB were favourite of at least four brokers and edged up 3 to 115p. Merchant banks drew strength from the overall market's recent strong showing and the numer-ous raids and bids of the past couple of weeks. SG Warburg featured with a 17 jump to 340p while Eleinwort Benson rose 13 to 340p and Morgan Gren-fell 10 to 283p fell 10 to 283p. News that Woodchester has

Commercial Union 5 off at 355p.
With the exception of Allied Breweries, up 7 at 349p in a volume of around 2.3m shares, Breweries passed a quiet trading

Bine Circle, sharply higher on Tuesday in the wake of an unsuccessful dawn raid, dipped to 415p at the outset as the prospective purchaser of a near 15 per cent stake refused to show his hand. Later on, BCI rallied strongly on thoughts that the potential buyer may abandon its dawn raid stance and make an outright bid for the company and the close was only 14 lower at 440p; marketmakers and analysts are still at a low are to the at 440p; marketmakers and analysts are still at a loss as to the name of the prospective buyer. Other Building Material issues gave modest ground as bid speculation in the sector subsided with Bugby easing a couple of pence to 241p and Magnet falling 5 to 213p. Tarmac attracted early demand and moved up to 242p, but subsequently drifted off to close unchanged at 239p. In the Construction sector, Cos-

NEW LOWS (10).

boosted by bid speculation, added 5 more to 244p. Alfred McAlpine found support at 428p, up 8, while Wiggins firmed 6 to 152p in reply to excellent half-year figures. Travis and Arnold rose 20 to 2050 in a regritted market and 305p in a restricted market and British Dredging hardened 4 to 160p. J. Jarvis slipped to 625p prior to closing unchnaged at 650p in a limited market follow-

ing acquisition news.

Amersham International revived strongly on takeover speculation and touched 460p pior to closing 16 higher at 448p ICI added % to \$11% on currency influences, while Sutcliffe Speakman, still responding to the excellent results, gained 7 more to 126p. Foseco rose 7 to 234p on speculative buying fuelled by bid hopes.

Proceedings of takeover favourite Bassett gained 15 to 191p. ng acquisition news

ng to the excellent gained 7 more to 126p. Foseco rose 7 to 234p on speculative buying fuelled by bid hopes.

Burton Group performed poorly in the retail sector, clossing 5 off at 217p after a turnover of 6.2m shares following persisting by one security of stock. Norfolk Capital added 34to 284p following Press comment.

Burton Group performed poorly in the retail sector, closing 5 off at 217p after a turnover of 6.2m shares following persistent selling by one security house. Sears put on 4½ to 138½p and GUS "A" & to £11½. Harris Queensway were 3 up at 122p amid speculation that the 23.39 per cent stake held by GUS could be up for sale.

Many of the leading electronics issues attracted good support. Ferranti, where turnover expanded rapidly from recent levels and topped 10m yesterday, rose 4 to 89p with Smith New Court said to have been aggressive buyers of the stock; a number of big trades in the shares were thought to have represented bed and breakfast deals. British Telecom, where 5.6m shares changed hands, hardened 2 to 227p, and Pleasey and GEC the same amount to 154p and 167p respectively. STC, where Shearson Lehman were hig buyers, picked up 6 to 240p. But Racal were upset by a Phillips and Drew UBS "sell" recommendation and settled 5 off at 235p. Engineers closed with several noteworthy movements. Glynwed, a current favourite, with investment house Klein-

Glynwed, a current favourite, with investment house Kleinpence to 241p and magnet lailing 5 to 213p. Tarmac attracted
early demand and moved up to
242p, but subsequently drifted
off to close unchanged at 239p.
In the Construction sector, Coetain gained 11 to 272p on talk of
a broker's profits upgrading,
while George Wimpey, still

Int., PAPERS (1) Ferry Pickering, PROP-ERTY (1) New Cavendish, TRUSTS (1) Gertimore European, PLANTATIONS (1)

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987

around two acres of freehold land at Neasden for approxi-mately \$2.1m, advanced 10 to 110p. RHP encountered further speculative support and rose 10 to 209p, while buyers continued to show interest in ML Holdings which closed 7 to the good at

Foods remained selectively firm. Tate and Lyle were out-standing and rose 34 to 786p partly reflecting reports of a badly handled buying order. Late support boosted Ranks Hovis McDougall 7 to 323p and Rown-tree 10 to 457p. On the other hand, currency worries left Cad-hard Schwermen 5 off at 244p.

against the US dollar gave a modest boost to sentiment in international stocks. Gizzo partly reflecting the deal to market a version of its highly successfull Zantac anti-picer drug in the US via Sandoz, a leading Swiss pharmaceuticals company, advanced % to \$10%. BTE rallied 5 to 271p. News of the agreement to sell Thames Board to the Swedish group Iggesund for a consideration of approximately \$80m left Unilever 9 better at

508p.
Elsewhere in the miscellaneous industrial sector. Christies International advanced strongly in the wake of persistent bid speculation to close 34 higher at 428p, British Aero-space, helped by currency influ-ences, edged up 8 to 353p, while Amari improved 6 to 137p on news that Suter had increased its stake in the company to just over 22 per cent. Bewters B were supported at 488p, up 10, the contract to supply Pruden-tial-Bache Securities with 1,050 Reuter Equities 2000 terminals worldwide. The contract is worth \$27.8m over four years. A.J. Worthington, will reflecting the bumper preliminary figures, improved 3 more to 45p, but Platon reacted afresh to 74p, down 4, on the half-year less. Park-field featured a rise of 14 at 314p on the announcement of contracts worth some £10m for

the supply of cast iron segements

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

for lining the Channel Tunnel and the new London docklands railway. Acquisition news failed to benefit Expanet which closed 6 cheaper at 174p, but F.H. Tomkins hardened a few pence to 222p on news that the company had received clearance from the New Zealand authorities to sell its 50 per cent stake in Fluid Control. J. Michael were a weak feature at 26, down 10. on news that Hillsdown Investment Trust has rescinded the agree. ment under which it was proposed to underwrite a rights ssue on behalf of the company.

Associated Newspapers, scheduled to reveal preliminary figures shortly, met with further occasional demand and put on 6.

Leading Properties showed little alteration following a slow trade but Slough Estates revived with a gain of 10 at 263p. Elsewhere, Chesterfield rose 35 to 583p on news that the company had purchased 25,000 shares at 580p per share. Courtaulds remained a dull

market, falling 6 more to 342n for a two-day loss of 19, sentiment still being affected by a broker's downgraded profits forecast. Among the occasional movements elsewhere in the Textile sector, buyers continued to show interest in Gaskell Broadloom which advanced 10

further to 190p.
Fund management groups came to the fore, interest being enlivened further by Bond Corporation's near-7 per cent stake in M & G Group, which firmed 5 further to 296p for a two-day rise of 36. Persistent demand left Britannia Arrow 20 higher at 119p while Mercury Asset advanced 15 to 315p and GT Management 13 to 148p.

Traded option activity was relatively good despite seasonal influences. Total contracts of 25,524 were made up of 15,540 calls and 9.984 puts. BP contributed 1,322 calls and 877 puts, while Hanson registered 2,264 calls. GRC calls totalled 1,514 calls. GEC calls totalled 1,614 and Jaguar calls amounted to 1,009. Britoil were lively with 160 calls and 2,996 puts registered. The FTSE contract attracted 532 calls and 877 puts.

Traditional Options • First dealings Dec 14 • Last dealings Dec 31 • Last declarations Mar 17 • For Settlement Mar 28
For rate indications see end of

London Share Service Stocks to attract money for the call included Eagle Trust, Brewmaker, Magnet and Southerns, Associated Myttiak Engineering, Bryant Holdings, J. Crowther, Morgan Grenfell, Applied Hollographics, British Petroleum new. Smiths ish Petroleum new, Smiths Industries, Dares Estates, Ferranti, Britoil, Epicure and Bom Holdings. No put or dou-ble options were reported.

FT - ACTUARIES INDICES

	EQUITY GROUPS	w	ednes	izy Dec	ember	23 196	3 1987 Dec Dec D		Fri Dec 18	Dec ago	
F	& SUB-SECTIONS (gures in perentheses show number of stocks per section	Index No.	Day's Change	Est. Earnings Yield% (Bluc.)	Gross Div. Yleid% (Act al. (27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	nd adi. 1987 to date	Index No.	Index. No.	lodes. No.	Index.
1	CAPITAL GOODS (214)	727.77	+0.9	9.88	3.97	12.69	20.99	721.2		789.94	
2	Building Materials (30)	972.96	**********	10.14	3.87	12.26	27.46	971.6			
3 1	Contracting, Construction (33)	1361.81	+1.5	9.58	3.62	13.86	34,99				
3	Electricals (14)	2830.51 1531.15	+1.3	9.01 16.42	4.58 3.39	14.43 12.52	65,15 38,66		2036.55 1518.48		1744.52 1539.17
6	Mechanical Engineering (60)	368.75	+1.0	10.42	4.47	12.42	12.47	3651			
å	Metals and Metal Formino (7)	430.37	+0.5	9.82	3.98	12.29	12.77	428.47		433.17	30.4
ğ	Motors (14)	268.98	+13	11.18	4.32	18.41	7.46	265.6		260.48	
10	Other Industrial Materials (23)	1228.39	+1.2	8.62	4.23	13.80	39.00				
21	CONSUMER GROUP (182)	1039.81	+0.8	8.42	3.50	15.12	25.82	1031.3	1030.94	1815.80	944.78
22	Brewers and Distillers (21)	1000.14	+0.7	18.80	3.94	11.73	25.39	993.29	991.24	983.62	
25	Food Manufacturing (23)	846.04	+0.8	9.11	3.81	14.08	23.39	838.9		828.39	
26	Food Retailing (17)	2078.75	+0.6	7.71	2.93	17.22	47.36	2958.92		2673.01	
27	Health and Household Products (10)	1786.35	+2.3	6.57	2.51	18.15		1746.97			
29	Leisure (29)	1146.12	+1.1	7.59	4.07	16.46		1134.07			
31 32	Packaging & Paper (16)	505.89	+1.0	8.33	3.58	15.80	12.71	500.9		495.18	487.51
34	Publishing & Printing (15)	3347.18	+0.5	6.55	4,37 3,52	19.38 15.36	99.38 21.77	3329.3			2737.53
35		859.65 595.52	+0.4	8.73 11.04	3.95	10.43	17.67	855.56 689.62		822.91 596.53	\$29.79 558.36
40	Textiles (16)	375.32 857.46	+1.0	19.76	4.31	11.55	27.29	848.64		837.53	238.35
41	Agencies (17)	1856.77	+1.2	6.62	2.27	19.30	17.38				88
42	Chemicals (21)	1090.82	+2.0	9.39	4.29	13.07	33.69				
43	Conglomerates (13)	1139.91	+0.8	10.42	4.58	11.01	39.30	1131 A		111913	0.0
45	Shipping and Transport (11)	1732.33	-0.1	9.80	4.76	13.37	57.89	1734.16			
47	Telephone Networks (2)	897.62	+0.6	12.08	4.75	11.02	31.99	886.40	890.62	876.87	849.23
48	Miscellaneous (23)	1176.67	+1.4	13.06	4.05	9.11	35.16	1160.43	1165.88	1144.21	1112.18
49	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)	918.52	+0.9	9.43	3.84	13.35	25.45	910.32	913.19	896.94	854.90
51	Oil & Gas (17)	1715.06	+20	9.69	5.74	12.73	66.21	168) 71	1682.68	1613.89	1492.22
59	500 SHARE INDEX (500)	986.84	+1.1	9.47	4.12	13.26	28.96	975.70		957.68	908.86
61	FINANCIAL GROUP (121)	653.07	+2.2	7,77	4.81		22.43	639.23		622.25	
62	Banks (8)	660.24	+4.0	28.05	5.95	6.50	26.94	634.64			
65	from the (Life) (0)	963.11	+2.7	20.03	4.78	-	32.56	938L0		898.18	857.95
66	Insurance (Composite) (7)	518.99	+0.2	_	5.31	_	29.16	517.94		53A.12	454.98
67	insurance (Brokers) (8)	913.56	-0.3	1215	6.29	10.53	40.26	916.43		996.15	
68	Merchant Banks (11)	351.11	+3.2	-	4.06	-	10.69	340.17		332,71	350.61
69	Property (49)	999.56	+0.8	5.26	3.07	24.26	22.75	993_34		965.22	803.47
70	Other Financial (30)	387.75	+2.4	9.37	4.08	13.49	12.01	378.67		369.47	362.22
71	Investment Trusts (87)	799.10		-	3.17		18.67	799.33		785.41	868.45
81	Mining Firmoce (2)	451.32	+1.3	10.07	3.78	11.18	12.77	445.62		426.25	337.62
91	Diversess Traders (20)	967.25	+1.9	9.35	5.17	12.56	37.00	948.62	1 1 1 1 1	924.57	768.48
99	ALL-SHARE INDEX (720)	895.48	+1.2	-	4.20	-	26.87	884.84	884.50	867.07	829.11
		Index	Day's	Day's	Day's	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Year
		No,	Change	High	Low	22	21	18	17	16	a90
	FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX 4	1771.4	+24.0	1771.A	1750.1	1747.A	1750.2		1796.2		
	FIXED INTER	EST			AVER.	AGE GRO MPTION	SS YIELDS		Wed Dec	Title Dec 22	Year ago

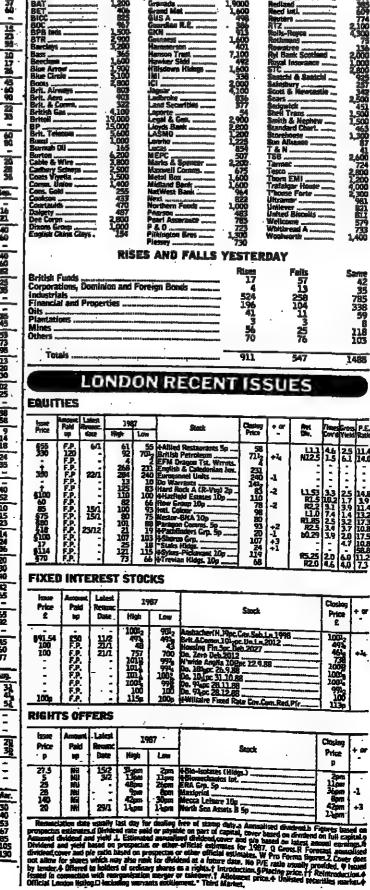
FIXED INTEREST							AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION Y	S ELDS	Wed Dec 23	Tipe Dec 22	Year ago (approx	
	PRICE INDICES	Wed Dec 23	Day's change %	Tue Dec 22	xd adj. today	xd adj. 1987 to date		British Government Low Coupons	5 years	8.83 9.53	8,85 9,52	9.83
	British Government						4 5	Medium	5 years	9.37 9.48	9.36 9.49	10.2 10.9
2	5 years 5-15 years	123.15 137.76	+0.03	123.18 137.71	-	11.06 14.40	1 2	' 2	5 years 5 years	9.71 9.63	9.71 9.61	10.5 10.2
	Over 15 years		10.04	145.48	•	14.19	ģ	Coupons 1	5 years 5 years	9.57 9.87	9.57 9.87	10.9 10.6
-	Irredeemables	159.97 135.17	+0.03	160.34 135.13		13.59 13.32	10	Irredeestables	5 years †	9.64 9.29	9.63 9.28	10.5 10.0
6	Jades-Linked 5 years@	123.23	+0.18	123.00	_	2.92	112	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Inflation rate 5%	5yrse	3.81	3.97	3.9
7	Over 5 yearse	115.65	+8.17	115.45		3.43	13	Inflation rate 10%	Over 5 yrs., o 5 yrs., o Over 5 yrs., o	3.95 3.41 4.03	3.96 3.47	3.8 2.3 3.6
8	All stocks	116.11	+0.37	115.91		3.37	<u> </u>	Debs &	5 years.	10.96	10.96	· 11.63
	Debentores & Laura	116.06		116.07	-	10.69	t 17'	Loads .	15 years 25 years	11.05	11.84 11.10	11.3
10	Preference	85.18	+0.21	85.81	_	6.24	18	Preference		18.64	10.67	

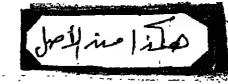
The following is based on tracing volume for Alpha securities dealt through the SEAQ system vesterday until 5 cm. **LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** 24 17 31 44 33 24 ජූ 93 125 27 45 70 45 25 28 42 32 52 50 24 18 13 21 15 10 62 47 37 98 100 102 310 267 225 188 153 125 100 \$22 280 243 215 180 150 125 1500 1550 1600 1650 1700 1750 1800 20 25 55 57 48 108

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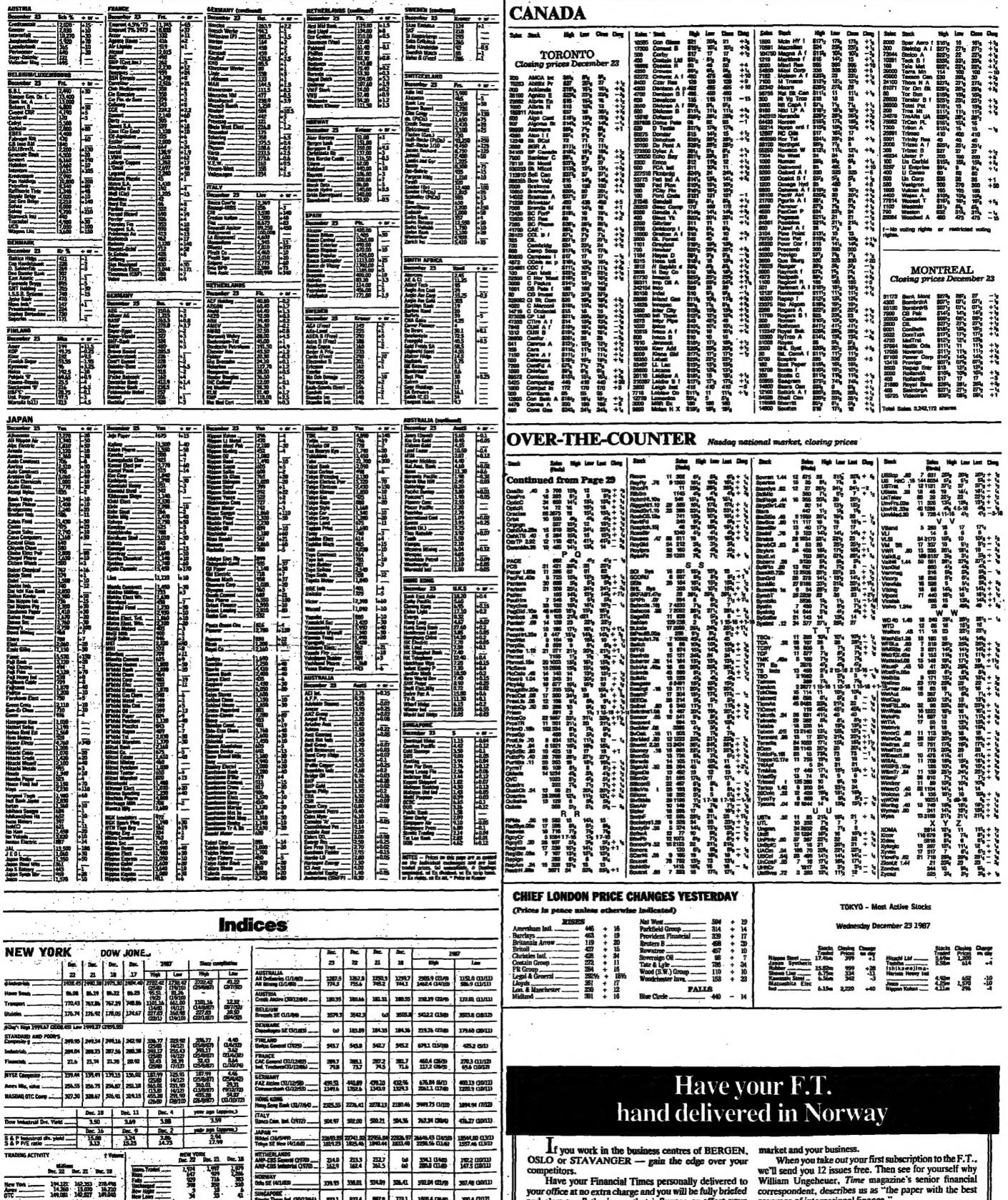




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3 STOCKS

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•	20.8	aterday (CONTRACT	سود. 12:	Nikhtel (d) . TSE fc),	
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Continued on Page 27

G7 statement prompts rise in bonds, stocks

Wall Street

US BONDS and equities moved higher yesterday, apparently partly in response to the widely anticipated statement by the Group of Seven leading indus-trial nations reconfirming their February Louvre accord, writes Janet Bush in New York.

The statement offered no new policy measures and only a restatement of the G7 position towards stabilising exchange rates, often repeated this year and just as often undermined by actual events on currency mar-

The dollar predictably bounced after the statement was pub-lished, reaching a high in early London trading of Y127.15 and DMI.6450. However, by the New York opening the US currency was drifting lower once again in very dull pre-Christmas business. In late trading it was quoted at Y126.75 and DM1.6365.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average closed 27.18 points higher at 2,005.64, the first time nigner at 2,005.04, the first time the index has closed above the 2,000 level since November 2 which will be regarded as a posi-tive sign for the long-term health

Dealers said stock index futures activity was one factor helping the cash market as the futures were trading yesterday morning at a sharp premium to cash indices. There was also some buying interest in anticipathe traditional market

rally in January. However, it is dangerous to try to discern any longer-run trend in a pre-holiday market. The Dow index has been bouncing around with little direction for weeks now, a typical pattern when the market is in a consoli-

dation phase.
The US Treasury bond market shrugged off sharply higher crude oil futures prices yesterday and rose strongly in thin pre-Christmas activity. On the New York Mercantile Exchange, the February crude oil futures con-tract was quoted at \$16.99 a barrel, up 38 cents from Tuesday's settlement. Some bond traders appear to see the current recovery in oil prices as a technical correction after very sharp falls since the meeting of the Organi-sation of Petroleum Exporting

FT~A World Index (In \$ terms)

110 ESSECTED AND STREET

ergavases

show number of stocks per grouping

Belgium (48) .. Canada (127)..

France (121)

Italy (94). Japan (457).

Netherland (37)

Singapore (26) ... South Africa (61) Spain (43)

Europe (947)..... Pacific Basin (673)... Euro—Pacific (1620)

World Ex. US (1822)

The World Index (2402)

Horway (24).

Sweden (34)

USA (580).

1987

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in conjunction with the institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries.

US Dollar Index

100.76 95.84 97.54 111.34

112.55

86.79 77.13 89.85 104.73

78.55 142.78 109.69 103.00

98.92 74.14 100.77

98.45 133.44

133.10

98.97 82.91 132.61 102.93

104.40

139.08 125.25 103.38

86.89 94.42 124.85

114.76

Base values: Dec 31, 1986 = 100
Copyright, The Financial Times, Goldman, Sacis & Co., Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd.1987
Latest prices were unavailable for this edition. Amendment to year-end changes published ancidable to investors. The company will be reconcidered for inclusion at a later date.

Day's Change %

+1.7 -0.7 +0.7

+1.3

+11 -0.6 +1.9 -0.6 +0.7 -0.8 -0.2 +1.5 -0.6 +1.0 +2.0 +0.0 +0.0 +0.0 +0.9 +0.9 +0.9

+0.6 -0.4 -0.1 +1.3 +0.3

+1.6 +0.0 +0.4 +0.4

Italy

STEADINESS in the builion Anglo American losing 50 cents price helped Johannesburg gold to R55.25 rand after having ear-

quoted nearly 1½ points higher at mid-session and its yield dropped back below 9 per cent again. The closing yield was 8.9 per cent. The long-end of the market far outperformed shorter

maturities which were only about a 4 point higher. It appeared that the very sharp price movements in longer matution to the G7 statement, were exaggerated by the thinness of

on the equity market, blue chips performed well. International Business Machines closed up \$1% at \$119%, Eastman Kodak, which on Tuesday announced a joint venture with Matsushita of Japan to produce batteries, was \$% higher at \$50% and Proctor and Gamble gained \$1% to \$87%.
Oil stocks were generally

higher but did not appear to have outperformed the rest of have outperformed the rest of the market despite firmer crude oil prices. Exxon was \$\% higher at \$40\%, Amoco put on \$1\% to \$68\% and Chevron was \$1\% higher at \$39\%, Merrill Lynch and Prudential Bache yesterday said they had settled a suit in connection with

the Hunt Brothers' silver case. Merrill, whose share price rose \$1/4 to \$22, said it had decided to settle to avoid the expense involved in an extended legal

Industrial stocks, which had stood to gain in competitiveness terms from a lower dollar, underperformed the broader market yesterday. Merck, which has been a weak performer recently, put on \$4 to \$161 while Caterpil-lar managed a \$% gain to \$62%.

Canada

TORONTO STOCKS, led by blue chip, energy and metals, rose strongly because of higher oil and base metal prices, analysts

The composite index, which fell 13.50 on Tuesday, closed 43.50 higher at 3200.20 on vol-ume of 24.6m shares. Advances led declines 596 to 222 Among base metal miners, Noranda gained C\$\% at C\$26\%, Inco was up C\$1 at C\$29. Falcon-

relatively firm on boying by an investment trust and other institutional investors, while some equipment investment-linked issues were favoured.

Investors showed a cooler response than expected to the signing of a package designed to trim the US Federal budget deficit and a statement issued by the finance ministers and central bankers of the Group of Seven

Rumours that the company has developed an Aids diagnostic drug also helped the stock.

Paper-pulps drew speculative buying on expectations of the Japanese currency, with Oji Paper strengthening Y30 to Y1,140 and Jujo Paper Y15 to Y675.

Large-capitalisation stocks remained out of favour. Nippon bridge, which began discussions with the Dominican Republic Countries.

The Treasury's benchmark
8.875 per cent 30-year issue was

Over a duty that has halted ferro-nickel shipments, closed at
C\$244, up C\$½. SOUTHAFRICA

trim the US Federal budget defi-cit and a statement issued by the finance ministers and central bankers of the Group of Seven aimed at currency stabilisation. The view among big securities companies was that these factors were not enough to bolster buy-ing interest.

The continued sale of stocks by pension funds via trust banks helped pull down the market.

The sales are aimed primarily at writing off losses on foreign ment 740 to Y1.610. price helped Johannesburg gold to R55.25 rand after naving enterprices to end firmer in sub-lier touched R55.

Platinums and diamonds mirtrading.

Heavyweight gold issue Vaal
Reefs ended R10 higher at R345
and Elsburg 25 cents up at R11.

Libanon edged 10 cents higher to
R12.90.

Printings and diamonds mitrored golds but closed off their
rored golds but closed off their writing off losses on foreign ment Y40 to Y1,610.
bond investments due to the Ohbayashi, a major contractor, yen's end-of-month strength. fell Y37 to Y935, on news that yen's end-of-month strength.

Among the best performers the US Congress had approved were high-priced high-technol- an amendment calling for shut-

Netherlands

FT~A World Index (In \$ terms)

THE YEAR IN FOCUS

1987

FT - ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

81.65 82.62 105.34 96.59 75.32 65.60

89.54 91.03 70.40 114.39

90.80 90.46 112.07

87.18 68.37

107.79 102.93

87.36 112.53 102.46 103.09 74.50 89.04 102.56 102.17 102.76 97.00

99.03

113.45 85.88 77.63

88.16 105.36 78.02 143.51

108.80 103.21

97.45 74.59 99.80 96.49 132.07 133.14 99.35 82.45

131.45 101.65

103.77

139.64

102.08 86.61 92.89

124.86 114.35 115.76

4.39 2.58 5.75 2.96 3.08 3.55 2.91 5.52 5.00 2.72 0.61

3.42 1.18 5.44 5.56 3.13 2.67 4.69 3.75

0.82 1.85 3.56 3.44 4.72 1.91 2.27 2.47 3.73

80.21

78.17 78.41 89.01 91.88 69.56 62.88 71.41 85.33 63.19 116.23

88.12 83.59

78.93 50.42 80.83 78.15 106.97 107.84 80.47 66.78

102.53

82.68 70.15 75.24 101.13

92.61

R12.90. highs.
Mining financials, however, Other minings and industrials showed some softness with were mostly unchanged.

100

WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 23 1987

85.13 63.85 116.05

89.16 83.72

81.91 80.02

108.46 108.18

80.45 67.39

84.85 113.05 101.80

84.03 70.63

76.75 101.48 93.28 94.48 64.29

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman Sachs & Co. and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd.

This Christmas will be leaner than last for City of London professionals, writes Terry Byland

With the bull gone, it's cold turkey

THE CITY of London's long-es-tablished reputation for smiling, albeit grimly, in the face of adversity, has been fully tested this Christmas. After nine fat months, during which the new-style all-singing all-dancing Big Bang electronic market had delivered the

market had delivered the greatest bull market of recent times, the lights were suddenly extinguished on Black Monday, October 19.

With their traditional resilience, the traders, who have already forgotten the Stock Exchange trading floor, which in former days provided the setting for many a Christmas jape, have begun to smile again this week, following seven days of upwardly mobile equity prices. But the amiles do not hide the awareness that the New Year could bring more bad news for City workers.

bad news for City workers.

Some of the pain has already been inflicted, in the form of drastic straff cutbacks. Many of the big names, which expanded their trading operations dramatically in Autumn 1986, as Big Bang hove in sight, have drawn in their horns in the face of the

Tokyo

CONTINUED pension fund sell-ing disheartened investors in Tokyo yesterday leaving the equity market weak throughout the session, writes Shigeo Nishi-wakt of Jiji Press.

The Nikkel average finished 47.17 down at 22,693.85 after tumbling about 116 at the morn-

ing close, on tiny volume of 372.62m shares, down from the previous day's 403.98m shares. Declines outnumbered advances

unchanged.

Matsushita Electric Industrial
and other high-tech stocks were

Declines outnumbered advances sought individually: Japan Synby 548 to 327, with 152 issues thetic Rubber, second busiest

issues. Their strength was ting Japanese contractors out of

FT~A World Index (in \$ terms)

DOLLAR INDEX

180.81

102.87 134.89 141.78 124.83

121.82 104.93 158.68 160.22

193.64

138.99 185.01 174.28 198.09 168.81 136.64 111.11 162.87

130.02

158.77 143.65

137.55 111.97 164.03 143.38

138.82 139.47 134.22

92.46

104.68 253.34 81.53

90.23

86.51 112.87

102.33

102.38 101.70 102.20

85.36 85.53 98.15 98.15 98.18 77.39 68.72 93.50 72.04 300.00 93.72 97.73 97.73 97.73 97.73 97.73 97.73 97.73

93.51 81.21 100.00 100.00 88.50 73.65 99.65 99.65

9225

100.00

100.00 91.68 78.89

82.92 100.00

100.00

100.00

139.73 100.00

101.51 97.60

97.98 98.47 100.50 100.03

99.05 98.39 98.16 101.11

100.42

98.50

98.41 102.05 98.39 98.90 98.51 100.10

Belgium

110



Barclays de Zoete Wedd dealer: less than festive

final quarter of this year. One major US securities house is still living down its crassness in summoning by name over the office public address sys-tem those employees chosen for the chop.

The swiftness of the cut-backs was an indication of the sea change which has come over the London market since over the London market since Big Bang turned up the switch marked "competition". With eight, 10 or a dozen market-makers struggling to make a living out of one blue chip

owed largely to buy orders in lots of 500,000 shares issued by

institutions in afternoon trading
Matsushita Electric Industrial
surged Y40 to Y2,220 on the fifth
biggest volume of 6.15m shares
and NEC Y30 to Y1,980.

Of the gainers in the equipment investment sector, Fanuc climbed Y150 to Y5,570 on small-lot buying, TDK Y140 to Y4,890, Pioneer Electronic Y120

to Y2,780 and Yaskawa Electric

Smaller-capital stocks were

with 15.82m shares, rose Y28 to Y969 on continued interest in its

development of a paper-thin cell. Rumours that the company has

ketmakers in UK-Government bonds upped from three to 20-odd, it was clear that there must be casualties once trad-ing volumes turned decidely

Christmas bonuses have begun to look like relics from the Dickensian past. Most trading firms will pay a small bonus for the final quarter of the year, but there is no doubt that the 100 per cent bonuses associated with Yuppiedom have vanished into the mist of memory.

memory.

The impact on average earnings can only be visualised in terms of the "remuneration"

the American market for public works projects.

Jusco, a main gainer the previous day, turned down Y10 to Y1,570 and Showa line Y11 to

Despite the absence of fresh

market-moving incentives, bonds sprinted ahead in speculative dealings.

Australia

and selected industrial issues forged a further advance in Sydney share prices as foreign buyers returned to the market. The All Ordinaries index ended 20.4 higher at 1,288.2.

Base metal mining stocks

made best headway on strong commodity price gains. CRA ended on the day's high of A\$6.52, up 32 cents, while Bougainville was 25 cents higher at A\$4.10. MIM climbed 12 cents to A\$2.07 and habton leapt 22 cents

BHP rose 28 cents to A\$6.92 in tandem with an advance

crude oil prices, while WMC added 12 cents to A\$6.04.

packages" scattered about so freely a year ago. The head man on an equity trading deak could expect a salary of \$100,000 - plus a 100 per cent bonus. His second in command would expect at least \$50,000 -plus a 100 per cent bonus. It was the bonuses on these

if was the bonuses on these kinds of salary levels which helped propel houses prices in London and south east England into the stratosphere. The damage is not, however, quite as bad as it appears. Bonuses are often paid half world negative and with model property. Bonuses are often paid half yearly, and, with world securities markets still riding high until September, interim bonuses from London-based firms have been generous.

However, bonuses are not the chief cause of worry in the City of London this Christmas.

The UK securities traders are acutely aware of the cold wind blowing from New York.

blowing from New York, where Manufacturers Hanover has already led the way in what appears to be a fresh shakeout among the financial institutions. With turnover in the Lordon water still union the London market still unim-pressive, the local traders will chew their Christmas dinners in pensive mood this year.

EURORE

Slight advances continue as trade peters out

EUROPEAN bourses ended the year with a whimper, rising slightly in meagre trade. The G? statement on economic policy co-operation left most markets

ZURICH made a slight gain on the steadier dollar in moderate trade.

Most blue chips followed the stronger trend Insurers Swiss Re and Zurich were SFr50 and SFr35 higher, repectively, at SFr12,550 and SFr5,410. In banks Union Bank and Credit Stronger areas and SFr50 stronger Suisse were each SFr20 stronger at SFr3 100 and SFr2 470 in turn, while Swiss Bank added just SFr4 to SFr357.

Industrials were patchy. San-doz lost SFR100 to SFr12,400 and Oerlikon-Buehrie shed SFr15 to SFr035, Brown Boveri held at SFr1,720, while Ciba-Geigy man-aged a SFr130 advance to SFr2,750.

PRANEFURT took no lead from the G7 statement on economic co-operation and closed mixed in very thin trade. The Commerzbank Index, measured midsession, fell 3 to 1,349.6.

There were few corporate signals to help the market and BASF edged only 80 plg higher to DM263.30 after announcing its C\$500m purchase of Polysar's latex division assets. Elsewhere in chemicals Bayer rose DM3.70 to DM2.75.80 and Hoechst DM2.20

to DM263.90.

Banks generally firmed, Deutsche by DM1.40 to DM412.90 and Dresdner by DM1 to DM238.50.

Commerzbank was also DM1 higher at DM226.

Cars, though, missed a gear as Daimler fell DM8.50 to DM609 and VW fell DM1.50 to DM234 as investing array massay over the

investors grew uneasy over the outlook for the dollar. BMW was the exception with a DMS rise to

Avionics group Fokker edged 30 cents lower to FT 20.30. Share-holders approved on Tuesday the

purchase of a 49 per cent stake in the group by the Netherlands Government.

Elsewhere, Siemens edged a minuscule 40 pfg higher to DM375.50 and Kaufhof rose DM3.50 to DM433.50. AMSTERDAM rose early with the stronger dollar and closed around the day's highs though in thin trade. The all-share trend index added 1.2 to 67.3. International blue chips made

International blue chips made ground, notably Royal Dutch which added FI 5.30 to FI 204. Unilever was FI 1.90 higher at FI 107.60 in line with the market and news of its planned sale of Thames Board to Sweden's Iggs-sund was largely ignored. Philips was steady at FI 27.40 and Akao 30 cents cheaper at FI 92.50. HK\$8.90 and Hongkong Land 10

Singapore

index was 9.66 up at 838.15.
Retailers sparkled, with Isetan
28 cents to the good at \$\$4.62
and Metro 20 cents higher at S\$5.30. Robinson made up 15 cents to S\$2.18.

issue, rising 4 cenus to \$\$1.29 in trade of 2.5m shares. Overall vol-ume was 32.8m shares against 32.1 the previous session.

Hong Kong

A RESURGENCE in overseas buying lifted Hong Kong share prices modestly higher in quiet trade. The Hang Seng index ended 49.14 up at 2,325.55.

Properties starred among good performances, by all blue chips. Sun Hung Kai added 25 cents to

Fund selling spreads weakness

to support Singapore share prices as bargain hunting pushed the market to an eighth successive rise. The Straits Times industrial

Malayan Credit was the b

was up 10 cents at HK\$6.90. Swire Group also drew particular attention, with its "A" stock

SMALL local investors continued

Industrials saw News Corp complete a gain over the week of A\$1.50 with a 60 cent rise to A\$11.30.

rion and index ended the day 24 higher at 1,771.4. Gilts held firm despite dis-appointment over the trade figures. PARIS moved generally higher on the first day of the accounting month. The 50-share bourse indicator advanced 1.8 per cent in moderate trade.

London

TAKING a lead from early strength on Wall Street rather than the higher-than-expected November UK trade figures, London equities posted their eighth gain in nine sessions. The FT-SE 100 index ended the day 24 higher at 1.771.4.

Most blue chips were ahead, Peugeot by FFre2 at FFre70 and Lafarge Coppee FFr17 at FFr1.262 Cie du Midi, though, faltered with a FFr15 dip to FF71,205.
BRUSSELS firmed in thin trade dominated by small inves-tors. The cash market index was

37 up at 3,579.37.
Holdings led the way, Reserve rising BFr140 to BFr2,210 and Groupe Bruxelles Lambert BFr130 to BFr2,200. In chemicals, Petrofina chimbed BFr80 to BFr2,200 and BFr80 to BFR80 BFr8,340 and Solvay was BFr220

up at BFr9,700. Utilities were generally firmer, with Unerg rising BFr85 to BFr2,700 and Electrafina BFr200 to BF15,100.

in service industries, tourist issue Wagons Lits was un BFr150 at BFr3,600 and Delhaize added BFr80 to close at BFr2,800. There were some setbacks, though, among industrial issues, with armsmaker FN losing BFr60 to BFr470 and ACEC down by BFr23 at BFr421.

Compagnie Maritime Belge was iso weak, ending the day down BFr400 at BFr8,300
MHLAN ended mildly firmer across the board in light trade.
The MIB index added 4 to 701.
Most blue chips climbed slightly, though Montedison resumed its decline with a L3 dip

MADRID closed mixed after the tonic of lower interest rates pulled prices back from a spate of profit-taking. The general index closed just 0.48 up at 234.20 to register a 3 per cent gain on the week.

STOCKHOLM took a step in the profit of the step in the second ste

higher, aided by a rise in Lon don. The Affaersvaerieden gen eral index rose 1.2 to 681.6. OSLO rose solidly as North Sea oil prices rebounded to leave the all-share index 2.37 higher a 252.66.

Saga Petroleum added NKr6 to NKr84.5 and Norsk Hydro NKr2.50 to NKr139.

FT CHRISTMAS CROSSWORD

A seasonal greeting (1,5,8,2,3,3,7) passes through the squares numbered 22, 35, 40 and 41. The answers to 5, 10, 18, 28, 29 and 51 across and 1, 15, 50, 53 and (together or separately) 52 and 56 down are of a kind; they may be singular or planal, and one or two.

incomplete.

Prizes of \$25 will be awarded for the first ten correct solutions opened. Solutions, marked Christmas Crossword on the envelope, to be received by Wednesday January 6, to the Financial Thoses, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Solution and winners will be published on Saturday January 8.

Address

to A\$1.52.

ACROSS

1 A can, oily for a change, in Asia Minor (8) 5 Royal dominion, 0 minus O (6)
9 Gau has bits missing, not

being in hive (4,4)

10 Plate for one's hand (6)

12 Pupil with drawer gets upset

broadcasting (9)

13 A green means stop (5)
14 A wager gives help (4)
16 The City - this could be put nicer - is sweating (7)
19 Indefinite article, possibly?

(8)
40 First part of row repeatedly left in Western Scotland (6) 42 Tents on a river built for

Solution to Pazzle No.6,515

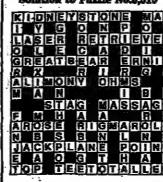
(3,4) 21 Look obliquely at shelter on

24 Incomplete article — take to the best (5)
25 Taken less trouble? Don't be daft! (4,5)
27 Greeting that returns as musical instrument (5)
28 Finish in a lot of clothes (8)
29 Can (plural); 'e's gone for the plough (5)
38 More likely to flaunt incomplete covering for the bosom (5)
37 Settee or single chair, not

bildni? (3-5)

88 Opposite of Ursa Minor? Cast
on, knit? (6)

89 Unarched apartment measure



river (4) incomplete article - take to

stee or single chair, not

KI-DNEYSTONE MAN
I V G O N P O U
LASER RETRIEVER
O L E C A D I S
GREATBEAR ERNIE
R X R I R G S
ALIMONV OHMS
M A N I B S
STAG MASSAGE
F M H A A R M MULTURY OFFISH STAGE MASSAGE FOR HAAA RAMAROLE RUGMAROLE N B B N L N S

48 Issue including Channel Islands issue (5)

listands issue (b)

44 I press for repayment from the goddess of spring (4)

46 He manages to cook with all 'is might (7)

49 Contract for people sitting at a table, not the Owenives? (2-5)

Charge cutter (4)
Laments heard from Cambria (5)
55 Cupid is a sort of puppet eating bad food (3.2.4)
67 Knock-out drink sent back for African antelope (6)
58 Toy girl alternatively is back inside the threshold (8)
59 Jerries set hot drink against cold (6)

cold (6) Labyrinth discloses pub with English back (5,3)

DOWN

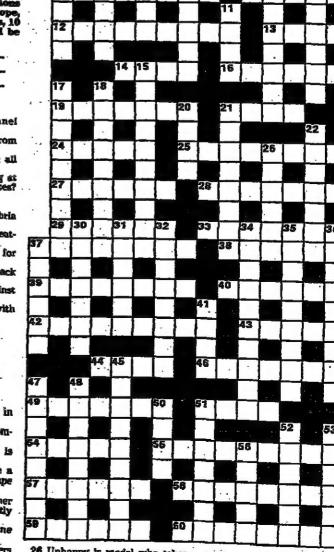
Grass about mum (6)
 Religious leader, a speaker in church (6)
 Game called after man in som-

brero (5) -

4 In one canvas a painter is repetitive (7)
6 A lot of orchestras outside a ottish port use broomrape

(8)
Some tarries, possibly: one doesn't see them often (8)
Trouble on a lid gets solvers 11 Trouble on a lid gets solvers under way (4).
15 Fly from indecent drink (10).
17 American fellow may be respected as politician (9).
18 Propel cat roughly – it may be locked in a car (6,3).
20 Not the last Greek letter used by nuclear physicists (4).
21 50 each for leaderless black in Milton's poem (8).
22 Proceeding to travel by rail? (2,5).

Body of weathermen? (6)



26 Unhappy is model who takes

pleasure in cruelty (6)
30 Mr Ready goes for Soviet troops (3,4)
31 Rebellious state of Zambia, France, etc (8) 32 Hatching of pupe once soil's disturbed (8)

disturbed (8)

4 A sore toe's a beastly thing:
this is a barnacle (5-5)

5 Lecherous like Rabelais, say,
as clarity required (9)

5 Some of the natives plan a descent to the sea-front (9)

37 Not skating post? (6) 41 Murray's glass? (4)
45 Blanket statute briefly comes in two notes from US shop (9)
47 A blooming avalanche? (8)

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Pas tourist

48 I leave Israelite wandering to workshops (8)

50 Are they greedy for iron? (4)

51 Go to sleep in a place of flowers and feathers (3,4)

52 River vermin (6)